The Bee.

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Van Houten's Cocoa, per ½ lb can	45
Bensdorp's Cocoa, per ½ lb can	35
Baker's Premium Chocolate, per lb	40
25 lbs Extra C Sugar for	1 00
Highland Evaporated Cream, per can	18
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Dunbar's Shrimps, per can	2
" " per doz cans	2 60
Salmon Steak, per can	30
" " per doz cans	2 25
Alaska Salmon, per can	14
" " per doz cans	1 50
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" " per doz	1 00
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We Retail Cigars at Wholesale Prices.

Dobbin's Electric Soap, per box	4 80
Scourene, 6 cakes for	25
Zomonia, per box 1 lb pkgs	4 00
Murray & Lanman's Florida Water, per bot	50
Oakley's Florida Water, per bot	35
Kirk's Shandon Bells Soap, per doz	2 50
" " " per cake	25
Colgate's Cashmere Bouquet Soap, per doz	2 50
" " " per cke	21
Smith's India Pale Ale, per doz	1 40
Bass Ale, Dog Head, per doz	2 20
" " White Label, per doz	2 20

SILVER SOAP

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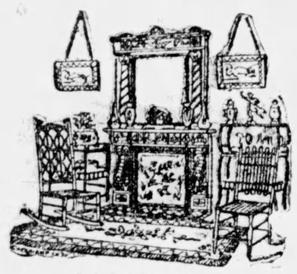

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Which combine all the good qualities and all of the lesser ones are what we endeavor at all times to have. The designs are pretty, the material good, the finish most perfect, or less perfect, as the buyer may desire. By less perfect we mean less expensive. Some people do not want to pay as much as others. It's not every one who would buy a Mantel for $25, yet many would expect to pay more. You can choose which.

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CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES o our own manufacture, at low est prices; Wooden and Willow ware, Hammocks and Croquet Sets, Baskets of every variety, Rattan and Reed Rocking Chairs, Boys' Express Wagons, Velocipedes, etc., etc.

ELASCOMB & CO., 510 & 512 SUMMIT

Is There a Crack in Your Wall?

Have your rooms papered while we are selling goods below cost.

IN THE BEE TO-DAY.

WEATHER.

Ohio forecast — Fair weather and warmer; variable winds.

Lower Michigan—Slightly warmer; fair weather. Southeasterly winds.

Local indications for the next 24 hours from 3 p. m. — Slightly warmer; fair weather; southeasterly winds.

LOCAL.

Marine intelligence.
Railroad topics of interest.
Toledo has another murder.
Youthful till tapper caught.
Oil refinery for East Toledo.
Change at the customs office.
Col. Reynold's steamship line.
Labor happenings and comment.
Good Templars continue in session.
The gas trustees have a lively time.
Ann Arbor arbitrators still at work.
Council committee doings last night.
An Indianian on Cleveland and Gray.
People's party elect delegates to Springfield.
Chairman Barnes talks on people's party prospects.

UNITED STATES.

News from Bryan.
Murder in Defiance.
Gossip from Sandusky.
A romance with whiskers.
Nina Van Zandt's troubles.
McKinley day at Lakeside.
The new treaty with San Domingo.
Corporal Tanner heard from again.
A North Baltimore man goes wrong.
Dowling, O., man killed by lightning.
Gov. Campbell before the Erie county farmers.
Combination of wrecks on the Cincinnati Southern.
Joshua Crawford opposed to the McKinley idea.
Figures on the southern coal industry treasury surplus.

FOREIGN.

King Otto's condition.
France and Russia form a commercial alliance.
Three hundred people drowned in China by a collision of two boats.

DETAINED AN ENGLISHMAN.

Chilian Insurgents Have Got Into Trouble.

Latest News from the Warring Faction in the South American Country.

New York, July 31.—A dispatch to the Herald from Coquimbo, Chili, says the government forces stationed there have been increased by the recent arrival of a reinforcement of 2,000 men from Valparaiso. The insurgents will have to fight hard to take the town.

The Esmeralda and Aconcagua, of the insurgent fleet, have got their party into serious complications by detaining on the high sea the British bark Pedro Peral. The Peral was bound for Coquimbo with a cargo of flour when the two insurgent war ships came up with and boarded her. They towed her for some distance north when they released her. In the meantime news of the action of the insurgent vessels reached Coquimbo. The British corvette Garnet was sent in pursuit. The Peral, however, arrived before the Garnet had a chance to come up with the insurgent vessels.

The German squadron, which has been in Coquimbo for a few days past has gone to Iqueque.

The Juntas outpost is now at Vallenar.

The British warship Melpomene left Valparaiso for Coquimbo on Wednesday. The Daphne is still at Valparaiso.

May Result Fatally.

New York, July 31.—A family quarrel took place in the saloon of James Liddy, the well known lightweight pugilist, at Elizabeth, N. J., last night, which is feared, will result in the death of Wm. McAdams, Liddy's brother-in-law.

McAdams remonstrated with Liddy for ill-treating his (Liddy's) wife. A terrific fight followed between McAdams, Jimmy Liddy, John Liddy and James Finlan. All were armed with clubs and bottles and fought like fiends. McAdams was pounced upon by his three antagonists and clubbed into insensibility. Physicians say he is suffering with concussion of the brain. Jimmy Liddy and Finlan surrendered to the police.

To Go on Parade.

Newburg, N. Y., July 31.—Orders from Washington are expected to reach West Point in a few days for the corps of cadets at the United States military academy to participate in the ceremonies attending the approaching dedication of the new battle monument at Bennington, Vt. The cadets are to act as an escort for the president.

Financial Waves.

London, July 31.—Rumors continue to be circulated affecting a large banking house which has had extensive dealings in Portuguese securities. It is stated, however, that the house has satisfied the Bank of England of its solvency.

In Financial Trouble.

New York, July 31.—Dispatches received here state that the Suffolk Manufacturing company, suspenders, of Boston and New York, has been attached in Boston for $252,000.

Treasury Surplus.

Washington, July 31.—The treasury surplus to-day amounts to $55,815,159, and of this sum $25,184,068 is in depository banks and $19,330,434 is subsidiary coin.

DOES IT PROTECT?

A Question for McKinley to Answer.

Joshua Crawford Speaks for the Farmer.

The Plowman to no Longer be Fooled.

Seventy Thousand Voters in Ohio Have Rebelled.

They Cannot See Where the McKinley Tariff Benefits the Farmer and Laborer and Propose to Vote Accordingly.

Sandusky, July 31.—(Special)—Joshua Crawford, secretary of the Ohio Farmers' alliance, is one of the most enthusiastic men to be found in the ranks of that organization.

He lives at Galion and up to within a year or two ago was a minister in the North Ohio M. E. conference.

Since he has associated himself with the alliance he has performed good work and is one of its leaders in the state. He is a fluent speaker and is remarkably well informed on all economic questions. A Bee asked him last night what the aggregated strength of the farmers' organizations in Ohio would amount to this fall.

"The farmers of Ohio," replied he, "are in better shape for shaping things beneficially for themselves than they have been for years, and for that matter, in the history of the state.

"A great many people do not understand that there are two distinct Farmers' alliance organizations in Ohio. One is known as the Ohio Farmers' alliance, and the other as the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union.

The latter is really the southern branch of the original alliance, and held its last national convention at Ocala, Fla. We held our national convention at Omaha. The two bodies are distinctly separate, in that our constitution forbids any political movement, while theirs does not.

The Ohio Farmers' alliance will for the reason just stated not enter the field of politics, but will vote for any man and any party whose principles are nearest their own."

"How many farmers in this state belong to the various organizations?"

"Our alliance has 935 lodges with a total of 42,000 members. The southern alliance claims 6,000 members, the Grange 10,000, and the F. M. B. A., 6,000. Thus you see that nearly 70,000 Buckeye farmers will act much more independently politically this year than ever before."

"What are the direct aims and purposes of the Ohio farmers' alliance?"

"Primarily, the education of our people, and enlightenment not only on subjects of economy, but on all topics pertaining to the farm. We intend to establish libraries and other accessories necessary in every township and are contemplating a state assembly on the Chautauqua plan."

"We may build an assembly hall at Lakeside, although as yet the topic is in an embryo form."

"Why are the farmers complaining of existing conditions?"

"They have good and sufficient reasons for any complaints they may make. The manner in which the government has been administered during the past few years, the contraction of the currency, and the rapid encroachments of wealth upon the rights of the people, has created a spirit of mistrust which has led to an uprising.

"I do not know if the new people's party is the thing or not, but if it is not, another will be brought into existence which will have for its aim the righting of all these wrongs to which the farmer and laboring man is now subjected.

"A political revolution will soon, in my opinion, sweep like a hurricane over this country, and when it does the aristocracy of wealth will be swept from its pedestal of power."

"What are your views on the tariff, Mr. Crawford?"

"I have always been a protectionist, and a republican. Of late, however, I have had my doubts about protection and am investigating the question pretty thoroughly.

"If the protection we have now does not protect the farmer and laboring man, but only the manufacturer, I will have none of it.

"Major McKinley has much depending on him this year. He will be asked to prove that protection protects all classes, and if he cannot and does not do this, the people of Ohio will, in my opinion, drop his theory of protection like a hot cake."

Theodore Harris Dying.

Louisville, July 31.—Theodore Harris, president of the Louisville Banking company, possibly the richest man is Louisville, is almost at the point of death. He has been sick for a long time, and the doctors have abandoned hope. Up to a year ago Mr. Harris was active in business matters and is still president of the Louisville Southern railroad and at the head of other important enterprises.

Special Sale of Straw Hats!

SATURDAY

All $1.00 and $1.50 Straw Hats at 59c.

Also Special Clearing Sale of Palmer's Patent Hammocks!

BEST MADE.

C. A. HARLEY & CO.

FINE SWISS AND AMERICAN WATCHES

High Grades--Finely Cased

If you are contemplating the purchase of a Watch of any description, it will pay you to consult us.

J. J. FREEMAN, 313 SUMMIT ST.

ORANGEMEN.

They Will Ask for a Change in the Definition of Their Name.

Kingston, Ont., July 31.—The grand Orange lodge of British America closed its session yesterday. N. Clark Wallace, M. P., was re-elected grand master. The order has jurisdiction over 1,260 lodges. A new provincial lodge will be established in British Columbia and northwest territory. Montreal will be the next meeting place.

It was decided to ask the publishers of Chambers and Appleton's encyclopedias to change their definition of Orangemen and Orangeism and publish the general declaration set forth in the constitution. The earl of Erne will make this request on the ground that the present definition is unjust.

Storm at Coney Island.

New York, July 31.—A thunder storm prevailed at Coney Island yesterday, creating considerable consternation among the guests at the Manhattan Beach hotel. A ball of fire followed by heavy thunder fell within a foot of the railroad station at Sheepshead Bay just as a passenger train was coming in. The engine and three cars were thrown off the track. Intense excitement prevailed. Women screamed and men lost their presence of mind. The trainmen restored order, however, and the passengers proceeded on their journey in safety.

SENATOR PEFFER IN OHIO.

The Kansas Statesman at Fremont.

His Views on the Issues of the Hour.

A Peculiarly Built Man, With Long, Waving Whiskers, He is at the Same Time an Aggressive Fighter.

Fremont, July 31.—(Special)—The Farmers' alliance of Sandusky county are having a grand picnic to-day at the fair grounds. Senator Peffer, of Kansas, the man who beat Ingalls, was invited to be present and make an address.

The gentleman from Kansas, who is now making a tour throughout the state, came down from Cleveland this morning at 9 o'clock. He went to the Ball house and securing a room, retired, leaving orders that no one should arouse him until noon.

It was nearly 1 o'clock when a BEE rapped at his door for admittance.

The new Kansas senator is a most peculiar appearing personage, over 6 feet tall with a beard reaching below the middle of his waist. He is very slender, but judging from his make-up has much decision of character and is a man of more than the ordinary amount of nerve.

He greeted the BEE pleasantly, and responded to the request for an interview in a ready manner.

"I am in Ohio," said the senator, "for the purpose of enlightening the people, if possible, on the great economic question which confronts them.

"They, not only in Ohio but in nearly all the states in the union, have for years been groaning under grievous burdens which they have in vain been endeavoring to throw aside.

"I came to Fremont upon the invitation of Mr. Barnes, the state chairman of the people's party, but my trip through Ohio is of my own accord. I have always been ready when called upon to go forth in the interest of the farmer."

"Senator, what were the causes which led directly to the defeat of Senator Ingalls?"

"They were many. To begin with we had nothing against John James Ingalls as a man. We wanted relief and we applied to him for it. He treated our demands in a light-hearted manner and the people were in no mood for that kind of business.

"Months before the election I addressed to Senator Ingalls, through my paper, the Kansas Farmer, the following questions: First, what legislation, if any, do you propose by way of relief for the people? Secondly, are you in favor of an increase in the volume of currency, if so, to what extent? Thirdly, are you in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver? Fourthly, are you opposed to the national banking system?

"These questions appeared in the Kansas Farmer months before the election. Senator Ingalls replied and said that he proposed to answer them in a speech. This he failed to do, and when we could get no answer from him on these questions we concluded that he was not the man to re-elect to the United States senate.

Senator Peffer is an interesting conversationalist and is evidently in deep earnest in what he says.

He has been in the newspaper business all his life, having removed from Pennsylvania to Kansas when a boy.

He was driven to the fair ground after dinner where he was introduced to the Sandusky county alliance by its president, Nelson R. Tucker.

He spoke two hours and made many telling points against the way the government has been administered in this country during the past quarter of a century.

NAPOLEON WATER WORKS.

The "Fors" Get a Majority at the Polls,

But the Antis Claim They Can't Issue Bonds Without a Two-Thirds Vote.

Napoleon, O., July 31.—(Special)—The waterworks election was held yesterday and ended in a general Kilkenny fight. No fists were unsheathed, no heads were broken, but groups of excited men stood on every corner cordially damning those who voted against their ideas, whether pro or con.

The feeling that ran rife culminated about 8 o'clock, when two of our leading citizens ran against each other on D. J. Humphrey's corner, a place that has long since been recognized as the greatest forum in Henry county.

For fully a half hour these two political kings vigorously fired epithets in each armor until a monstrous crowd had assembled. The remainder of Napoleon easily heard every word of the heated controversy, so great was the combatants' passion.

No one thought but that the question would carry in the affirmative up to yesterday morning. But the opponents were not idle.

When the votes were canvassed the result stood: 432 votes polled, 267 votes for and 162 against the issue of bonds, while the remaining three were effaced and could not be counted.

Notwithstanding the advocates had 105 majority, it is claimed by the other side that on a question of issuing bonds it requires two-thirds of the votes polled to do so.

The opposition claims that this law applies only to general election, and that as this was a special election a majority is all that is mandatory for the furtherance of the project. The question has agitated Napoleon for weeks, and it looks as if it has not yet been brought to a finish.

The 267 who voted for waterworks swear that they will have the improvement, while the others swear that the first movement made in that direction will be enjoined.

Within the next few

A MURDER AT DEFIANCE.

Harry Willey Shoots George Krotz Dead.

They Quarreled Over a Horse With Fatal Results.

Full Particulars of an Affair that Has Thrown Our Neighboring City Into Great Excitement.

Defiance, O., July 31.—(Special)—Another murder in cold blood was enacted here shortly before 7 o'clock last evening.

George Krotz was shot down by Harry Willey, a neighbor, in the latter's barn.

News of the tragedy spread with lightning-like rapidity, and when the Bee correspondent arrived on the scene the crowd in and around the Krotz residence was very large.

The shooting occurred in a barn in the rear of a residence on the west end of Holgate avenue, occupied by Harry Willey and Rev. Jordan.

At first the news of the terrible affair was not given credit, inasmuch as Willey and Krotz had always been regarded as warm friends. Willey, too, has always born an excellent reputation, and for this, together with the former, the statements of tragedy were regarded as a hoax.

Later, however, the residents became aware of the true state of affairs and then the excitement and rumors flew in all directions.

The facts as gleaned from the Willey side of the case are to the effect that the two men have quarreled for some time past.

Krotz is Willey's next-door neighbor and used the latter's barn to keep his horses in. Some time ago Willey complained to Krotz that his (Krotz's) horse had kicked his horse, but the matter never went any further, it being adjusted by changing the horses' stalls.

Shortly after Willey borrowed one of Krotz's horses and drove in the country, returning in the evening with the Krotz horse slightly injured.

Hot words followed and this was settled by Willey loaning his horse to Krotz.

One day Krotz returned from the country and the horse was somewhat the worse for wear.

Nothing was said until Krotz appeared for another horse and then Wlley replied that they were even on breaking up each other's horses.

This enraged Krotz and a tussle followed in which neither of the men received injury.

Krotz left the premises in a high state of anger, came down town and brought suit against Willey, who in return served notice on Krotz to vacate the barn.

This was probably the cause of the awful murder and which has caused unlimited excitement and untold sorrow.

Rev. Jordan's Story.

Rev. Jordan, one of the first on the scene, was visited at his home by the Bee correspondent, and in reply to a question said:

"I was in the front part of the house preparing to attend prayer meeting, when I heard the report of a pistol. I ran to the rear of my residence and looking out I saw a man's arm hanging out of the door.

"Rushing out I met Harry, who said he had just shot George Krotz. Upon arriving at the barn I found Krotz lying in a crouched position, with his head

In a Pool of Blood.

"At first I thought he was dead, but after waiting a moment his pulse returned and he commenced to breathe. By this time several neighbors put in an appearance and we removed him to his home.

"Did you notice anything peculiar about Willey to-day?" was asked.

"Yes, he acted very strangely. He ate very little dinner and no supper. He did not do much talking."

Entered His Brain.

When Krotz was removed to his home physicians were summoned and upon investigation it was found that the ball had entered the head just above the eyebrow and in all probability passed directly through the entire brain.

Drs. Stewart, Stevens and Finch did all in their power to relieve the sufferer, but to no avail.

Krotz died a little over an hour after he was shot, never regaining consciousness. He leaves a wife and family and several brothers and sisters to mourn his loss.

With a Revolver.

Mrs. Krotz, wife of the murdered man, has just recovered from a sick-bed and is in a precarious condition. To a friend she made the statement that Willey came over to their house Wednesday evening and asked for her husband. She replied that he was not at home, and Willey left. Mrs. Krotz says that Willey had his coat off and she saw a revolver in his hip pocket.

Waiting for His Victim.

It was learned from a member of the Krotz family that the murdered man had just entered the barn when he was shot by Willey.

He had just finished eating his supper and was about to care for his horses.

The fact that no noise whatever was heard save the report of the revolver leads some to believe this statement.

Thre were no eye witnesses to the murder and the story of Willey will have to be credited until otherwise proven false.

Gave Himself up.

After finishing his bloody work Willey went into the house, donned his coat and hat, walked down to the jail and gave himself up.

Later Particulars.

Further particulars in the Krotz murder case are of a most damaging nature to Willey, and the sympathy that was with him last evening is fast changing.

It appears that he has during the past few days made threats that he would kill Krotz if they ever met under unfavorable circumstances. This is reported by friends of Willey who told the Bee correspondent.

The revolver which did the fiendish work was owned by Prosecuting Attorney Woods, and is a 32-calibre, Smith & Wesson make. Willey took the revolver from Woods a few days since and the fact was not discovered by the latter until the tragedy was made known.

The place where the deed was committed is in a barn in the rear of the residence occupied by Rev. Jordan and Willey. The barn is situated about two hundred feet from the house, and Krotz was in the habit of passing through a gate until lately, when it was nailed up by Willey.

Last night after kissing his youngest child a playful farewell Krotz started for the barn to care for his horses. Mrs. Krotz was sitting in the dining-room reading an evening paper, and states that her husband had only been out of the house a few moments when the report of the revolver rang out in the still evening air.

Hardly realizing what had occurred, Mrs. Krotz went to the door and saw bending over the lifeless form of her husband Rev. Jordon.

Then Rev. Jordon beckoned to her and she immediately started, little dreaming of the fatal condition of her husband.

Mrs. Willey, too, had been notified of the deed and rushed frantically to the scene.

The two women met, and their acts which followed will long be remembered by all who were present.

They did not seem to realize the situation and in a hysterical way rushed to and fro throwing up their arms in wild gesticulations and screaming in a terrible manner.

This morning the coroner probed for the ball and will probably hold an inquest this afternoon. Willey is locked up at the jail awaiting an investigation.

Some days since he was thrown from a buggy and was brought home unconscious. He has complained about a severe pain in the head ever since, and it is claimed that he showed signs of insanity when the deed was committed.

NEW MOVE AMONG MASONS.

A Rival Grand Lodge of Ohio Incorporated.

No Person Higher Than a Master Mason Can Be Admitted to Membership.

Columbus, July 31.—Articles of incorporation have been filed in the office of the secretary of state for the grand lodge of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons.

This new departure is the culmination of the controversy which has so long agitated the Masonic order in Ohio. The incorporators of the new grand lodge are Messrs. Dan W. Wright, J. F. Pinney, L. W. Drake, S. J. High, George W. Didio and D. H. Welling, nearly all of whom are residents of Worthington, a suburb of Columbus.

A convention was held at Worthington last Monday consisting of a large number of Masons representing different lodges in Ohio opposed to the present course of the grand lodge, as dominated by the so-called northern jurisdiction Scottish Rite Masons.

The convention proceeded to organize a new grand lodge, elect officers and hold its first annual communication.

The utmost harmony and enthusiasm prevailed, and the new organization begins life with a firm determination to work unceasingly for the promotion of ancient craft Masonry, and, if possible, to divorce Free and Accepted Masonry, in which is recognized but three degrees, from the so-called higher degrees, by whatever name known, be the same Northern Jurisdiction, Cerneau, Royal Masonic Rite, or any other name.

The objects of the new movement, as stated in the articles of incorporation, are "To practice and preserve ancient craft Masonry in Ohio according to the ancient charges, constitutions and landmarks of Free Masonry; to create, organize, and supervise subordinate lodges of Masons in Ohio, granting to them dispensations and charters, empowering them to confer the three degrees of Masonry known as Entered Apprentice, Fellow Craft, and Master Mason; to do all things necessary to carry into effect the objects and properties of this incorporation."

The new grand lodge adopted and made part of its constitution a clause which that instrument provides shall be irrevocable, reading as follows:

"It shall be a fundamental and unchangeable law and landmark of this grand lodge of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons that it shall recognize as Masonic no degrees of Masonry except those of Entered Apprentice, Fellowcraft and Master Mason, nor shall it recognize any body as Masonic which confers other than the three degrees."

The other grand lodge of Ohio is organized and incorporated under the name and title of "Free and Accepted Masons." It is claimed that the word "ancient" preceding the words "Free and Accepted Mason" has for time immemorial been adopted and used by Ancient Craft Masons and that the grand lodge of Ohio in dropping the word ancient adopted a name which does not represent the craft as known and designated the world over.

The purposes for which the corporation was formed as provided in the articles of incorporation are: "To practice and preserve ancient craft Masonry in Ohio according to the ancient charges, constitutions and landmarks of Free Masonry."

SIX MILLION FEET.

A Big Gas Well in Wyandot County.

It Was Started for an Oiler But Developed Into a Gasser—Great Excitement.

Upper Sandusky, July 31.—(Special)—Wyandot is again to the front. Well No. 1, of the Upper Sandusky Oil and Gas company on the city's lease, on the Kinley farm, has developed into a roaring gas well instead of an oil producer, as was expected.

The well is four miles north of town and surrounded by oil wells. But a few feet in the sand have been drilled, and the flow of gas now is estimated at 6,000,000.

The fact that this field has been discovered as gas producing is what makes the strike so surprising, and the well is being discussed on every hand.

Further drilling, it is believed, will bring forth a wonder in gasology.

WAITED FOR A LULL

In the Storm of Charges of Crookedness

To Get Out of the Republican Machine—Quay Talks on His Resignation.

Philadelphia, July 31.—Senator Quay has arrived in this city from Washington. In an interview he spoke freely of his resignation from the Republican National Committe. He said: "I was mainly desirous of relinquishing the chairmanship, and in order to do that it was necessary that I should withdraw from the committee I had previously made several attempts to resign. I first made up my mind to withdraw on the Saturday night following the presidential election in 1888. I was persuaded not to carry out my purpose at that time. In March, 1890, while in Florida I wrote Mr. Clarkson asking him to call the committee together to consider my resignation. Shortly after the attacks began on me, and of course I could not resign under fire. Recently I concluded

TALKING TO THE FARMERS.

Governor Campbell in Erie County.

He Gives the People Something to Think About.

They are Beginning to Learn that the Tariff is a Tax and as Such is Iniquitous.

Sandusky, July 31.—(Special)—One of the most pleasant features of Gov. Campbell's northern trip was his meeting with the farmers of Erie county yesterday, at Sandusky's beautiful summer resort, Cedar Point.

The governor came over from Lakeside early in the morning, and after breakfasting was driven over the city for an hour.

A visit had been planned to the Soldiers home, but as the time was limited, that part of the plan was abandoned.

At 10:30 o'clock the governor, escorted by the Sandusky Tariff Reform club, went over to Cedar Point, where the Erie County Agricultural society and nearly all the democrats in the vicinity of Sandusky were waiting to receive him.

As he landed from the steamer cheers from four or five thousand throats greeted him, and then the handshaking began. From the dock to the pavilion, a distance of fully a quarter of a mile, the governor shook hands with everybody, men women and children.

When the pavilion was reached a sort of informal levee was held and it was after noon before the handshaking was over.

Gov. Campbell can shake hands with as many people in the same length of time as any man in the state of Ohio, and he does it scientifically. When he lets go your hand you imagine that you are leaving a friend, such is the impression he creates. Call it magnetism or what you will, it makes friends, and in this respect as well as in every other the governor's present trip has been eminently successful.

After a sumptuous luncheon had been partaken of in the pavilion the vast audience was called to order and Gov. Campbell introduced. He had not more time at his disposal, but improved what he had to the fullest extent.

His address, although thoroughly nonpartisan, fairly bristled with good points, and was one of the most telling speeches the governor ever made in his life.

He was compelled to cut it very short, speaking a little less than half an hour. He then left for the city, and left for Columbus at 2 p. m.

After the governor had left the ground, Hon. L. C. Cole, of Bowling Green, was introduced and made a brief but interesting talk.

After he had concluded Joshua Crawford, secretary of the Ohio Farmers' alliance, was introduced and gave the audience a brief insight into the the aims and purposes of the alliance. He urged all farmers to join it, not so much for political purposes as for the benefits which would accrue of an educational nature. He said that the alliance was not only in favor of a 2 cent per mile passenger rate on Ohio railroads, but that it was likewise in favor of radical reduction in freight rates. He thought this would compel buyers to pay the farmers more for their produce.

Crawford's address closed the speaking part of the program and the rest of the afternoon was spent in various ways.

Lieut. Gov. Marquis was on the ground and made plenty of friends by his modest methods.

Sandusky and Erie county will undoubtedly do something for democracy this year that will count. Democrats are more thoroughly awake than they have ever been, and are informing themselves on the great questions which will come up for discussion later on.

Judge George C. Bois, one of the best informed democrats in Sandusky, said to the BEE:

"Erie county will largely increase its democratic vote this year. Farmers and mechanics are becoming awakened to the iniquities which have been thrust upon them by the McKinley bill, and will make greater efforts than ever before in the interests of the party. In Erie county the party will be well organized and the campaign will be exceedingly warm."

"Is the alliance organized in Erie county?"

"Fairly well. Several lodges are already in existence and others are being organized. They will not have a separate ticket in the field but will vote for whom they please."

"How about the senatorial fight, Mr. Bois?"

"It is not so complicated as it was a few weeks ago, the withdrawal of Senator Brady having materially simplified matters. It looks to me as if Senator Sherman would be renominated without doubt. Mr. Stewart is a good democrat, but Sherman has the benefit of a larger acquaintance than he, and besides the people are fairly well satisfied with his work in the senate."

Senator Sherman was also certain that the democrats of Erie county would be heard from this fall.

"The alliance will not in my opinion have a senatorial ticket in the field in the 30th district, although the farmers belonging to that body will probably vote independently."

The senator very modestly refused to say anything in regard to his own chances for the senatorial nomination.

COMBINATION OF WRECKS.

Series of Accidents on the Cincinnati Southern.

A Number of Persons Crushed to Death and Much Property Destroyed.

Lexington, Ky., July 31.—Two of the worst and most destructive wrecks that have occurred in a long time took place on the Cincinnati Southern railroad yesterday, in which several people were injured and one or two crushed to death.

The first wreck occurred one mile south of High Bridge, when No. 22 freight, coming north to this city, was thrown from the track by a broken axle and five heavily loaded cars went tumbling down the embankment. Two freight brakemen are beneath the wreck.

The chief train dispatcher at Somerset ordered the construction train at Ladieville to go to High Bridge and render all possible assistance. Conductor Thomas Quinlin started to this city where he expected further orders. When his train arrived at a deep cut near Donerail it collided with freight No. 18, which left this city at 3:30.

The engines and a large number of cars were badly demolished; the engineer and fireman of the construction train jumped from their engine and were uninjured. Ben Carroll, engineer of the freight, and his fireman, Wm. McKinley, were both caught in their engine. Carroll received slight cuts and bruises and McKinley was buried beneath the engine. About 9 o'clock he was extricated from the wreck. He was mashed into a pulp. The dead fireman was 25 years of age and unmarried.

The wreck is on fire and rapidly burning. The loss to the railroad will aggregate many thousand dollars.

All trains are blockaded and a big ex-

TWO CENTS.

EET CAR TROUBLES.

ng of the Men Called for To-Night,

h Will Decide Upon Some Action.

Be Another Strike or it May But a Volcano is Smoldering Just the Same.

Electric Wage Workers' union ncludes the conductors and motor both street car companies, and the ar Men's union will hold a special eeting at Carpenter's hall this to discuss several grievances that en hanging fro since the strike. ien claim that they have not been right, and there is a strong feeling them for another strike. It is for son that the meeting is called for t, and so me immediate and decisive will be taken. Many of the men ver of a strike at once, while the leads among the leaders are not ous, but would rather bring the ies in by other means if possible. s been previously mentioned in the men are dissatisfied because the ies are only paying 15 cents per tead of $1.80 per day, as they un- the agreement under which they to work. The men say they are ng to work the full 12 hours per want pay for the same, and claim companies should keep them at r the full time. e companies are now working a rtion of the men only from 9 to per day, and consequently at 15 r hour they are unable to get full me of them have only been re- $1.35. is is this the companies have been a number of spotters on the and through the work le many men have been dis- on the most trivial excuses. There considerable dissatisfaction with tendent Denman, of the Consoli- lthough this is not put forth as eir grievances. ni of the men prominent in the ar trouble stated to a BEE that if been working under a different strike would ever have been about. last regular meeting of the street 's union, Messrs. Booth, Fellows, Otto were appointed a committ- wait on Mr. Lang in regard to the of the men and find out from him intended to do. committee has seen Mr. Lang and rt to the union to-night. The re- the conference with Mr. Lang is wn, but the impression is that it tisfactory. committee did not wait on Mr. Dason for the reason that he sent ough one of his officials that he ing to pay $1.80 per day, but now to come to time, and his men are satisfied than ever. er cause of the dissatisfaction is ner in which both companies have lacing old men with new ones r position. npossible to predict what the re- the meeting to-night will be. The holding together, and are unanim- eir opinion that something should The only differences are regard- neans to the end, but they are de- l to stand together on whatever is

ARE DESERTING BEN.

of Harrison's Cabinet to Resign.

ar, Interior and Attorney eral Portfolios May Soon be Vacant.

gton, Aug. 1.—It is understood when the senate meets next De- President Harrison will send to y nominations of three cabinet o fill vacancies caused by the resig- of the secretary of war, the secre- the interior, and the attorney

entlemen now holding these ports- ill have retired from their respec- es before the first Monday in De- Each officer will leave the cabi- the kindest feelings for the presi- will hold the esteem of the chief te. tirement will be voluntary in each due solely to the desire of the re- ficer to place himself in a position himself of other honors. cretary of war will resign to take the senate made vacant by the on of Senator Edmunds, of Ver- cretary of the interior will resign t a judgeship in the new circuit appeals. torney-general will resign for the rpose. The tenure of the office es 4 for life, at a salary of $6,000 . The successors of the retiring re problematical. ought, however, that Land Com- Carter will be secretary of the ex-Governor Cheney, of New e, will be secretary of war, and General Taft, of the department , from Ohio, will be attorney- orted that Hon. Robert P. Porter n the position of Superintendent sus this fall. The heavy work of is is completed, and Mr. Porter isfactory position awaiting him e government.

HUNDRED THOUSAND

r Barons to Open Their Cash Boxes.

of Money to be Turned nto Ohio to Elect the Tin Soldier.

gton, Aug. 1.—The agents of er Barons, composed of such n characters as Quay, Dud- Clarkson, met here to devise a still continue their robbery of t thing they did was to levy st the manufacturers, who are beneficiaries of the McKinley lent to pay off an indebtedness 0, incurred at the wind-up of campaign, and to raise about o aid McKinley in his Ohio and to use against Boies in e sum of $100,000 is to be the first call, and the second $100,000 more will be made middle of September. ssett, of New York, and Mr. f Ohio, members of the com- ive no doubt that this amount can easily be obtained from the irers. er have got to come down with ars, or else the committee will reason why. Boss Quay offered ation, with a string attachment, ley will work the string with kill; Quay resigned the chairs of the executive committee only Clarkson to do the dirty work

ROMANCE WITH WHISKERS

A Pretty Young Girl Who Wanted a Moustache

So that She Could Follow Her Lover Across the Seas.

Skin from Her Armpit Grafted Onto Her Upper Lip With Most Wonderful Success.

Philadelphia, July 31.—A marvelous operation in skin grafting has just been successfully performed by Dr. J. Ege, of Reading. In three weeks time the doctor has succeeded in grafting a healthy, luxurious mustache upon the downy upper lip of Miss L. D. Sinclair, of New York, a young lady, handsome of feature and figure.

The girl, who is about 22 years old, is stopping at a well-known boarding-house in Reading, located at No. 203 Spruce street, and the inmates of the house, as well as the neighbors, are watching the progress of the wonderful experiment with as much interest as could possibly be displayed by the most profound scientist.

Dr. Ege has been making different experiments in skin grafting for some months past. He has succeeded in transplanting the skin of a negro to the arm of a white person, and at the same time covering the skinless flesh on the negro's person with a piece of chicken skin. While the chicken skin did not grow feathers, it blended with the human flesh, and thereby demonstrated a new scientific fact.

The doctor longed for new fields, and to his delight Miss Sinclair came to Reading about three weeks ago and declared her willingness, as she stated to the doctor, to pay well for a genuine pair of whiskers. After a consultation the pretty girl decided upon the next day for the beginning of the operation. She was anxious to have the grafting process finished in one day, but the doctor decided that it was best to have but one side of the upper lip treated at a time.

When the time for the operation arrived next day Miss Sinclair positively refused to take chloroform. She said she had the nerve to stand it, and stand it she did.

The entire surface was shaved from the pit of the girl's right arm, and a strip of skin about two and a half inches long and three-fourths of an inch wide was peeled off.

Then the strip was placed in a salt water bath, and one side of the upper lip was peeled in a similar manner. The edges of the skin surrounding the lip wound were loosened, and the piece of cuticle from the arm-pit was placed on the edge of it lapped under. It was then tightly bound, and in three days had begun to adhere.

But, to the great delight of the doctor and his fair patient, the hair also began to grow, and now it is over half an inch long, and has a healthy appearance. The other side of the lip was treated yesterday, but Miss Sinclair decided that it would be better to take chloroform during the operation.

It took a great deal less time to do the latter half of the grafting, because the chloroformed subject kept entirely still, and did not rush about the room, as on the former occasion.

Regarding the motive of Miss Sinclair for assuming the outward marks of masculinity there are many rumors floating about. One person surrounds the affair with a dense unrequited love and a desire on the part of Miss Sinclair to follow her lover to the wars or across the seas in the guise of a man.

Another person declared yesterday that Miss Sinclair was acquiring a mustache simply because she could make plenty of money posing in museums. Whether it is a bewhiskered romance or a love for gain, the fact remains that Miss Sinclair has the basis for a genuine mustache of a very wealthy calibre.

Dr. Ege is highly elated over the success of his operation. He now declares that it is entirely impossible to engraft catskin upon the human body and if Miss Sinclair is willing he will make a freak of her that people will go miles to see.

A BAD FAMILY.

A Mania for Murder That is Unprecedented.

Edwardsville, Ala., July 31.—Josiah Patty, a young farmer of this neighborhood, committed suicide with a Winchester rifle. The cause is supposed to be hereditary insanity.

Some three years ago his father, Terry Patty, shot and killed himself with the same rifle used by his son.

The grandfather is now in the insane asylum at Tuscaloosa.

An uncle, Joe Patty, died a few years ago in the state prison, where he had been confined for the murder of his own family. It was always believed he was insane.

A REPUBLICAN HOT BOX.

Foster Pulls in the Owens Opinion.

McKinley Claimed that it was not Consistent With Protection to American Labor.

Washington, July 31.—The administration has backed down from the position taken by Commissioner of Immigration Owens, permitting Mr. Neidringhaus of St. Louis to import tin plate workers from Wales to take the place of his striking American workingmen.

It was Secretary Foster who knocked the decision galley west. The decision had placed the administration and also Major McKinley in a ludicrous plight in view of the fact that the duty on tin plate was inserted in the McKinley bill as "protection to American workmen."

Even the poor old hidebound party organs had a hard time trying to justify it and reconcile it with the theory of protection.

The decision was especially calculated to handicap McKinley in Ohio and the major was not slow to discover that fact.

Secretary Foster was appealed to to correct the blunder. This he did by writing a letter to Mr. Neidringhaus utterly ignoring Owens' "decision" and telling him that the department could not undertake to decide hypothetical cases in advance of their presentation.

Secretary Foster was also exasperated by another feature of the decision, which was forcibly called to his attention by a prominent Italian merchant of Chicago.

It will be remembered that in his decision allowing the importation of Welsh tin workers Mr. Owens contemptuously referred to the Italian residents of this country as "dagoes."

The Chicago merchant, who is a personal friend of Foster's, said in his communication that he had always been a republican and there were 4,000 other Italian republicans in Chicago, but that neither he nor they would vote the ticket after a republican high in official station had in an official document branded men of their nationality as "dagoes."

He said that the term was very offensive to the Italians in this country and that they would resent it at the ballot box. Foster is very much incensed at Owens and to-day he gave him a severe hauling over the coals. Another blunder will cost the indiscreet Hoosier his place.

Made an Assignment.

Newburyport, Mass., July 31.—The Continental Loan and Security company has assigned for the benefit of its creditors. The capital stock of the company is given at $1,000,000. Offices were located at Boston, New York and Denver.

The company was organized about three years ago as the Denver Land and Security company, but the name was changed to Continental Loan and Security company about eighteen months ago. Its officers are: John C. Avery, president; B. B. Carter, vice president; J. A. Valentine, vice president and treasurer, and C. B. Kipp, secretary.

The cause of the assignment is said to be due to the stringency in the money market. It is said, however, that the value of the concern's property is largely in excess of its liabilities in an ordinary market.

SOUTHERN COAL.

Capital Invested and Other Important Statistics.

Washington, July 31.—In West Virginia the total capital invested in coal production during the census year, according to a bulletin just issued, was $10,508,050; the total number of employes was 9,052, and the total wage payments, $3,885,712, and the total expenditures of all kinds, $4,841,796. The coal produced in West Virginia embraces the highest grades of bituminous steam, coking and gas coal.

In Kentucky the total capital invested was $6,581,380; the total number of employes, 5,260; the total wage payments, $1,756,363, and the total expenditures, $2,156,548. The coal produced in this state is semi-bituminous, free burning and non-coking.

The state produces some of the finest cannel coal in the United States, which is widely distributed for domestic grate fuel in the eastern cities, competing successfully with the cannel coal imported from Great Britain. A large percentage of this coal is exported to ports heretofore supplied with English and Australian coal.

In Tennessee the total capital invested was $4,436,721; the total number of employes, 4,108; the total wage payments, $1,600,310, and the total expenditures, $2,113,292. The general character of the coal in Tennesse is bituminous, though high grades of gas and cannel coals are abundant.

No less than 18 distinct seams of coal have been identified in this state in the Cumberland mountains, but many of them are not of a character to be worked.

In Virginia the total capital invested was $1,055 516; the total number of employes, 1,555; the total wage payments, $621,266, and the total expenditures, $682,408. The coal from this state is bituminous, and some of the finest grades of steam, coking and gas coals are found.

In that part of the state and north of the James river in the Richmond coal field, there exists an unusual formation of natural coke, which is found to be a very domestic fuel and strongly resembles artificial coke.

In Georgia and North Carolina (the statistics of which are combined in the bulletin) the total capital invested was $724,500; the total number of employes 704; the total wage payments, $265,464, and the total expenditures of all kinds $426,065.

NINA WAS UNFORTUNATE.

The Anarchist's Widow Unhappy as a Wife.

Her New Italian Husband Said to be a Despot—She Says Nothing But Sheds Tears.

New York, July 31.—Nina Van Zandt Spies-Malato, the young woman who achieved fame through her marriage by proxy to the condemned anarchist, Spies, in Chicago, and who abandoned her maidwidowhood two weeks ago to become the bride of Raphael Malato, has sailed for Europe.

Nina and Johann Most are probably the most prominent anarchists in America today. Most is in prison, and Nina has forfeited her freedom, it is said, in a way that is fully as unpleasant as the fate of Johann.

It is said that the admirers of the men hanged for the Haymarket affair disapproved of Miss Van Zandt-Spies' marriage. To those people the stories current of her unhappiness with her live husband will seem like retribution.

The Malatos, Nina and Raphael, were for several days guests at the hotel of Nimotto Roversi, on East Fourteenth street. They stopped at the Astor house when they first came to New York, but only for a few days.

At Roversi's it is said that Nina was very cruelly treated by her youthful spouse. He is 22 and she is—so says unkind rumor—on the shady side of 30. She is reputed to be very much in love with him, but his actions indicate no absorbing passion in his heart for her.

A reporter was told by the proprietor of the hotel that Malato persistently abuses and scolds his bride in tones that rouse the tempers of all within earshot; that this number includes nearly everybody in the house, guests and servants; that instead of endearments he addresses her in the vilest Italian epithets; that he lectures her in their room, in the dining room, in the parlors, without any regard for her feelings and careless of being overheard.

To the surprise of all who know or have known the vivacious Nina, she submits to the bridegroom's abuse without protest or remonstrance other than tears. The conduct of the man who has sworn to cherish and protect her has made his presence very obnoxious in the hotel.

GOSSIP FROM SANDUSKY.

Railroad Building—A New Mill—General Mention.

Sandusky, July 31.—(Special)—A game of base ball will be played Saturday at the Erie County fair grounds, between the Sunyendeands and the Dukes for the benefit of the Good Samaritan hospital.

Mr. Frederick Beckwith, of Elyria, has been chosen for umpire, and the positions of Sunyendeand club will be as follows: Pitcher, O. S. Knight; catcher, F. G. Schofield; shortstop, C. L. Hubbard; first base, J. L. Moore; second base, C. L. Sadler; third base, E. H. Marsh; left field, W. H. Stone; center field, A. L. Moss; right field, G. R. Butler.

The Dudes are Messrs. Chas. Mack, Frank Zallinger, Geo. R. Prout, Pierre Van Alstyne, J. E. Melville, H. E. Nason, A. J. Peters, R. Kunz and Lee Duelle.

Mr. A. F. Neuman has succeeded in establishing a new paper mill in this city, and the Albert F. Neuman Manufacturing company will make water proof and air tight paper, and paper sacks. The help of capitalists to the amount of $8,000 or $10,000 for a start has been given.

The floating saloon of Reinheimer's has been towed from Cedar Point to the Columbus avenue dock, for non-payment of taxes. Friday, August 7, the county treasurer will sell same at public auction.

At last the court house is to have a new tower, and the work of rebuilding commenced Monday.

The American Wheel company resumed work Tuesday morning with a reduced force of men.

Company B of the Sixteenth regiment is making extensive preparations for camp life. A detail has gone to Sage's grove to make all arrangements for the encampment which will begin there August 6.

Work on the new short line railroad is progressing and ties have been distributed along the route about two miles from the city, and track laying will commence next month. The Short Line saves 67 miles to Columbus, as compared with the Big Four and 41 miles as compared with the Baltimore & Ohio.

We are to have a new brewery, the company to be known as the Stang Brewing company, and the stock amounting to $150,000 is all taken.

SEC. NOBLE HAS RESIGNED.

Ill Health Given as the Reason for it.

Raum Will Continue to Run the Administration and His Refrigerator Company.

New York, July 31.—The Sun's Washington correspondent telegraphs that information was conveyed to the members of the executive committee of the republican national committee yesterday that Secretary Noble, of the interior department, has resigned, and the president has accepted his resignation with regret. It is stated that the secretary placed his resignation in the president's hands before the latter left for Cape May. The step is taken on account of poor health.

What Gen. Noble's future will be cannot be stated positively. He may go abroad to fill a mission, or he may be appointed to fill the new judgship in the Eighth circuit.

Short breath, palpitation, pain in chest weak or faint spells, smothering, cured by Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure. Sold at druggists. Free treatise by mail. Miles Med. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

TRADE WITH SAN DOMINGO

Official Proclamation Soon to be Made.

What the Interesting Document Will Contain.

The Dominicans Will Admit Free of Duty Many of Our Products in Return for Similar Concessions.

Washington, July 31.—The new treaty with San Domingo is creating much attention, and although the proclamation declaring it in force will not be issued for some time the Bee to-day places it before its readers.

The treaty, an abstract of which has been secured, was negotiated by Manuel de J. Galvan, minister plenipotentiary and envoy extraordinary, on the part of San Domingo, and John W. Foster, special commissioner, on the part of the United States, and was signed in Washington June 4.

Under the terms of the McKinley bill the treasury does not require ratification by the senate. As Senor Galvan was specially authorized by his government to carry on the negotiations, and was granted full power to sign the convention, the treaty will go into force without delay. September 1 is the date fixed upon. The full text will be officially published within a few days.

Both Secretary Blaine and the president have approved the treaty. Secretary Suarez, of the Dominican legation, has just returned to this city from a flying trip to San Domingo, where he laid the text of the convention before President Heureaux, and received his indorsement on July 8.

The treaty follows closely the lines laid down in the convention with Brazil. In the opening sections the authority of the McKinley act for the free entry of sugar, molasses, coffee, cocoa and hides is referred to, and in reciprocity for these concessions the admission into Dominican ports is authorized of goods enumerated in two schedules which are appended, the one schedule without any duty and the other with a reduction of 25 per cent. upon the duty now levied.

In the free schedule are enumerated various breadstuffs, potatoes, hay and oats, pork and fish, cotten-seed oil, agricultural implements, mining and mechanical tools and material for the construction and equipment of railways.

The admission into dominican ports of a large number of articles with a reduction of 25 per cent. on the present duty is authorized by a clause of the treaty and the schedule appended includes cured and canned meats and vegetables, manufactures of cotten, iron and steel not included in the free schedule, unmanufactured leather, lumber and manufactures of wood, etc.

As in the Brazilian treaty, this convention stipulates that neither government shall by administrative regulations, adopted to protect its revenue, place any undue restrictions on the importer, nor impose any additional charges in fees.

Senor Galvan, who negotiated the treaty, is now in Europe, but a correspondent found Secretary Suarez is a rooms in the Richmond. Mr. Suarez is a diplomat of experience, and while admitting very frankly that a reciprocity treaty between the United States and San Domingo had been signed, declined to discuss its terms in detail. He said:

"I have no hesitation in talking frankly to you concerning the conclusion of the treaty, but I cannot speak of its terms. I have just returned from San Domingo by way of St. Thomas. The object of my journey was, as bearer of dispatches from Minister Galvan, to submit to the approval of the dominican government the reciprocity agreement concluded and signed, by Gen. John W. Foster, special plenipotentiary of the United States.

"As I have told you, I cannot supply you with any information regarding the details of the agreement. I can say, however, that when it becomes public, merchants, manufacturers and farmers of both countries will be well satisfied with it."

"The idea of a trade agreement with the United States has been well received in San Domingo, and the beneficial efforts of this convention, which is intended to stimulate the commercial intercourse between the two nations, will be realized as soon as it is put in force.

"But a very imperfect idea is entertained in this country of the resources of San Domingo," continued Mr. Suarez. "It is very rich in agriculture and in mineral wealth. Mines of gold, silver, copper, iron, tin, platinum, coal, salt, alum, petroleum, jet, abestos and phosphates have been found. Engineers and prospectors declare that one-half the wealth of the republic is yet unknown.

"It is a well-known fact that the first gold mines worked by the Spaniards in the new world were located within the limits of the present republic. One of the largest gold nuggets ever found was taken from a Dominican mine.

"The smelting of iron would soon become a flourishing industry if American enterprise would undertake its development, as has been done in Cuba.

"The Dominican iron mines are richer and of better quality than those of Cuba. They could be worked at a greater advantage, inasmuch as they are near the coast and in close proximity to the coal fields.

"In the vegetable kingdom the products of the republic comprise everything known to the tropical and temperate zones. I do not hesitate to say that in this regard San Domingo can compete with the richest countries of America, especially as regard textile plants and dye woods. The coffee and cocoa are equal to those of Brazil, while the tobacco is second only to the best Cuban growth. With proper transportation facilities we could supply the United States with the finest fruits and vegetables during the four seasons of the year. Only a few years ago the sugar and tobacco industries began to be developed by some Cuban exiles, and to-day, under the impulse of American enterprise, San Domingo sends to the United States more sugar than Brazil, while a large quantity of tobacco is sent to Germany.

"The reciprocity treaty will greatly aid the development of the country. The Dominican people are peaceful, industrious and intelligent. They know that the United States is friendly to them, and that they have nothing to fear from coming into closer relations with this great republic as far as regards the sovereignty and independence of their own country. The pressing needs of our republic to-day are immigration and capital.

"We have a railroad from the Sanchez on Samana Bay to Lavega, while another line from Puerto Plata to Santiago is under construction. The government, like the people at large, realizes the advantages to be derived from cheap and rapid means of transportation. In the near future San Domingo will have its principal towns connected by a net of railways if peace and order are maintained, as they will no doubt be as long as the political views advocated by President Heureaux shall prevail.

"President Heureaux is an extraordinary man. He is a fine specimen of the traditional Dominican—fearless, loyal, unselfish, jovial and hospitable. He has proved his right to rule in our country, for nature has endowed him with a keen knowledge of men and things, which has been greatly broadened by study and experience. For many years he has taken prominent part in the political battles of his country. Whether a member of the party in power or in the ranks of the opposition, he has shown himself generous with his enemies.

"San Domingo is fortunate in having a ruler who is always ready to fight the enemies of public order in order to enforce the law, but equally ready to turn the sword into a ploughshare to forgive offenses even when they amount to personal injury.

"Gen. Heureaux has the respect alike of natives and foreigners, even of those hostile to his administration, for he has at heart the honor and best interests of his country. The great majority of the inhabitants of San Domingo look upon his rule as the surest and strongest guarantee of the peace and welfare of the country."

Mr. Suarez declared with much emphasis that there was no truth in the sensational reports recently published in this country concerning the discourteous treatment alleged to have been offered Admiral Gherardi when that officer visited the republic to negotiote for a coaling station at Samana Bay. Mr. Suarez said that the admiral's reception was most cordial, and that the Official Gazette of San Domingo published a formal statement of the relations between the two countries on the subject of the cession desired by the United States, in which great stress was laid upon the cordiality existing between the two governments and the pleasure of the Dominican authorities in receiving Admiral Gherardi as the negotiator on the part of the United States.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

A Sad Occurrence Reported from Dowling.

Dowling, July 31.—(Special)—Grant Dean, a day laborer, while on his way home from his work about 6 o'clock Wednesday evening, and when within about 80 rods of his home, was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

He was a hard working, industrious young man about 23 years of age, and leaves a young wife and child and numerous friends to mourn his untimely end.

His father lives at Lime City, his mother having died several years ago.

MARYLAND DEMOCRATS.

A Rousing Convention in Baltimore.

How the People Can Lift the Heavy Load that Is Bearing on the Poor Man.

Baltimore, July 31.—The democratic state convention met at noon yesterday at Ford's grand opera house. Hon. Barnes Compton called the meeting to order and made an eloquent speech. Ex-Gov. Henry Lloyd was made temporary chairman. At 12:45 the convention took a recess for 30 minutes pending a report by the committees on credentials and resolutions.

The convention reassembled and committee on credentials reported. There were no contested seats.

The work of the convention had all been cut out for it, three was little doubt and the men went to work with a will to finish their task. Everything was arranged by the leaders before Senator Gorman went back to Washington. He was closeted with Barnes Compton most of the afternoon and between them the platform was finished and made ready for the convention. It was remarked that the convention was more on the order of a ratification meeting than a nominating assembly.

At 12:15 o'clock Barnes Compton, chairman of the state committee, took the chair and rapped the convention to order. He wore a big palm leaf fan and some other clothes and the perspiration rolled from his forehead. The names of the counties were called by the secretary and answered.

Mr. Compton said upon taking the chair:

I have never seen a larger or more representative body of men. Above all local concerns and local questions that great question looms up—a question of national politics and in this every good American is most interested. It is the great question of the tariff that is sooner or later to be fought over again. Then there is the force bill and the man who saved us from that is Arthur P. Gorman, helped by a few patriotic republicans.

The name of Gorman was greeted with uproarious applause.

Mr. Compton then suggested the name of ex-governor Henry Lloyd, of Dorchester, as the temporary chairman. He was elected without a dissenting vote.

Gov. Lloyd said: "The watchword of the democratic party has ever been onward and upward. We have had much to encourage us to victory, judging from the past and the tidal wave of last year that completely covered the republican party. We are not unmindful of the force bill. What do you think of a civil service with Wanamaker's $500,000 to elect a president and Dudley with his blocks of fives?"

Wm. K. Hoffman, of Washington county, was then nominated unanimously for secretary and took the chair.

The committee on credentials and permanent organization were then selected. A committee on rules was also selected and they retired for consultation.

The committee on permanent organization reported recommending that the temporary officers be made permanent. The report also recommended the selection of one vice-president from each county and one from each legislative district of Baltimore city. The committee on resolutions reported the platform.

The platform declares that the verdict of the people against the republican national administration was registered in the congressional elections of November, 1890. The administration has disregarded its pledges as to civil service reform, has wasted the surplus, and has shown a purpose to maintain and create an amount of public indebtedness that will make high taxation necessary.

The republican party created a working majority in congress by illegally depriving democrats of seats, by the agency of the speaker, and attempted to destroy the autonomy of states by the Force bill and to perpetuate its own power. The attempt will be renewed if the party is allowed to continue in control of the national government.

The platform expresses thanks to the senators and representatives of Maryland who aided in defeating the force bill, especially Senator Gorman, who led the opposition.

The platform declares that the people will not tolerate continued submission to war taxes after 25 years of peace. These taxes are not continued, to promote the general welfare, but to increase the profits of combinations of particular corporate and individual manufacturers or dealers.

The existing tariff casts unnecessary burdens upon all engaged in agriculture, labor, the mechanical arts or commerce. The system is upheld by monopolies, who control the prices of necessities and accumulate enormous wealth, while oppressing by their combinations the labor which they employ, and maintaining their power by the corrupt use of money in federal elections.

The only method by which these abuses can be remedied is by the election of a president and congress pledged to a careful and thorough revision of the tariff system.

The power of congress to coin gold and silver ought not to be so exercised that gold coin or silver coin will become a commodity and so disturb the operations of trade, but the dollar in gold and the dollar in silver should be of equal exchangeable value in all markets of the United States. Any attempt to depreciate either of these metals by legislation is condemned.

The hurrying into exile of so large a body of unoffending men, women and children by Russia is deplored and condemned.

A resolution was adopted thaking Senator Gorman for his services as chosen leader of the democratic senators in their successful struggle against the Force bill and nominating him for re-election to the senate.

Hon. Frank T. Shaw, of Carroll county, nominated Hon. Frank Brown for governor.

The nomination was seconded by Mr. Edwin Warfield, of Howard county, and Brown was unanimously chosen. The ticket was then completed as follows:

For governor, Frank Brown, of Carroll county.

For comptroller, Marion DeKalb Smith, of Kent county.

For attorney-general, John P. Poe, of Baltimore city.

For clerk of court of appeals, J. Frank Ford, of St. Marys county.

Michigan Farmers.

Hillsdale, July 31.—(Special)—The farmers of this county met at Lake View hotel recently. The association set the date of the picnic Thursday, August 27, 1891, at "Lake View" picnic grounds. All inquiries as to grounds, camping, cottages and hotel accommodations will be gladly answered by George D. Beardsell, Manitou Beach, Lenawee county, Mich.

UNTIL AUGUST FIRST.

This is the Last Day In Which Patients May Avail Themselves of the Five-Dollar-a-Month Offer.

The summer is the best time for the treatment and cure of catarrhal troubles. The liability to catching fresh cold is then reduced to the minimum and the climatic conditions being then most favorable, catarrh yields the more rapidly to proper and scientific treatment. In order to give all an opportunity of availing themselves of their skill during this favorable season, Drs. Copeland and Buffett have made a uniform charge for medicine and treatment at $5 a month. This is to all patients and all diseases. All patients applying for treatment before Aug. 1 will be treated for $5 a month, each month's treatment, including medicine to cost $5 a month until cured.

It should take from two to four months of regular treatment to cure catarrh, commencing at a favorable season of the year. Patients troubled with catarrh taking treatment under the above conditions, who are not cured in that length of time, will be TREATED THEREAFTER FREE until they are cured.

A SERIOUS CASE.

A Victim of Catarrhal Troubles for 25 Years—An Interesting Statement from Sylvania.

Sylvania is situated about nine miles west of Toledo, on the L S & M S R R. It is a beautiful little village and brings back the recollections of our younger days spent on the farm.

Mr. John R. Taylor is a resident of Sylvania, and has attained the enviable age of 78 years. He has a beautiful home and is considered one of the prosperous men of that country. He is well known in Toledo, and the conversation which took place between Mr. Taylor and your correspondent will be of interest to a great many Toledoans.

MR. JOHN R. TAYLOR, SYLVANIA, OHIO.

He says:

"Well, sir, for over 25 years I have been a victim of catarrhal trouble. I first noticed it in '65, when it came with a slight dropping of mucous. I paid no attention to it at first, as any one naturally does, but it gradually grew so bad I consulted different doctors, all of them claiming to cure me, and they continued 'trying' to cure, it now being 25 years since I have been a

WRETCHED SUFFERER.

"My head and nose was constantly stopped up and I could scarcely breathe, except through my mouth. My throat was always sore and my mouth dry and parched. I had pains in the head and my eyes became very dim; ringing noises in the ears, and whenever I stooped and would suddenly raise up I would become so dizzy that I would have to hold something for support.

Another very important yet distressing symptom was the pain in my chest. I could hardly sleep at night being

ALMOST CRAZED

by the pain shooting from the chest to the shoulder blade. I had given up all hope of ever being any better, when I heard of the success of Drs. Copeland and Buffett, and decided to call upon them."

"And have they given you any benefit?"

"Yes, indeed. They have done for me in one month what other doctors have been 'trying' for the last 25 years.

"My symptoms have all disappeared, and although 78 years of age, I feel young again, and I cannot say too much in praise of Drs. Copeland and Buffett."

Mr. Taylor lives at Sylvania, O., where he will, by letter or in person, verify the statement.

FAKIRS.

Bugbears With Which They Have Frightened Credulous Representatives.

Controlling Votes Under Threat of Newspaper Displeasure—A Plausible Lie Exposed.

Apparently the crusade against the medical fakirs that have infested this community is going to be an easier affair than was anticipated. They are moving out at the sound of the first gun. Fearing the publicity which they realize will shine upon their methods, they are preparing to beat a hasty retreat. While we give them reasonable time to pack their traps and move, let us look to the means that will make their departure permanent and keep out all other criminals of their class. At the next session of the Ohio legislature proper laws of medical registration must and shall be passed. Ohio is to-day about the only state in the union that has not such laws.

"Why is it that while other states have proper medical laws, Ohio has none? Whose fault is it?"

These questions asked in a recent letter are easy to answer. Every year a medical bill comes up before the legislature and every year fails to pass. Why?

Because there are certain shrewd lawyers at Columbus in the employ of these medical fakirs, and because these lawyers represent to the legislators that if they favor such a bill, they will have every newspaper in the state up in arms against them at once and forever.

The newspapers they argue convincingly make their money by advertising, and the fakirs advertise. Hence the newspapers are bound to protect the fakirs. It is for their interest to do so.

No shrewder or more plausible lie was ever palmed off on a credulous representative. It is a lie, so shrewd and plausible that for years it has prevented the State of Ohio from securing protection for the people against quacks and fakirs.

And yet shrewd and plausible as the lie is, how easily it can be disproved. Let every voter who reads this article, say this to the legislator whom he supports with his vote:

"I do not blame you so much for being frightened by this threat. No man can afford to bring down on himself the universal condemnation of the newspapers, but I do blame you for your simplicity and credulity in believing such a lie. I do blame you for not knowing more about the newspapers of your state. No self-respecting newspaper will lend its aid to evil. No self-respecting new-paper will deny its support to what is for the public good. You ought to have known that even the financial success of a newspaper is based on this principle.

"Furthermore, even if your poor opinion of newspaper honesty was just, even if newspaper editorials were dictated by a regard for the advertising columns as you have been led to believe, you are still the dupe of a lie. The best advertisers in the press to-day are regularly educated, regularly qualified physicians, who need no protection from the newspapers or the legislature, and who will firmly demand that Ohio shall have laws protecting the people from the imposition of quacks and medical adventurers. Go back to Columbus now, and do your duty like a man, without fear or favor."

This false threat of the fakirs has served its purpose just as long as it shall. The newspapers of this state are not in league with quacks and charlatans. They unite with all right thinking men and women in condemning them. They encourage legitimate advertising, but let a palpable swindle be brought to their notice and see how quickly it is condemned. Let the honorable members of the legislature take notice. This bugbear is removed. We shall look for proper medical laws—such laws as govern other states—at the next session of that body.

From Representative Residents.

Mr. Wm. H. Dana, a marine engineer, residing at 816 Collingwood ave., says:

They have, beyond all doubt, placed me in better health than I could ever expect, and I heartily recommend them to the public.

Mr. Joseph Coombs, residing at 981 Indiana ave., says:

I cannot say too much in praise of Drs. Copeland and Buffett, for they have certainly saved me from a fate worse than death.

Their Credentials.

As has been said, Dr. W. H. Copeland was president of his class at Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York, where he graduated, the most famous institution of the kind in the country. His diploma bears the written indorsement of the medical authorities of New York, of the deans of prominent medical colleges of Pennsylvania, Dr. Buffett's credentials are no less abundant and unequalified. He also is formerly indorsed by Bellevue Hospital Medical College of New York and by the secretaries of various county and state medical societies. Both gentlemen after thorough experience and practice have devoted their time to the practice of their specialties, with what success the columns of the daily papers show.

Doctors Copeland and Buffett.

The Copeland Medical institute is permanently located at 706 Madison street DR. W. H. COPELAND, and DR. G. P BUFFETT consulting physician. Specialties: Catarrh and all diseases of the eye, ear, throat and lungs. Chronic diseases. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.

Nervous Diseases Cured.
Skin Diseases Cured.
Catarrh Cured.

Medicine and Treatment $5 a Month to All Patients applying for treatment before August 1st, and for all diseases.

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Fine Funeral Furnishings!

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when you go by
MERRELL BROS.
At the corner of Monroe and Huron,
that they handle nothing but old traps.
If you want a vehicle of any description, go inside for it. A carload received from the Buckeye Buggy Co., of Columbus.
These are the finest in the land but they have others at all prices.

IMPORTANT TO MANUFACTURERS.

Manufacturers desirous of improving their interests will be given Free Gas, Free Plants, Magnificent and Spacious Buildings, well located; suitable for foundry and machine shops, or manufacturing of any kind, with a capacity of twenty-five men or any number desired. I also have thirty-two first-class patents and inventions.
For particulars address
CARL C. L. WULFF, McClure, O.

Proposals for Election Booths.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at Room 49, Produce Exchange Building, Toledo, Ohio, until noon of
SATURDAY, AUGUST 8, 1891,
for the furnishing of election booths to be erected in each voting precinct in the city of Toledo and Lucas county on or before October 1, 1891.
Bids will be received upon plans and specifications submitted by bidders, conforming to the requirements of the election laws of the State of Ohio.
The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.
THE BOARD OF ELECTIONS,
For the City of Toledo and Lucas County.
daily until aug7

J. B. MARSTON,
CIVIL ENGINEER
No. 333 Superior St., near Masonic Temple

J. W. CUMMINGS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Rooms 5 and 6 Kaufman Building.
73 Superior St. TOLEDO, O

Most Complexion
Powders have a vulgar glare, but Pozzoni's is a true beautifier, whose effects are lasting.

HOTEL LAFAYETTE
CAPE MAY, N. J.
New management, elevator and all modern improvements. Apply to JOHN TRACY, Washington Hotel, Philadelphia, or Cape May.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
ASBURY PARK, N. J.
WILL OPEN JUNE 18, 1891.
THEO. OVES PROP'R.

Put-in-Bay House!
Put-in-Bay Island, O.
OPENS JUNE 20th.
A new house delightfully located with fine view of the bay. Convenient to steamboat landing. Terms: $2 and $2.50 per day; $12 to $14 per week. Cuisine unsurpassed.
MRS. A. BALBRIDGE,
Formerly of "The Carlisle," the leading family hotel of Cincinnati.

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Summer Resort Hotel,
FORMERLY THE BUNKER.
Remodeled and Refurnished.
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First-Class Livery in Connection.

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GREEN SPRING, O.
Grounds and Spring unsurpassed. Excellent Cuisine, Passenger Elevator, Baths and experienced attendants. Medical Superintendent. Model Health Resort and Medical Sanitarium.
$12 to $21 Per Week.
KING & HOUSEL, Owners.

A Most Delightful Resort!
Pure air, pure water, bathing, boating and driving facilities unexcelled. Rates $7 to $10 per week. Address J. W. Gamble, Catawba Island, O

HOTEL GRANDE POINT, Grande Point St. Clair Co., Mich.
An elegant new Hotel, just across the river from Algonac. Every room a water front. Excellent water works, affording purest water. Perfect drainage. Every modern convenience. Finest bathing beach on the St. Clair river. Fresh milk and vegetables from the adjoining farm. Rates $2.50 per day. Special rates by week or month. Reached via Toledo and Detroit and "Star Cole" and "Red Star" line steamers daily. Leave Toledo at 5:35 a. m. on M. C., connecting with Detroit boat at 9 a.m. Dinner at Grande Point. Toledo docks foot of Jefferson st., Detroit docks foot of Griswold street.
J. S. BRUBAKER, Proprietor.

EDUCATIONAL.

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SHORT-HAND SCHOOL
Mr. Davis of the Toledo Business College will conduct a class in penmanship from 8:30—9:30; arithmetic for teachers and advanced scholars, 9:30—10:15; arithmetic for those who failed to make their grade, 10:25—12.

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NEARLY OPPOSITE P. O., COR. MADISON AND SUMMIT STREETS, TOLEDO, O.
NO MATTER what may be said for an institution of learning, the success of ITS STUDENTS is the only RELIABLE standard by which its worth is tested. Upon this our school relies. Not one competent student unemployed and unable to fill all positions offered us, while other schools have scores of "graduates" "waiting." Do not make a mistake, for disappointment is bitter. Summer school, five weeks $4. Phone 726.
MELCHOIR, ROBINSON & MELCHOIR, Principals.

Steadman BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Corner Summit and Adams Streets.
Phone 1246.
IT WOULD BE A POOR SCHOOL,
Indeed, that possessed NO merit; but in selecting the one to attend the coming winter, bear in mind
ALL SCHOOLS ARE NOT EQUALLY GOOD.
Some are able to, and do, present to patrons better facilities than others. They can also afford to dictate the class of students they will accept. Visit us and see the best equipped school in the state. Children not admitted.
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Scientific, Classical, Commercial and Select Courses. Infantry, Artillery and Cavalry Drills. *Beautiful and Healthful Location. Magnificent Grounds and Buildings. Newly refitted. New Term Opens Thursday, Sept. 3, '91. Catalogue free.*
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A school of the highest grade for young ladies and girls. Established upon original lines, its success has been remarkable. For catalogue, address the principal MISS ADA I. AYER, B. A., Gambier, O.

DIRT BREEDS VERMIN
Of a good house-wife, who uses SAPOLIO, it is well said, "The mouse is muzzled in her house." Try it and keep your house clean. All grocers keep it.
SAPOLIO is the house-wife's best friend. With it she conquers dirt and adds to the appearance of her house by keeping it clean. Don't be foolish and try to clean house without SAPOLIO. Quick work can be done with SAPOLIO. Common soap and elbow service belong to the past generation. Be in fashion and use SAPOLIO.

GAS TRUSTEES DISAGREE

On Several Matters at Last Night's Meeting.

R. W. Smith Makes Another Proposal,

And Is Allowed His Final Estimate—The Air Line Junction Dispute —Opinion by Solicitor Read.

The board of natural gas trustees had another midsummer night's picnic at its meeting last evening. The remarkable operations of this very remarkable board were illustrated during the session.

When Mr. R. W. Smith presented his final estimate for the Bancroft street line the committee unanimously raised its hands in holy horror, when it was found that he had presented a bill of extras for over $8,000. The horror of the board was still further increased when it was discovered that Superintendent Gettleman had entered into with Mr. Smith supplemental contracts, 60 in number, and covering all the extras on the line. The matter was referred to Manager Tobey, and on the estimate presented of $28,000, $20,000 was paid on account. It was a matter of considerable doubt as to whether Mr. Smith was entitled to the balance, but last night the majority of the board gulped down the pill and swallowed it, extras and all. The matter had been referred back to the committee on claims, and this committee, without investigating or even calling a meeting, recommended its payment last night, and after a wrangle of half an hour, during which Gen. Greene as a member of that committee entered a solemn protest against its payment, it was passed by a vote of three to two.

A somewhat lurid light was thrown upon the little deal when a moment later the following proposition from Mr. R. W. Smith was read:

The Natural Gas Trustees of the City of Toledo:

Gentlemen: I propose to furnish and lay 3,000 feet 8-inch cast iron pipe at 80 cents per foot, the same to be in accordance with specifications and payments as proposed in Parks Foster & Co.'s contract dated July 19. Said pipe to be laid in any street or alley in the city limits that may be designed by the trustees.

Respectfully submitted, R. W. SMITH.

The reading of the document was received by Messrs. Greene and Brown with sarcastic laughter.

"Where and when did you get that proposition, Mr. Secretary?" Trustee Brown inquired.

Secretary Brown: "I found it here among my papers. It is the first time I have seen it."

"Mr. Smith did not present it to you, did he?"

"No, sir. I found it here and I do not know where it came from."

Trustee Brown: "That is all right; I heard of the deal this afternoon. Mr. Smith was to be paid his bill of extras, and in return he was to put in a bid of 80 cents on 8-inch pipe."

Mr. Backus: "What is the bid for 8-inch pipe in the Parks-Foster contract?"

The Secretary: "$1.07."

Mr. Brown: "Just see that. It is quite a difference, ain't it?"

Mr. Parsons: "Yes, there is over 25 cents difference on the two bids."

Mr. Brown: "Yes, Mr. Smith could afford to put in that bid even cheaper. The last bid he put in for 8-inch pipe, and he was awarded the contract, too, was $1.02, but of course in this case he gets his $8,000."

A vote on the proposition went through unanimously.

One of the singular features of last night's meeting was a somewhat bold, not to say brazen, attempt to force Dr. Tobey to resign. Secretary Brown had announced that there was no further matter before the board, and a motion was made and seconded to adjourn. President Parsons, however, had wheeled around in his chair, and was in earnest conversation with Dr. Tobey. Everyone of the board, trustees and reporters, knew just what it meant. The doctor must resign. But the doctor was not to be bull-dozed. He stubbornly refused to present the resignation which he has had in his pocket for over a month. Three times a motion to adjourn was made, but President Parsons failed to take any notice of it.

"I thought," said Mr. Greene, "that a motion to adjourn was in order, but it don't seem so in this board."

When Mr. Parsons turned from his confab with Dr. Tobey he was pale but determined. He picked up a pen and began to write, but threw it down again and said, "Gentlemen, I have a motion to make before we adjourn. I move that on and after the last of this month the salary of the manager be fixed at $2,400."

There was a silence to be felt for a few moments, and Mr. Brown inquired what was the object of the resolution.

Mr. Parsons replied: "It makes it because I think and always have thought that the salary of the general manager was much too high. That is my object in making the motion."

Mr. Brown: "This is nothing more or less than a disgraceful attack on the manager. Certain members of the board have tried to get him to resign, and having failed to do so, they now propose taking this method of forcing him out. I think it is disgraceful."

Gen. Greene concurred in this idea, and when the vote was taken, it stood two to three, Messrs. Greene and Brown voting no.

The board adjourned at this point, and for a few moments the air was blue.

Dr. Tobey laughed good naturedly over the little deal that had been so quietly consummated.

"I do not propose that they shall force me out," he said, "although God knows I am tired of the whole matter long ago. I wanted to resign a month since."

When the meeting was first called to order, Mr. Brown said he desired to make a personal explanation. He quoted an interview with President Parsons relative to the layout of the pipe to Air Line Junction. He referred to the fact that the line was laid both in East Toledo and on Water street in close proximity to property belonging to Mr. Backus, and out on Manhattan avenue where Dr. Jones owned property, and on Bancroft street where Col. Parsons owned property. He found no impropriety in laying the lines in these places. It was strange, however, that nothing had been said, but when it happened that when a line was to be laid to Air Line Junction there was a howl. He (Mr. Brown) knew nothing of the project until it was well under way. The project was wholly undertaken by Mr. John Boice, one of the proprietors of the Boice brickyards. It was at President Parsons' suggestion that Mr. Boice undertook to run the line past the brickyards to the Junction.

President Parsons said he never even suggested anything of the kind, but on the other hand he said he (Mr. Parsons) was opposed to running it further than the brickyards.

Mr. Brown said it was simply a matter of veracity between President Parsons and Mr. Boice. He desired to submit the following self-explanatory communications:

TOLEDO, O., July 30, 1891.

DEAR SIR:—It is said that I am the one who is responsible for laying the line to your brick yards and the Air Line Junction. Will you please write me the facts?

Yours truly,
CLARENCE BROWN.

MR. JOHN R. BOICE,
Toledo.

Mr. Clarence Brown, Toledo, Ohio.

DEAR SIR: In answer to your letter I will say: Having heard of the contract with H. C. Ellis, I called at the gas trustees' office and inquired of Manager Tobey whether the gas trustees would be willing to enter into a contract with me for laying a line to my yard, near Western avenue, under a contract similar to the one made with Mr. Ellis. Dr. Tobey said that he would have to refer the matter to the board, and suggested that I make a proposition in writing and he would submit it to the board.

As I was leaving the office, I met Mr. Parsons and made the same statement to him. We discussed the matter for five or ten minutes. At first he opposed it. Said he would not favor running a line to just one customer. He then said "Can't you get the people beyond you to go in with you and continue the line farther out?" The only people beyond me are the people at Air Line Junction. I replied that I could not afford to run a line to the Junction, that it would cost me too much money. After some further discussion Mr. Parsons said that he could not recommend building a line to my yard alone, but that if I would continue the line so as to reach the people beyond me that he would recommend it. This was the first suggestion that was made to me by any one in regard to laying a line to the junction. Upon my return to the yard I talked the matter over with my brother, and we concluded that if it was necessary to run a line to the junction in order to get gas to the yard, that I could afford to do it. I decided to accept the condition and run a line to the junction in order to get gas at my yard before seeing any member of the board except Mr. Parsons. Accordingly, a few days later, I made a written proposition to Dr. Tobey, and a contract was afterwards awarded me and the line laid.

Yours respectfully,
J. R. BOICE.

Continuing, Mr. Brown said he knew nothing whatever of the matter until Mr. Boice had put up the money to build the line.

Mr. Parsons said he did not remember having any such conversation with Mr. Boice.

Mr. Brown here presented the petition, published in the Bee yesterday, of about two hudrd consumers who desire gas at Air Line Junction.

The matter was allowed to drop.

Residents of Warren street presented a petition for gas, through Mr. Greene.

Mr. Greene, as chairman of the committee on city plant, moved that it be adopted.

Mr. Backus insisted that the proposition of the contractors be read.

Mr. Greene said the committee had pledged itself not to give the figures out. It was a matter in which the residents of the street were interested.

Mr. Backus did not see what right the committee had to make such a pledge. He insisted that it should be read.

Mr. Brown considered it an outrage that the committee should be placed in such a position.

The discussion waxed warm.

Mr. Backus said members should not be allowed to indulge in personalities.

President Parsons said a member should be allowed to express an opinion without being arraigned or assaulted.

Mr. Greene said he was tired of being arraigned as dishonest and being in a deal by certain members in every recommendation from his committee.

The recommendation was finally adopted.

Dr. Jones, chairman of the committee on claims, recommended that the balance due R. W. Smith, $8,357, be paid out of the bonds still in the treasury.

Mr. Greene, a member of the committee, refused to sign the recommendation.

Mr. Brown inquired if the claim had been examined since it was before the board.

Dr. Jones said it had not. The recommendation was based on the report of the manager.

Mr. Greene said he objected to signing the recommendation for the reason that the committee had not investigated the matttr.

Mr. Backus stated that but $4,000 of bonds remained to pay the claims. He did not see how it could be done.

Mr. Brown objected to settling up a $100,000 claim on a simple guess.

Mr. Backus did not see why the balance could not be paid.

Mr. Greene said the meeting of the committee had been held, and the matter had not been investigated to his knowledge.

Dr. Jones said he would not press the recommendation.

Mr. Greene opposed paying the money, in a hap-hazard way. The committee should promptly investigate and report.

Mr. Brown said that he was prepared to vote for the bill if the committee would say just the amount that was due Mr. Smith.

Dr. Jones said that he would not undertake to put the amount due in their resolution.

Mr. Greene inquired if a number of bills had not been filed against the city on account of Mr. Smith's contract, and asked if they had been settled.

After a war of words a vote was finally taken on the passage of the resolution and it was adopted, Messrs. Backus, Parsons and Jones voting aye and Messrs. Greene and Brown no.

Mr. Reed, of the Fifth ward, appeared before that board with a petition from the residents of Oliver street asking that the pipe be laid before the street paving was commenced. The matter was referred.

City Solicitor Read's Views.

The following letter from City Solicitor Read to Hon. A. L. Backus, one of the gas trustees, will prove interesting at this time:

Put-in-Bay, July 25, 1891.

Hon. A. L. Backus, Toledo, O.:

Your estimated favor of the 20th inst. mailed on the 22d, has been forwarded to me here, where I am attempting to take a few days' rest. I do not like to give an official opinion away from my office and books, and hope you will take this as a friendly note rather than dignify it as an opinion.

As I understood it, the legislature of the state has taken all restrictions from your board when you are making contracts for piping the streets, whether assessments are to be made or not. Section 2702 does not govern you when so engaged in any respect, and undoubtedly your contracts will bind the city and any debts you contract for the purpose of piping the city's streets will have to be paid. If your income fails the city must look for the bills from other sources. Should judgment be rendered on any such contract the sinking fund trustees must pay the same from their funds. In my opinion "the trustees have the legal right to incur such contingent liability (as you set forth in your inquiry) for the city to pay in the absence of any funds in the treasury subject to such purpose." The legislature have left the entire matter to the business sagacity and integrity of the natural gas trustees. They have great power, and must use their judgment as to how the same shall be exercised. If you desire I will give you an "official" opinion, quoting the statute, etc., upon my return.

Very respectfully yours,
W. H. A. READ, City Solicitor.

Air Line Junction's Cry for Gas.

TO THE EDITOR:—The people of Air Line Junction are wondering why so much fuss is made about building the city pipe line to this part of the city. Perhaps it is because it is not generally known that there has been a more remarkable growth out here than in any other part of the city during the last two years. Most people would be surprised to come out here and learn that about a hundred houses have been built in that time at a cost of between $75,000 and $100,000.

Why should not this part of the city have city gas as well as all other parts, especially when some one is found to advance the money to lay the pipe? Has any other part of the city done as much?

The city pipe line was laid to East Toledo, also through the Fifth and Ninth wards on Broadway, almost down to Manhattan, out to Auburndale; and it has been laid almost out to West Toledo. Why, then, shouldn't it be laid out here; especially when the people of this vicinity pay for laying the line, and take their pay in gas?

It might be well to ask the natural gas payers, and will have to pay their share of the natural gas bonds. They are voters too, and have been friends to the pipe line. If there is any reason why they should not have city gas, when they find some one who will advance the money to lay the line, they would like to know it. That is more than a good many of the people in the center of the city have been willing to do. Is it because the people are friendly to the pipe line and are willing to advance the money to help pipe the city, therefore they are not to have gas, but those who have opposed it and are not willing to help pipe the city must get it at the public expense?

L. M.

Air Line Junction, July 30.

Syrup of Figs.

Produced from the laxative and nutritious juice of California figs, combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds and headaches, and curing habitual constipation.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPICS

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who are Hustled for Time.

Sixty-Seventh Regiment Ohio Volunteers.

The First brigade, First division, Tenth army corps, composed of the Sixty-second and Sixty-seventh Ohio, Thirteenth Indiana, Thirty-ninth Illinois and Eighty-fifty Pennsylvania regiments, will hold a reunion in the recorder's court room, corner of Clinton and Antoine streets, Detroit, Mich., August 6.

Broke His Leg.

Frank Deonisky, of 218 Broadway, broke his leg this morning about 9 o'clock, by jumping from a fence to the sidewalk. Deonisky was taking pears from Mr. Ferrell's yard, when he saw an officer coming he jumped over the fence to escape. The patrol wagon was called, but before it arrived he had been taken home by his friends.

Eighth Ward Assessor's Figures.

The Eighth ward assessor has completed his work, and filed his report. A summary shows that there have been 389 births during the year, and 249 have died. There are 3,592 males over 25 years old in the ward. Four hundred and 12 new buildings were erected during the year, against 435 last year. This makes an increase in two years of 847 new structures. The assessor is of the opinion that the ward is entirely too large, and should be divided.

Monroe Street Church Dedicatio n.

The Monroe Street M. E. church which was destroyed by fire last winter has been rebuilt and will ready for dedication next Sabbath. Rev. T. L. Wiltsie, a former pastor of St. Paul's M. E. church, and late superintendent of missions in New Mexico, will preach at 10:30 a. m. At 3:30 p. m. will be held a union service to which the Methodist pastors and their congregations are especially invited, and Rev. S. D. Hutsinpiller, pastor of St. Paul's, is expected to preach. At 8 p. m. Rev. P. P. Pope, presiding elder, will preach. To all of these services the general public is cordially invited.

Last Night's Informal at the Toledo Club.

The new Toledo Club building was lighted up last evening and was a pleasing spectacle. Invitations had been extended by Secretary Hoyt to the stockholders, requesting them to be present for an informal inspection, and most of them were on hand. A thorough examination was made and expressions of delight were heard on every hand. The building was accepted, and the trustees under whose care the structure has been erected, were cordially thanked for their satisfactory work. The club rooms will be thrown open again on Saturday night.

At the Gospel Tent To-Night.

This evening a Y. P. S. C. E. branch will be formed at the gospel tent, which is now located at Birmingham, near Ironville. Rev. S. G. Anderson, of Westminster church, will preside, and the program, after a half-hour praise service, will consist of brief talks as follows:

The Origin and Object of the Christian Endeavor society, Mr. C. L. France; the Pledge and Membership, Miss Carrie B. Phelps; the Look-out Committees, Miss Lillie Valentine; the Prayer Meeting committee., Mr. C. S. Adams; the Social committee Miss Robinson; the Good Literature committee, Mr. Dallas Rydman.

Change in the Customs Office.

To-morrow morning Mr. Charles Reed will go into the office of Collector of Customs Austin, to succeed Harry Dowling. Harry has been a good clerk, but there is no room for a democrat under Judge Austin. Charley Reed's appointment is a good one, since he must be a republican. His virtues are many, because he is an old newspaper man. Mr. Reed was assistant adjutant-general under Capt. Dowling when the latter was commander of the Grand Army and performed his work in a systematic manner. The same course will be followed in his new position.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. H. P. Gurney is spending a few days at Tecumseh, Mich.

Miss Mabel I. Cosgrove is spending a few days with her parents in Hudson, Mich.

Mr. Albert C. Stewart and Harry Halsted are spending a week in Chicago taking in the sights.

Miss Minnie Kelly and Hattie Lamb are spending vacation with friends at Marine City and Huron Beach.

Miss Lenora Schuller will return from Chicago this evening, where she has visited for the past ten days.

Miss Katie Lepps, of Cincinnati, is spending a delightful week's vacation with Miss Bertha Thompson, of Platt street, East Side.

Mrs. Day and Master Walter, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Charles Taylor, of Monroe place, left for their home in Cincinnati last evening.

Mr. James Harper, late of the Standard Oil company of this city, will leave on the 1st of August to accept a position in the United States pension office at Indianapolis.

Miss Jennie Curtis of this city, who was with Pete Baker's company last season, will leave the first of next week for New York city to join Gaylor's Lights and Shadows company.

Miss Edna Farnam, of Oakwood avenue, gave a pleasant birthday party yesterday, it being the anniversary of her eighth year. The following guests were invited: Lilah Mueller, Verne Fuller, Blanche Fuller, Gussie Weis, Florence Hutchinson, Grace Johnson, Mary Baldwin, Flossie Howells, Bessie Howells, Ella Potts, Norman Arnheim, Louise Arnheim, Linton Fallis and Florence Eggeman.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

President Squire, of the Ohio League, is in Columbus establishing headquarters.

Theadore Scheffer was taken to the reform farm at Lancaster this morning, by Officer McPartland.

Chas. Miller, of Rose street, had his leg broken by having it caught in a moving wagon wheel on Sumner street this afternoon.

The Smith and Toledo Bridge companies were bidders yesterday at Columbus for the construction of a bridge over the Cleantangy.

There was a meeting of the T. Y. C. Monday evening which was adjourned till Friday evening, July 31. All members should be present.

A. D. Gage was arrested this morning by Officer O'Brien on a complaint made by Miss Deans, of Vermont avenue, charging him with insulting females.

Foster Warren is in Columbus. He declines an appointment to the state board of equalization, as it is clearly proven he was elected. Nothing short of a certificate will do.

The Sailors challenge the speranzas to a game of ball on the Forrer street grounds, corner Clark and Forrer streets, on Sunday, August 2, for any amount. It accepted answer through the BEE.

Special train will leave Toledo for Detroit via Michigan Central railroad, Tuesday, August 4, at 6 a. m., central standard time, for the purpose of conveying Toledo and Volunteer Posts G. A. R. and other friends. Arriving Detroit 9 a. m.

An interesting couple appeared before Mayor Bishop yesterday afternoon. They came to be married. His honor performed the ceremony. The bride was Miss Anna H. Ramsdell, of Lockport. The groom was 22 years the senior of his charming bride. His name is Charles J. Steinau, and his home is in Toledo. This is his second marriage and his bride's first.—Buffalo Express.

Potomac Has Broken Down

New York, July 31.—The announcement is made that Mr. Dwyer's celebrated racer Potomac has broken down completely and will probably never again be seen on the track. After his race with Reckon and Palfinn, July 21, at Jerome Park, he was lame, and his lameness has increased since until it was found impossible to get him to race.

The Wallace

Will make regular trips Sunday to Fort Meigs and Fort Miami. Only 20c round trip.

The market quotations in the BEE are compiled from United Press special dispatches and from reports received by the Toledo Produce Exchange, and specially arranged by Mr. Denis O'B. Smith, secretary of the Exchange.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO BEE, }
TOLEDO, O., July 31. }

London wheat market quiet and firm. Corn steady. Weather fair. Liverpool wheat firm and higher. Corn steady; demand improving.

Liverpool received in past six days 715,000 bu wheat, of which 288,330 was American, and 137,330 bu of corn.

The receipts of wheat at seven principal western points to-day are 1,121,604 bu, compared with 434,194 bu on the same day last year.

Bombay, July 29.—Heavy rains and serious floods prevail in this presidency. The roads are damaged and 60 miles of railroad have been injured by washouts. In the Poonah district the rivers are swollen and thousands of acres of land submerged. There is now as much danger to the crops from excessive rains as there was up to a few days ago from the prolonged drouth.

July receipts of wheat at Toledo.—Our receipts of wheat this month aggregate 3,870,062 bu, and are the largest on record. The year of the next largest receipts in July was in 1880, when the aggregate was 3,524,475 bu.

A clock for a paper weight.—One of our members has adopted a new and model idea in paper weights. It is a tiny clock, and as pretty and unique as it is serviceible and useful.

Comparison of Wheat Prices—Toledo and Liverpool.

The outside quotation in Liverpool today, for red winter wheat is 7s 11¾d, which equals $1.15 per bu. This quotation is for American seaboard wheat, which is not pure No. 2. Our No. 2 soft wheat will outsell it 2c per bu, as we know from correspondence. But at $1.15 per bu there is a wide margin on our prices for all expenses and a profit besides. This week freights have advanced hence to New York and on the ocean. The freight, lake to New York is 7¾c per bu and the ocean freight equals 6c per bu is 13¾c, deducted from $1 15 leaves $1 01½ per bu for expenses and profit, and yet Chicago bear circulars pretend to mourn that our prices are too high. Brace up gentlemen, brace up. A new era is upon us with new conditions. Let us work together while the day lasts.

The receipts of wheat to-day at seven principal western points are 687,470 bu in excess of the corresponding Friday in 1890.

The export clearances yesterday at four Atlantic ports in wheat and flour equal 300,000 bu; corn, 62,000 bu.

English markets for wheat as reported herein are firm and higher. Corn steady.

The wheat markets in this country are very dull to-day, east and west. Receipts are rather larger than yesterday at some points, notably in Toledo, and what news we get from foreign markets is bullish, as English prices are firm and higher, but there is but little apparent courage to invest and prices have declined.

Corn markets have partaken of the dullness and weakness and are lower without a cause.

In New York Sept. wheat closed at 97⅜c, a loss of ⅝c. Sept. corn at 65⅜c, a loss of 1¼c.

In Chicago September wheat closed at 87¼c, a loss of 1¾c. September corn at 56⅜c, a loss of 1¼c.

In Toledo the trading in wheat futures has been moderately active. December was the favorite deal and August next. Prices have been a shade easier, but quite steady, and closing ¼ @ ⅜c cheaper. On the call cash wheat sold at 91⅜c; August at 91¼c to 90¾c; December at 93⅜c to 93¼c.

After the call August sold at 93⅜c and closed at 91¼c, a loss of ⅝c; September at 91⅜c, and closed at 90⅜c; December at 93⅜c to 92⅞c, and closed at 93⅜c, a loss of ⅝c.

Cash wheat was active and large sales, closing 1c lower. No 2 soft sold at opening at 91⅜c and declined to 91c; No 3 soft at 90c to 89¾c; rejected No 1 at 86½c; No 2 at 88c.

Corn—Very little doing; No 2, 64c; No. 3 at 62c; No. 3 red at 64c.

Oats were easier; No. 2 at 30c.

Rye was dearer; No. 2 at 72½@73c; August, 72½@73¼c. Flexseed—Our Manufacturers offer to pay 4c bu over Chicago price on Minnesota and Dakota seed, and Chicago prices for growth in this vicinity. It is claimed that Chicago carried over 1,000,000 bu of seed, and that oil in this country representing 1,500,000 bu more, was also carried over. Last year the crop is believed to have been 13,000,000 bu and is estimated at 15,000,000 bu this year. We should like to hear from other oil millers on this subject.

Freights.

Lake freights to Buffalo..Wheat,1¾c. Corn,1¾c

Lake and rail rate to New York, 7½c wheat, 7½c corn; Boston, 10½c wheat, 8½c corn; Philadelphia, 6¾c wheat, 6¾c corn; Baltimore, 6¾c wheat, 6¾c corn.

Daily Movement of Grain.

	RECEIPTS.			SHIPMENTS.		
	Wh't	Corn	Oats	Wh't	Corn	Oats
N Y....	165092	58500	47000	141790	47626	61
Balto....	93038	6828	3000	34400	400	.....
Phila....	81478	.....	3000	39629	35037	10894
Boston....	.....	2000	21200	.....	.....	.....
Toledo..	241518	2050	10739	335386	600	960
Chicago.	485507	278020	293888	225447	144021	89267
Milw'k'e	19800	2020	7000	.....	.....	1800
St. L....	295000	44000	45000	196000	21000	4000
Detroit..	90324	5635	11759	27045	1500	2500
Duluth..	14515	.....	.....	58233	.....	.....
Minne....	48800	.....	.....	10880	.....	.....

Markets by Telegraph.

London, July 31.—1 p. m.—Wheat cargoes off coast at opening quiet and firm; maize nothing offering. Wheat cargoes on passage and for shipment, quiet and firm; maize steady.

Mark Lane—Wheat at opening steady; maize firmer. French country markets firm. Weather fair.

Liverpool, July 31.—1 p. m.—Wheat market firm, demand fair; holders offer sparingly. American mixed corn steady, demand improving. Red western spring wheat, No 2 to No 1, 7s 11d@7s 11¼d; California wheat, No 2 to No 1, 8s 4d@8s 4½d; Kansas winter hard, 7s 11½d@8s. Wheat off coast, demand poor; corn demand improving. Receipts of wheat past six days 429,000 centals, of which 173,000 centals was American. Receipts of corn past six days 82,600 centals.

Chicago, July 31.—Opening—Wheat—August, 88¼@88¾c; Corn—August, 59c; September, 59½@59¾c. Oats—August, 29c; September, 28c. Pork—September, $11 47. Lard — September, $6 72½. Ribs—September, $6 97½.

New York, July 31.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 8. Futures steady; August, 7.96; September, 7.78; October, 7.80.

U. S. Yards, July 31.—Cattle—Receipts, 10,000; weak. Hogs—Receipts, 14,000; 5c higher; heavy, $4 75@5 00; mixed and medium, $4 75@5 05; light $4 50@5 05. Sheep—Receipts, 4,000; steady.

New York, July 31.—Flour firm, but without material change; superfine, $3 00@4 15; fine, $3 60@3 75; Minnesota extra, $3 75@5 50; city mill extra, $5 00@5 15 for West Indies. Wheat opened firm and ⅛c higher, but soon weakened and declined ⅞c in the first hour from this time of sale, and closed at noon; No. 2 red winter, cash, 99⅛; July, 98⅜c; August, 97⅞c; September, 88⅛c. Corn opened weak and declined throughout the morning. At noon prices were down ⅞c; No. 2 mixed, cash, August, half bleached, 70c; Fancy, 75c; Rosalind, 75c; Fauntleroy, 80c; Lonsdale, 80c; Fruit 4-4, 85c; Silver Queen 85c; Ellerslie Cambric, 85c; Lonsdale Cambric, 10c; Boston 9-4, 22½; Boston 10-4, 25c; Newmarket, 42 inch, 10; Newmarket, 45 inch 11c; Pepperell 6-4, 15c.

Denims—Andover, blue and brown, 12c; York blue and brown, 12c; Everett, blue and brown, 12½c; Everett, cutnice, 13c; Arasona, blue and brown, 10c; Mystic fancies, 12c; York fancies, 12½c.

Shirtings—Household checks, 8¼c; Coronet checks, 7½c; Sibley, 7¼c; Alabama, 6¼c; Lucia, 6¼c; Southern, 4½@5c.

Tickings—Amoskeag A C A, 12½c; Falls 82, 12½c; White Horse B, 14c; White Horse 10, 9c; White Horse 30, 8c; White Horse 40, 10c; White Horse, 50, 8c; White Horse 60, 9c; White Horse H C, 15c; Lewiston 30, plaid, 11½c; Lewiston 30, stripe, 11½c; Zephyrs, 17c; Royal, 6¾ I.

Crash—Cotton twill, 3¾c; Windsor twill, 4c; B T 14 in linen, 5c; B T 17 in linen, 6c; B T 19 in linen, 7c; B T 18 in linen, 8c; N 19 in linen, 9c; S R T 21 in linen, 12c; bleached huck, 4½c; Windsor bleached, 5c; Pemberton bleached stripe, 5c; check linens, 8c; plaid linens, 10c; twilled linens, 12½c.

Richard Hoops (colored), who claims to have been born in 1770, is still living in a dilapidated little shanty on the Cole county (Mo.) side of the Osage river railroad bridge. He has occupied the same uninviting quarters for a number of years. To all outward appearances he is just the same that he was 20 years ago.

A Doylestown (Pa.) store-keeper has been troubled for some time by boys who have made it a custom to lounge about his store on the cellar door. To be rid of the nuisance he arranged a rubbar tube so that one end hung over the steps, while a large funnel was placed on the upper end. The first victim was caught in the trap a few nights ago. One shower bath was efficient for the gang.

bbl; short, $13 00; clear, $13 50; short clear, $14 00 pounds. Hams, 18 lbs and over, 10½c; 15 lbs average 11c; 12 lbs and under, 11½c. Shoulders, 8c. Breakfast bacon, clear, 9½c; rib, 9c. Smoked beef, 13c. Lard—Kettle rendered, 8c; by barrel, 8¼c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 8¼c; refined, 7¾c; 50 lb tins, 8c. Bacon sides, 8c. Bologna, 6c.

Butter—Gathered creams, 17@20c; fancy Ohio creamery, 26c; fancy northwestern cream, ers, 27@28c; fancy dairy, 18@19c; prime to choice, 14@16c; medium, 10@12c; common, 7@8c per pound. The market is dull for all grades, and lower prices on choice stock are looked for.

Calves—Choice, 6½c; medium, 6c per pound.

Tallow—City, 4c per lb; country, 4c. Market strong.

Hides—Kip skins, 5c; calf skins, 6c; light hides, 4c; heavy steers, 5½c; No 1 green, 5c; No 2 do, 3c; No 1 wet salted, 6c; No 2 do, 4c; No 1 bull, 3½c; No 1 dry flint, 10c; No 2 do, 7c; dry salted, 6@7c per lb; sheep pelts, full wool, $1 00@1 50; glue stock, 2c. Market dull and quiet.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23 per lb; combing and delaine, 24@26c; quarter blood, 25@24c; fine merino, 18@19c; burry and cots, 13@15c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@30c; combing and delaine, 30@31; fine merino, X and XX, 28@29c; burry and cots, 18@20c. Tub-washed—30@32c; pulled, 25@30c. Market firm, with fair demand for new clip.

Blackberries—$3 50 per bu.
Currants—$2 00@2 50 per bu.
Gooseberries—$2 50@3 00 per bu.
Cherries—$2 00 per bu.
Raspberries.—$3 50 per bu.
Peaches—$2 50@3 00 per bu.
Watermelons—10@30c.
Blueberries—$4 00@5 per bu.
Celery—25@30c per dozen.

Vegetables—Potatoes, new, $1 75 per bbl. Cabbage home grown, 75c per bbl. Onions, Bermuda, $2 00 per crate; home-grown, $1 25@1 50 per sack. Cucumbers, 20c per dozen. New beets, 20c per dozen. Peas, $1 00 for home grown. Tomatoes, $2 00@2 25 per bu. String beans, green, 75c; wax, 75c.

Eggs—Quiet but scarce and firm at 16@16c per dozen.

Hay—Choice timothy, $15 00@16 00; No 2 do $12 00@13 00; mixed, $10 00@11 00. Straw, $10

Seeds—German millet, $1 15 from store; Hungarian and common millet, 85c@$1 00 from store; flaxseed, $1 10@1 25 per bu on arrival.

Millfeed—Bran, $18 00 in bulk on track; shipstuff, $20 00; middlings $22 00 and $1 00 more in bags.

Flour—Spring patent, $5 50; spring family 5 25, winter patent, $5 50@6 50; fancy, $5 25@5 50 winter family, $5 25@5 50; extra, $3 75@4 00; low grade, $4 00; northwestern rye, $5 25@5 50 per bbl.

Salt—85c per small bbl; large, 90c per bbl, Michigan, on track, 75c.

Beans—New York marrows, $2 50@2 60; navy and medium, $2 30@2 40 per bu.; western navy, $2 50@2 75.

Maple Sweets—Syrup, pure, $1 00@1 10 per gallon; manufactured, 75@90c.; sugar, 11@12½c. per lb.; Common, 8@10c. Market quiet.

Sorghum—Medium to choice, 34@36c per gallon. Market dull.

Dried Fruit—Apples, 9@10c per lb; evaporated, 18@19c; peaches, 7@8c. Market dull.

Cheese—New York full cream, 10@11c; Michigan full cream, 9@9½c; Young America, 9@10c; fancy Schweitzer, 14½@15c; twins, 11½@12c per pound. Stocks are light and the market firm.

Fish—Mackerel, No. 1 large shore, per bbl, $18 00@20 00; No. 1 shore, $16 00@17 00; No. 1 medium, $20 00@21 00; No. 2 shore, $17 50@18 50. White fish, No. 1, per half bbl, $7 50; No. 2, $6 00@6 25; Lake herring, $3 00 per half bbl; No. box herring, 25c per box. Very quiet.

Oils—Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana standard car lots, 6½c; water white, 150 headlight, 8½c; lard oil, 59@58c; linseed oil, 54@56c.

Turpentine—Dull at 39@40c per gal.

Feathers—Prime live white geese, 43c and scarce; old and mixed, 38@40c per pound on arrival. Market firm.

Hops—New York, 30@33c; Western, 28@33c; foreign, 60c per lb.

Peanuts—Farmers' rough, 3@3¼c per lb; do screened, 3¼@3½c; recleaned and handpicked, 3½@5½c.

Groceries.—Coffee, common, 19½c; ordinary, 19@19½c; low fair, 20@20½c; fair, 20¾@21c; prime, 21½c; choice, 21½@22c; yellow, 22@24c; Caracas, 23@24c; Java, 27@30c; Mocha, 27@30c. Sugars strong; cutloaf, 5½c; powdered 5⅝c; granulated, 4¾c; confectioner's A, 4¾c; mould A, 4¾c; off A, 4¼@4¼c; extra C, 4c; yellows, 3¾@3¾c. Demand fairly active for all grades. Molasses firm; centrifugal, 18@25c per gallon; open kettle, 30@45c; syrup, 27@35c. Rice firm; fair to choice Louisiana, 4¾@5½c per pound. Japan, 5½@6c. The foregoing are wholesale, not jobbing prices, which are fractionally higher.

Satteens—B C Henrietta satteens, 10½c net; A Henrietta satteens, 16c reg; B Henrietta satteens, 12c reg; C Henrietta satteens, 12½c reg; D Henrietta satteens, 25c reg; E Henrietta satteens, 30c reg.

Warps—White rose white, 18c; white rose colors, 21c; wadding black, 20c; wadding white, 16c; Stark A bags, $20 00 per bale; Georgia bags $15 50; Eureka bags, $17 00.

Live Stock.

Buffalo, July 31.—Cattle—Receipts 54 loads through, 2 loads for sale; the market was slow and unchanged. Sales of best shipping and export steers at $4 80@5 00 per cwt; light to medium steers at $3 50@4 25.

Hogs—Receipts 5 loads through, 8 loads for sale fresh and 12 loads held over. The market was slow. Sales of Yorkers at $5 80@5 85 per cwt; medium corn fed at $5 85@5 90.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 22 loads through, 4 loads for sale; the market was strong; all sold. Sales of best sheep at $4 85@5 25 per cwt; fair to good at $4 00@4 75; common to extra lambs at $5 25@6 40.

CHICAGO, July 31.—The Evening Journal reports: Cattle—Receipts 10,000 head; shipments not reported. The market was slow and weak. Top prices $5 20 per cwt; no extra natives on sale; good to choice at $4 90@5 90; others at $3 50@4 50; Texans at $2 85@3 40; stockers at $2 10@3 50; native cows at $2 00@3 05.

Hogs—Receipts 15,000 head; shipments, 9,000 head. The market was steady. Sales of rough and common at $4 50@4 90 per cwt; mixed and packers at $5 00@5 40; prime heavy and butchers' weights at $5 45@5 50; prime light at $5 60@5 70; second class light at $5 25@5 50.

Sheep—Receipts, 6,000 head; shipments, 3,500 head. The market was steady and weaker for all of native sheep at $3 50@4 50 per cwt; mixed and wethers at $4 00@5 25; Texans a $4 10@4 40; lambs at $3 50@5 50.

Kansas City, July 31.—The Live Stock Indicator reports: Cattle—Receipts 4,600 head, shipments 2,800. Beef steers were in fair and steady. Sales of native steers at $3 00@5 05 per cwt; cows $1 50@3 50, stockers and feeding steers at $2 50@3 00.

Hogs—Receipts 5,000 head, shipments 1,400 head. The market was steady. Sales of all grades at $4 90@5 40 per cwt, the bulk at $5 20@5 35.

Sheep—Receipts 800 head, shipments 300 head. The market was unchanged.

East Liberty July 31.—Cattle—Receipts 672 head, shipments 652 head. The market was slow. Prime steers at $5 5.@5 90 per cwt; fair to good do at $4 25@5 00; common at $3 50@4 30; bulls, cows and stags at $2 00@3 50. No cattle shipped to New York to-day.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,500 head, shipments 1,800 head. The market was fair. Sales of choice selected Philadelphias at $5 70@5 75 per cwt; best Yorkers and mixed at $5 50@5 60; common to fair Yorkers at $5 00@5 40; fair to best pigs at $4 00@5 00. Five cars of hogs shipped to New York to-day.

Sheep—Receipts 2,200 head; shipments, 1,800 head. The market was steady. Prime sheep at $4 75@5 00 per cwt; fair to good at $4 00@4 50; common at $2 00@4 00; spring lambs at $4

The Bee.

BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO

ELMER WHITE. G. G HADLEY. F. P. CHAPIN

ESTABLISHED 1876.

The BEE absorbed—
Daily and Weekly Times, February 15, 1881.
Daily and Weekly Post, February 25, 1886.

ONLY 14 years old, and the leading paper of Northwestern Ohio. It is the pioneer 1c priced paper, is always for the people and is read by the great masses. For these reasons THE BEE has always enjoyed the largest circulation, and is consequently the best advertising medium.

OFFICE 136 AND 138 ST. CLAIR ST

THE BEE Is regularly placed on file and may be seen at the BEE's New York Office, Room 236 Potter Building, opposite Postoffice, New York City.

TOLEDO, OHIO, JULY 31, 1891.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JAMES E. CAMPBELL, Butler County.
For Lieutenant Governor,
W. V. MARQUIS, Logan County.
For Auditor of State,
T. E. PECKINPAUGH, Wayne County.
For Attorney General,
JOHN P. BAILEY, Putnam County.
For State Treasurer,
C. F. ACKERMAN, Richland County.
For Judge of Supreme Court,
GUSTAVUS H. WALD, Hamilton County.
For Commissioner of the Public Schools,
CHARLES C. MILLER, Erie County.
For Member Board of Public Works,
JOHN MCNAMARA, Summit County.
For Food and Dairy Commissioner,
A. J. THUMBO, Lawrence County.

Colonel Robert Ingersoll thinks that "Major McKinley best represents the republican party and he should be its next nominee for president." The Bee is entirely of the same opinion, and suggests that if Colonel Ingersoll will press the button to secure that nomination, the people will do the rest.

Commoners O'Brien and Dillon are out of jail, but the way the McCarthy and Parnell factions began to pull-haul them at the very door of their prison may make them wish they were back again. The devotion of these two parliamentarians to Ireland's cause is unquestioned, and they never had a greater task than now lies before them. All friends of home rule look to see them bring order out of the chaos Parnell and his opponents have created.

Governor Buchanan has found a deal of work for the specially convened Tennessee legislature to do during its dog-days session. The question of an appropriation for a world's fair exhibit will be reconsidered; amending the election laws; state reapportionment; increasing the governor's authority over the militia; removal of the penitentiary and investigation of the convict lease system, and some matters of lesser importance. The Solons must hustle to get through with all this in the specified time for the session.

Commissioner Owen tried to be "a biger man" than Secretary Foster, but the astute Ohioan can see a political boomerang a long way off, which makes him the better politician of the two. The secretary realizes it is much better for his party that workmen should be imported to this country in defiance of the alien labor law, than that the law should be interpreted as permitting their importation. The immigration officers appointed by this administration know how to let contract laborers through. It is not necessary to openly admit them. This is what Secretary Foster means.

Republican reciprocity is better than McKinleyism in that the latter is a tragedy in its effects and the former is a comedy in its non-effectiveness. The new treaty with San Domingo, advertised with a flourish by the protectionists, amounts to no more than any of the preceding ones. From San Domingo we receive sugar, coffee, mahogany and hides. Sugar, hides and coffee entered our ports free of duty before the treaty and therefore we gain nothing on that score. We export to San Domingo principally breadstuffs and provisions and cotton goods. There is no new market created by the treaty, and its every provision is a farce.

Our world's fair envoys were given a magnificent banquet on the eve of their departure from England, and ex-Congressman Butterworth received an autograph letter from Gladstone, who was not able to be present with the other notables, in which the old statesman said:

I can not doubt that the Chicago exhibition will tend materially to advance the commercial interests between nations and those sentiments of friendship which are its usual result. I shall not, I hope, transgress the limits of courtesy in expressing the hope that those at least who come after me may live to see the industrial glory of America freed from every fetter and her unparalleled natural resources turned to the best account.

Probably Mr. Butterworth will have this letter framed and present it to Major McKinley.

A late census bulletin deals with prisoners in county jails, showing the total number so confined on June 1, 1890, to have been 19,538. The male prisoners numbered 17,801, women prisoners, 1,737. In regard to birthplace and parentage the same condition is shown as that given in the figures on penitentiary convicts; that is, the inmates are equally divided, the native-white, colored and foreign-born element furnishing each about one-third. Although Ohio is fourth in population among states it is fifteenth in numerical order in the number of prisoners in jail, the number being 502. This is a relative decrease, the ratio of prisoners to population being 137, while in 1880 the number of these prisoners was 466, a ratio of 146 to the population. Madison county, this state, is reported as having no jail at the time the census was taken; the jails of fifteen counties were empty.

The democrats of Kansas have taken the right stand on the question of fusion with the people's party, and speak with no uncertain sound. The wrongs the republican party have inflicted on the farmers of Kansas and the agriculturalists generally demand the overthrow of that party's rule. It is not to be achieved by advocacy of doctrines as false and as fatal as those which have governed that party. Nowhere can the democrats afford to enter into entangling affiliation with a party that takes the field pledged to any sort of obnoxious class legislation. These many years the democracy of Kansas has had no winning chance in its fight for sound governmental policies. But it is and has been a party courageous enough to fight on for principle's sake. This is a record not to be forfeited for a possible temporary gain. The triumph of these principles of government for which the democracy stands will come in time, even in Kansas, and the time is hastening.

Secretary Crawford of the Ohio Farmers' alliance said in his interview with the Bee correspondent that Major McKinley must prove "protection protects all classes" or "the people of Ohio will drop his theory of protection like a hot cake." Mr. Crawford is the conservative representative of the most conservative organization of farmers in the state, an organization that by its constitution forbids its members taking concerted political action. Yet this expression of Mr. Crawford's indicates that even the conservative farmer who has been a republican in the past has come to a fork in the road. He will no longer be led to his own undoing. Major McKinley can not prove that "protection protects all classes" for the simple reason that it does not. Thousands of farmers of Ohio have found this out for themselves, as November's election will show. The rest are getting there, as this interview shows.

"The monthly report of the American Protective Tariff league for June showed a distribution of 1,412,110 pages of tariff literature, and an increase of over one hundred confidential agents.—Boston Journal.

This speaks well for the industry with which the high protectionists are bolstering up their fallacious doctrines, but it will not work well this time. The demonstration of the falsity of the old adage that "figures won't lie" has been over and over again made by comparing the doctored statements of this tariff literature with real facts. Its usefulness is now a thing of the past, because "it is not a theory but a condition" that confronts the voters, and they do not have to go to books to see how a prohibitive tariff affects their prosperity. The Protective Tariff league is industrious, but not wise in continuing to circulate its documents. But what are "confidential agents" employed for, that an increase in their numbers is made a reason for congratulation by the Journal?

Attention is called to a letter in this impression of the Bee from City Solicitor Read. Assuming that Mr. Read knows what he is talking about a serious condition confronts the taxpayers of Toledo. In plain words the attorney of the city says the natural gas trustees have unlimited power to make just such contracts as they choose, and contract an unlimited indebtedness which the city must pay. In this country congress possesses such power, and the several state legislatures may extravagantly involve the commonwealths in disastrous debt trouble, but, until now, no municipal, county or local board was ever delegated with such broad and far reaching authority to incur indebtedness as is now conferred upon our natural gas trustees.

The consideration of this question does not involve the pipe line cause. It is a new thing, an invention that may plague this town before many years. If another large sum, say two, three, four or five hundred thousand dollars, is needed to complete the natural gas service it would be better to have that expenditure ordered by law. There would be something tangible in the proposition and the people of Toledo would vote yes by a large majority. But to say that the trustees possess the unquestioned and unquestionable authority to incur an indebtedness without limit, and "the city must foot the bills," is a dangerous thing to do business with. The City Solicitor may not be right in his view of the situation. We hope he is not, still the people have a serious question to consider and in this emergency they must rely upon the good business judgment of the trustees to steer the city ship clear of breakers, and do the best with a law that is intended to serve a wise purpose, but which might easily be made the instrument of disastrous consequences.

An Excellent Opportunity.

The farmers of Ohio will have an excellent opportunity this fall to express their opinion of the tariff legislation of the republican party, which taxes them for the benefit of a few "protected" manufacturers, and there is little doubt that the opinion will be most emphatically expressed at the ballot box.—Celina Standard.

McKinley's Views.

Major McKinley says that he is "in favor of the foreign product for taxation, and for the domestic product for consumption." But how can there be any foreign product for taxation unless it is consumed in this country? And what will become of the government's revenue if the taxes which the people pay go to the enrichment of the domestic producers, instead of into the treasury?—Atlanta Journal.

Badly Blemished.

Foraker will be paraded back and forth before the grand stand for "yet a little while," but his blanket will not be removed, and he will be led back to the stable and the door closed upon him for all day. He was fatally spavined before he reached the quarter post in his memorable race against Governor Campbell two years ago.—Bellefontaine Examiner.

Something to be Bought.

Mr. McKinley begins to clamor for money very early in the campaign. But in its present state of mind the Republican party has no dependence for a campaign except money. It looks upon an election as something to be bought.—New York World.

Growing Worse.

The general industrial situation since the passage of the McKinley bill has been growing steadily and rapidly worse, and it will continue so until that iniquity is repealed and tariff reform and prosperity takes its place.—Wheeling Register.

Reports Prove It.

Reports from all over the state prove that Gov. Campbell is stronger with the people than he was two years ago when he "walloped" the ground with "little breeches" Foraker.—Defiance Democrat.

Lots of Honey.

The Toledo BEE now finds its way into the Democrat office. It is a good paper. There are lots of honey and considerable sting to the BEE.—Pomeroy Democrat.

Not as President.

Gov. Hill will make a few speeches in Ohio. Senator Hill will speak at the same times and places. President Hill will never make a speech in Ohio or elsewhere. —St. Louis Republic.

Will Follow.

An army of small green grasshoppers is destroying the oats and laying waste the corn fields in Ohio. Senator Peffer and Jeremiah Simpson will be along later.—Kansas City Star.

Facilitates It.

One of the workings of the McKinley law is to facilitate the importation of contract alien labor when it is a tin man that is wanted.—New Orleans Delta.

A Paradise.

Iquique is the paradise of the people's party now. A place where pillbox lids circulate for money surpasses the wildest dreams of avarice.—Boston Herald.

Wads of Harmony.

There will be great wads of harmony floating about in Ohio when Seerman and Foraker get down to a hunt for the senatorship.—Minneapolis Times.

Of Course.

If McKinley were the republican presidential nominee, would not the protection robbers give more freely to the corruption fund.—Courier-Journal.

Frisky Dark Horse.

Uncle Jerry Rusk says he prefers Wisconsin to Europe and Milwaukee harbor to the Bay of Naples. Frisky dark horse! —New York Telegram.

HAYES WAS THE CARD.

McKinley Failed to Enthuse the People, as

Respect for the Truth is a Principle With Them.

The Tin Soldier Tries to Force Falsehoods Down the Throats of the Thousands.

Lakeside, July 31.—(Special)—Major McKinley was the attraction here yesterday, just as Gov. Campbell had been the day previously, and it may be noted right here that he drew no larger crowd than did our popular governor.

The meeting had been advertised for 2:30 o'clock, but as the major wished to catch an early boat the hour was changed to 2:15 p. m.

Before that time the vast auditorium was well filled and room was at a premium.

Across the front of the stage was suspended a banner bearing the words, "Welcome to Hon. William McKinley and President Hayes."

As on the day previously, the Star Spangled Banner was sung by Mrs. Hall-Wade and the choir, after which ex-President Hayes was introduced. He was accorded a grand greeting and spoke as follows:

"In some important features this meeting seems to me to be a soldiers' meeting. It has been announced that I am to preside at a concert this evening, which will be conducted by Prof. Arthur. He, as well as Major McKinley, was four years with me in the golden days of the divine war for the union, good government and liberty. (Applause.) A friend wrote me a short time ago that he used to think that as old age comes on us the faculties of social enjoyment grow dull. He has, however, found as I have found, that as the ties are sundered, and those whom we love depart, those who are left are prized more and more. Of all the friendships among men, perhaps the best of all is the comradeship of the war. Just about thirty years ago I made the acquaintance of McKinley. He was then a boy just past 17. He had taught school, but he came from the academy to the camp, and with me entered a soldier's life. We were in a fortunate regiment. Its colonel was Wm. G. Rosecrans, a graduate of West Point, and a brave, patriotic and able man.

"The lieutenant colonel was Stanley Mathews, a scholar and an able lawyer. He was afterwards appointed to the supreme bench, and no man of higher character ever honored that position. To this regiment Major McKinley came as the boy I have described. He carried a musket and knapsack. We found in every company of the regiment young men of promise, but we found that he had talent for the business of the war. Young as he was we soon found that his executive ability was unsurpassed for a boy of his age. The night was never so dark or the weather so cold as to cause him to shirk from the efficient and prompt performance of every duty. (Applause.) When I came into command of the regiment he was on my staff, and I came to know him like a book, and love him like a brother. From that staff he passed on to the staff of George Crook, the favorite of all soldiers whom he ever commanded. When he said that he wanted McKinley it was my duty to tell McKinley that he must leave me. The bloodiest day of the entire war, or perhaps of any war, was the 17th of September, 1862—the battle of Antietam. That battle commenced at daylight. The men were in position before that and they went into the battle without breakfast.

"The fight continued until sunset, and during the afternoon they were broken in spirit and almost famished. There came to some of these men, under the personal supervision of McKinley, a commissary sergeant, hot coffee and warm meats, something that was never done before on any battle field in the world. This food was taken to these men, under a heavy fire, by the brave young McKinley. Coming to Ohio some time later, suffering from wounds, I called on Gov. Tod. I related this incident to him and he immediately promoted McKinley from sergeant to lieutenant for his bravery. As was the case with many soldiers I did not keep a diary during the war, but I did keep several note books. When I knew that I was coming here I looked over these books and found the following under date of December 13, 1862: 'Our new second lieutenant, McKinley, returned to-day. He is an exceedingly bright, intelligent, and gentlemanly young officer. He promises to be one of our best.' He has kept that promise in every sense of the word. I am not here to mingle in politics, but my friend, Gov. Campbell, will not object when I say that he has pitted against him a man with whom it will be an honor to contest in a gubernatorial campaign. Ohio is fortunate to have two such able men to discuss the issues of the day. Ohio has a blot on her escutcheon in the capital city of the state. For weeks the people have been agitated over the outcome of a terrible tragedy which grew out of extreme violent personal abuse in the newspapers. When this campaign is ended, it can be said that it was conducted on both sides in a gentlemanly manner. Major McKinley has the courage of his convictions; his convictions are according to his conscience, and his words are according to his convictions. Right or wrong, he is courageous, aggressive and honest. I have the great pleasure to introduce to you my friend and comrade, Major William McKinley."

When Major McKinley arose to speak he was saluted according to the Chautauqua plan, and he proceeded to give what might properly be termed an elementary lecture on the tariff from a protection standpoint.

He did not allude to politics, and vamped at length his well-known arguments against a lower tariff and in favor of high taxes, which aid the rich and injure the poor.

He said many things that caused the Methodist brethren present to blush. He told them that the country was going to make tin out of the American mines with American workmen when the good people know that so far nobody has been able to locate the American tin mines, and they also know that McKinley's lieutenant, Niedringhaus, has been exerting his utmost energies to import foreign contract labor to do the work with foreign tin.

McKinley talked at length, but his address did not appeal to the hearts of the hearers like that of Campbell.

FIRE ON AN EXCURSION BOAT

Panic Among Twelve Hundred Pleasure Seekers.

The Steamer Elm City Has an Exciting Run, and Luckily Nobody Was Injured.

New Haven, Conn., July 31.—As the steamer Elm City was returning from an excursion from New York and Coney Island with the St. Patrick's Total Abstinence Benevolent society on board, the boat caught fire from an overheated boiler abaft of the port wheelhouse, when off Norwalk.

There were about 1,200 persons on board and for a time panic was imminent.

Through the coolness of Capt. Tucker and the crew of the boat order was soon restored, the hands were ordered to their places and the fire was extinguished.

One young man fainted from terror and several women had to be attended to by their escorts. The boat arrived here fifteen minutes after 1 o'clock this morning.

They Will Be Legion.

The Ohio farmer who does not believe in the McKinley bill, will carry a knife in his boot leg this fall.—Ohio Patriot.

ACCUSED OF ROBBERY.

Toledo Detectives Pick Up a Couple for Findlay Officials.

Word was received here yesterday afternoon from Marshal Meyers, of Findlay, requesting the police officers to look out for one G. E. Harrison, alias Smith, and a woman named Smith, who had robbed a man in Findlay of $150.

The matter was put into hands of the detectives, and the parties shadowed and traced to the Hanner house.

Harrison was arrested at about 11 o'clock by Duffy, Spore and Manly, and taken to the police station, where he gave his name as Smith, and denied having done any thing. When searched, $77.88 was found in his pockets. He gave Canada as his home, and said he was a bartender by trade.

Spore and Manly returned to the Hanner house and arrested the woman. Nothing was found on her person.

She gave her name as Nancy Jane Smith, married, but not keeping house, and living in Indianapolis as a servant.

Harrison is about 23 years old, rather small, good looking and well dressed. The woman is about 27 years old.

Findlay's marshal arrived this morning, and will take the prisoners back with him.

THE FARMER ROBBED.

What Necessaries Cost at McKinleyed Prices.

Tariff Rates Before the Bill Passed and Since—110 Per Cent. on His Coffin—Repealing the Law His Remedy.

A farmer of Frederick county, Md., asks what articles used by farmers are sold at high prices by reason of the passage of the McKinley tariff act. His inquiry is a very pertinent one. But for the fancy prices that act and the like acts that preceded it have forced the farmer to pay for nearly all he buys, he would be vastly better off than he is. A penny saved is a penny made. If manufactured articles used by farmers were cheapened by the amount of the McKinley tax our agriculturists would be astonished at the difference in their finances.

The average tariff rate before the McKinley act was passed was about 47 per cent., or nearly half the foreign price of the imported article. The McKinley act raised the average tax rate to about 60 per cent., which is much more than half the price the farmer might buy at if there were no tariff.

On many articles used by farmers the McKinley act more than doubled the foreign price of the imported article, with the effect, of course, of increasing to that extent the price our protected manufacturers, trusts, combines, etc., can get for like articles produced here.

On one kind of wool dress goods, for example, of the sort used by the poor, the foreign price is 30 cents per yard; the McKinley tax 28 cents per yard. On pearl buttons the McKinley tax is greater than the whole price of the foreign article. The same is to be said of spectacles, knives, and a number of other articles the poor must buy.

But the farmer will be more interested in the rates of duty and increases of duty on the larger items of his yearly expenditure. Agricultural machinery is taxed in the McKinley act 45 per cent. That is to say, the protected home manufacturer is enabled to get nearly half as much again for his goods as they could be had for abroad. This is shown in the fact that our manufacturers sell their agricultural machinery abroad at a heavy discount.

The Engineering and Mining Journal, of New York, publishes regularly a list of articles which our manufacturers sell abroad for less than they will sell at here. It gives the wholesale prices for Americans and then the discounts off for foreigners. Preceding the list are the words, "Discounts are for wholesale export only."

Of course, if our manufacturers sell abroad with a profit at the low prices fixed by English competition, they could, if they chose, do the same here. The discounts given below show, therefore, the extra profit they make out of the American farmer by means of the McKinley tariff. The following is a part of the Journal's illustrated list, and is authentic:

"Planet, Jr., No. 2 seed drill," home price, $9; "discount" to the foreigner, "30 per cent.," or $2.70 off; net price to the foreigner, $6.30.

"Combined drill cultivator rake, plow, etc.," home price, $12; price to foreigner, $8.40.

"Fire-Fly hand plow," home price, $2.50; to the foreigner, $1.75.

Hayforks, $24 per dozen; price to the foreigner, $8.40.

Hoes, $9 per dozen; price to the foreigner, $3.15.

Reversible Oneonta clipper plow, iron beam cutter, $14; to the foreigner, $9.80.

Cast-steel garden rakes, per dozen, plain, $8; to the foreigner, $3.20.

Scythes, fine cutlery steel, full polished, $10; to the foreigner, $6.

Peck's axes, handled, per doz., $15; to the foreigner, $7.50.

Peck's hatchets, per dozen, $8; to the foreigner, $4.

Knives, bone handles, $15.35 per gross pairs; to the foreigner, $11.52.

Feed cutters, knives ten inches long, $30; to the foreigner, $21.

Portable forges, $30; to the foreigner, $12.

Horse lawn-mower, $65; to the foreigner, $32.50.

Empire scroll saw, price, boxed, $25; to the foreigner, $20.

Lathe, $40; to the foreigner, $30.

Meat cutter, $4; to the foreigner, $2.

Syphon force pump, $25 to the foreigner, $12.50.

Rat traps, $30 per gross; to the foreigner, $15.

Butter trip scales, $10.50; to the foreigner, $5.25.

Whiffletrees, double, 36 inches long, No. 3, $3; to the foreigner, $1.60.

Windmills, 10 feet pumping, $75; to the foreigner, $37.50.

These figures show sufficiently that the McKinley tariff is enabling the tariff lords to get too much for their goods, and they show how much more than a fair profit it enables them to get on the articles named.

But the farmer buys other things besides agricultural machinery and tools. He buys salt and pays a McKinley tax of 44 per cent. on it, which means that he pays $1.44 for $1 worth of salt. On stoves he pays a tax of 45 per cent.; on bridle and harness, 35 per cent.; on horse-shoes, 52 per cent.; on tinware, 55 per cent.; on spoons, 45 per cent.; on saws, 55 per cent.; wire nails, 150 per cent.; hammers, 50 per cent.; on brooms, 35 per cent.; on thread, 74 per cent.; on common woolen goods, 111 per cent.; on glass tumblers and lamps, 180 per cent.; on hats, 155 per cent.; on locks, 45 per cent.; on flannel shirts, 100 per cent.; on socks, 120 per cent.; on clothes, 85 per cent.; on paregoric, 40 per cent.; on shoes, 23 per cent.; on Bibles, 25 per cent.; on his coffin, 110 per cent.

These figures are eloquent. They tell what has become of the farmer's money. His money has gone in the payment of taxes concealed in the price of what he had to buy. His remedy, of course, is to demand the repeal of the laws that authorize his fellow-citizens to rob him.—Baltimore Sun.

UNPOPULAR AT HOME.

Candidate Wheeler Cannot Carry His Own County.

Sioux City, Ia., July 31.—A. J. Westfall, the people's party candidate for governor, has been on an extensive stumping tour in Northwestern Iowa. He declares that Wheeler, the republican candidate, cannot carry his own county, since he is opposed by some strong republicans. Phil Schaller, a leading Grand Army man and republican, is openly fighting Wheeler in Sac county. Westfall claims that the people's party vote in Iowa will be surprisingly large this fall, and that he will carry the eleventh congressional district, in which he was his party's candidate for congress last fall.

Farwell on Harrison.

Ex-Senator Farwell says that Harrison is "too small, narrow and contemptible to get the republican nomination," and that Blaine is the man if McKinley carries Ohio. Who would care to bet a single bushel of wheat or a barrel of pork either way?—Boston Globe.

LINKED THEIR FORTUNES.

Commercial Alliance Between France and Russia.

The Combine Will Result in Injury to the States.

Fair Commissioners at Paris—King Otto's Condition—Dillon and Parnell—General Foreign Mention.

London, July 31.—It is understood that the terms of a commercial alliance have been practically agreed upon between France and Russia, whereby each country will give preference to the products of the other.

As Russia, in years of favorable harvests, is largely a food exporting country, this arrangemeat will militate more against the United States than England, although British manufacturers receive a severe blow from the new French tariff as it is.

In return for French concessions, Russia will, it is said, give a preference to French manufactures, while maintaining a stringent tariff for imports from other countries. The advantage thus given to France enhances enormously the value of Russian alliance, irrespective of any motive of hostility toward Germany.

A Paris dispatch says the reception of the Chicago fair committee was a little more than polite. The feeling there is very lukewarm toward the American fair, owing partly to the absorbing interest of the European political situation, and partly also to the fact that the American display at the late Paris exposition was considered inadequate, as compared with countries vastly less important in wealth, population and industry.

Again, there is evidence that the historic attachment to America is gradually dying out with the advance of time, and that sentiment is supplanted by hard material interests.

The move to repeal the pork prohibition was only undertaken under the apprehension of the loss of the wine trade with America and its success is not yet assured Even should it pass, the pork would have to pay a heavy duty.

A dispatch from Munich states that King Otto, of Bavaria, had shown of late such symptoms of improvement that he was allowed to take long jaunts, with only one attendant, in the vicinity of his palace prison, the castle of Furstenreid.

His long absence on one of these excursions caused alarm at the castle, and on going out in search of the king, he was found engaged in drilling the attendant in military exercise, of which Otto has a knowledge. The poor attendant had been under drill for two hours or more, Otto meeting any sign of impatience with a cuff or a blow.

The king was cool enough but was with difficulty induced to return to the castle. When the affair became known to the Bavarian soldiery they are said to have expressed a good deal of pleasure at their sovereign's military taste.

John Dillon's accession to the McCarthyite ranks is still the leading topic in London, as well as Dublin. Dillon will, it is stated, take active leadership at once, even though his formal announcement as leader may be deferred for some time. He will be a formidable antagonist for Parnell, as he is strong with the "hillside men" and other extremists who form the bulk of Parnell's followers. "It will be difficult," said a prominent McCarthyite to-day, "for the honest folks who have stood by Parnell to resist the appeal of a man who has just come from serving a term in prison for the Irish cause and who has always been fearless and outspoken toward the common enemy." For this reason Dillon will be doubtless put on the platform as soon as possible.

As for Parnell, his friends say he is as far from yielding as ever, and that he will deliver one of his most earnest speeches at Thurles on Sunday.

On the other hand Mrs. Parnell is said to be anxious for peace and rest, the present situation materially interfering with her social duties and ambitions.

Mrs. Parnell makes no secret that she aspires to presentation at court. In this she will be greatly assisted by the queen's recognition of the aid that Mrs. Parnell's father extended to Queen Victoria's mother at a very critical period.

Mr. O'Brien does not intend to go into the political struggle for the present. He intends, with Mrs. O'Brien, to take a vacation from active Irish politics, while he devotes himself to literature.

A Constantinople dispatch says that for two days past a Russian ironclad has been hovering at the Black sea entrance of the Dardanelles, and the Turks are alarmed at the idea that the vessel may attempt to force its way through to the Mediterranean. In such case the Turkish fleet would not be in a position to prevent the intrusion.

FOUND IN A CAVE.

Mysterious Disappearance of a Wealthy Man Solved by Searchers.

Jeannette, Pa., July 30.—Joel Moore, a wealthy citizen who mysteriously disappeared recently, was found Wednesday night in an old cave half famished and almost dead from exposure.

The old man had been taken to the cave by Joseph and Madison Johnson, two desperate characters, and robbed. The cave was unknown to the citizens, who are wrought up to an extraordinary pitch of excitement over all sorts of rumors.

It has been said that during the past six months four or five people of Jeannette have mysteriously disappeared and nothing has since been heard of them. A searching party has been formed, and, accompanied by officers, the cave will be thoroughly searched. The Johnson brothers were arrested.

WEARS A LONDON HAT.

Protectionists Do Not Practice What They Preach.

Tom Reed Returns to This Country Loaded Down With Products of Pauper Labor.

New York, July 31.—After four months' absence abroad Thomas B. Reed, speaker of the last house of representatives, returned to these shores on the steamer City of New York.

Mr. Reed looked well and said he never felt better in his life. His face is tanned and it is quite certain that he has lost no flesh since he sailed away on March 21.

Mr. Reed's suit of clothes was distinctively American in cut, wherever it was made, but his silk hat, with a narrow brim, was plainly built on a British block. He wore it on the back of his head.

When Reed left in March he had only two trunks, but on his return eight large "boxes of luggage" were checked to the Murray.

It may be claimed that these boxes contained Reed's old clothes, but it is quietly hinted that he has enough of the product of foreign pauper labor in them to supply his whole family and relatives.

On the Ragged Edge Now.

Every hundred years the Atlantic ocean pushes back the coast line where no rocky bluffs oppose its march, about one-third of a mile. At this rate of advance 3,000 years hence Philadelphia will be on the edge of the sea and New York in the soup.—Philadelphia Record.

With All Speed.

Blaine thinks that the republican party must "get nearer to the soil." It seems to be getting under the soil with all reasonable speed.—Chicago Times.

FACTS FROM FOSTORIA.

Plumbers Made to Give Bond—General and Personal.

Fostoria, O., July 31.—(Special)—Co. D, Sixteenth regiment, O. N. G., is making preparation and doing considerable drilling for the expected encampment at Sage Grove, near Port Huron, in August.

A man named Sullivan applied for lodgings at the station house Wednesday night, saying that some one wanted to kill him. He is apparently deranged, and Marshall Baley wrote to the address given by the man, and where he said his parents reside. He claims to be a professional base ballist.

The water works trustees have required $1,000 bond of each plumbing establishment in the city, for the privilege of doing work in connection with the water works pipes, the idea being to hold the plumbers responsible for their work.

Miss Fannie Goodson, of Bellevue, who has been the guest of Miss Phene Higher, returned home yesterday.

Miss Alice Kridle left for New Castle, Pa., Wednesday, where she will make her future home.

A large number of furniture and glass men were in the city yesterday bidding for the furniture and glass contracts for the new Presbyterian church.

The water works trustees last night accepted for the city the stand-pipe erected by the Porter Boiler Manufacturing company, of Chicago. Mr. Porter pays our system of water works the compliment that it is the finest, for the size, he has seen.

STOCK-YARD DEAL.

A Settlement Made by the European Stockholders.

Chicago, July 31.—It has just leaked out that at the meeting of the stockholders of the Union Stock Yards company in this city on Tuesday last, the Tolleston deal which has been a prominent topic of discussion in financial circles for months past, was settled. The "Big Four" will give up the Tolleston bluff and the land at the same time, and remain peaceably at the old location for the next 15 years.

This action was the legitimate outcome of the result of a meeting of the European stockholders of the company in London last week. It is understood that by the terms of the agreement made on Tuesday the stock yards company becomes the possessor of all the land at Tolleston which the Big Four had purchased and on which they had announced their intention of putting up packing houses, and also of the central yards. Exactly what the Big Four get for the deal is not known, but it is certain that whatever it is will come out of the earnings of the company after 10 per cent. has been paid on the common stock, and 6 per cent. on the preferred stock.

TRYING TO REMOVE HIM.

A Negro Who Seems to Bear a Charmed Life.

He is a Witness in an Important Case But May Not Live to Testify If the Powder Holds Out.

Denison, Tex., July 31.—An unsuccessful attempt was made last night to assassinate Aaron Hogan, a negro farmer, living several miles east of Durant, I. T. Hogan had been at Durant during the day, laying in a supply of groceries, and was en route home. Just after night fall, on reaching a point about three miles from home, he was suddenly fired upon from the thick underbrush, the bullet passing through his hat-rim.

He dashed off rapidly but had gone scarcely twenty yards when another Winchester cracked and the ball whistled past his ear.

This is the second attempt to assasinate Hogan, the first time being about four months ago, when one night two men rode up to his house and demanded that he come out.

On refusing, the marauders dismounted and went to the window and began shooting, with the effect of crippling Hogan and shooting the 11 year old daughter so that she afterward died.

An older daughter was shot, and is a cripple for life from the effects of it, and Mrs. Hogan was also badly wounded. The fiends then set fire to the barn and rode off.

A few days after this two young men living in this neighborhood were arrested and taken to the Paris jail, where they were held in heavy bail to await the action of the United States court.

The wounded family at that time were brought to this city, where all but one were brought back to health. This last attempt at assassination is supposed to be by the same parties.

The testimony of Hogan will be the principal evidence to convict them in the United States court, and if he is got rid of they will have little difficulty in coming out clear of the charges pending. He is also a witness against the two men in another murder case, which was the probable incentive for the first attempt at assassination.

Hogan's neighbors speak well of him and condemn in the loudest terms the attempt to murder him.

FOUND HIM IN MISSOURI.

Defaulting Cashier Kirby Finally Arrested.

He Will Return to Marshall, Mich., and Answer for His Hundred Thousand Steal.

Marshall, July 31.—Bank Defaulter Kirby has at last been arrested in Missouri. On Wednesday telegrams reached here asking for a description of the gentleman and if he was wanted. On Tuesday a telegram arrived requesting the sheriff to come after his man and pay the $600 reward.

An interchange of telegrams revealed the fact that Kirby consented to come without the usual requisition, and Sheriff Prentice went after his man to-day, with the necessary funds to pay the reward, provided it is Kirby, and return here on Saturday.

When the arrest was made the ex-cashier assumed to be a resident of Ohio, engaged in insurance business, and also in Missouri. Officers have been close upon him at various times, but he has alluded capture until now.

It is claimed his steal will amount to $100,000.

Sold Their Gold Mines.

Wellsville, O., July 31.—The Recompense and California Mining company have sold their gold mines at El Oro, Mexico, to an Edglish syndicate for $320,000. The stockholders of the company are A. B. Smith and Hon. T. H. Silver, of this city; John N. Taylor, H. S. Knowles and William L. Smith, of East Liverpool; William Monahan, consul to Hamilton, Ont., and Hon. James G. Blaine. The company have an option on another mine in Mexico, and will probably purchase it.

RIOTING AGAIN IN CHINA.

Mission Attacked and the Village Burned.

A Futile Attempt to Capture a Steamer—A Great Feeling of Uneasiness Prevails.

San Francisco, July 31.—Chinese advices per steamer City of Pekin state that the trouble in the Yangtsze valley has spread as far as Ichang.

A mob set fire to the mission station at Spasia and the settlement was entirely destroyed. The rioters then attempted to capture a steamer but failed.

Reports received from Haimen and Tsung-Ming give meagre details of rioting. A church was pillaged and considerable damage done.

A feeling of uneasiness still prevails in northern China but the rioters have been repulsed by gunboats on the Yangtsze.

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No cream of tarter baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*Latest U. S. Government Food Report.*

THE STEAMSHIP LINE

Causes Much Favorable Comment in the City.

It is Probable the "Whalebacks" Will Be Called Into Requisition—Mr. Reynold's Still Reticent.

The publication of the facts of the establishment of a steamship line between Toledo and Liverpool in the BEE yesterday, has been the subject of comment in business circles to-day. It is looked upon as one of the greatest enterprises that has been operated, not only in Toledo, but on the chain of lakes. The magnitude of the project can hardly be estimated.

Rumor is rife, of course, regarding the enterprise, and while Mr. Reynolds, who is chiefly interested, is not saying a word more than he said to a BEE yesterday, there are others who imagine they know something about it.

Among the other rumors in circulation to-day is one that the line will consist of a fleet of so-called "whalebacks" or McDougal cigar-shaped boats. It is claimed that the average steamer or sailing vessel cannot pass through the Welland canal without lightening the cargo. A "whaleback," on the other hand, can pass through with a cargo ranging from 50,000 to 80,000 bushels of grain.

A recent experiment whereby one of these whalebacks crossed the ocean with 100,000 bushels of grain shows that the enterprise can be made successful. The boat was reported off Queenstown a few days ago, and while it is said that it was necessary to lighten her at Kingston before entering the canal, still it is claimed that this difficulty can be overcome.

Asked regarding this and other matters this morning, Mr. Reynolds said he had nothing further to say regarding the project at present. He will deny or affirm nothing.

The new line of steamers will be in operation before next season, and will be increased as the demand requires. The proposed route between Toledo and Liverpool will shorten the line by about three hundred miles, and will also tend to centralize the western grain business in Toledo.

Among the other idle rumors that are floating around to-day is one to the effect that an English syndicate is prepared to grab up all the elevators along the proposed route, Toledo included. This, of course, is merely a rumor, and may not have much in it. Anyway the project, if it is a success, will prove the biggest kind of a bonanza for Toledo.

QUAY AND DUDLEY.

Clarkson says that the chairmanship of the national republican committee is an empty honor. After Quay has voluntarily given it up it must be.—New Orleans Delta.

The resignations of Chairman Quay and Treasurer Dudley of the republican national committee seems to have been welcome to other members. The grand old party finds the blocks-of-five system a heavy load to carry after it has been fully shown up.—St. Louis Republic.

Mr. Quay has resigned, and Mr. Dudley has followed his example. So far as the country is concerned this is well, and the World is thankful that its exposure of these two corrupt elements in the republican party, and consequently in our politics, have been driven from their high places and from their shameful vantage ground.—New York World.

Boss Quay and Blocks-of-Five Dudley yesterday finally sent in their resignations respectively as chairman and treasurer of the republican committee. Quay resigns, also, his membership of the committee. Ex-Headsman Clarkson succeeds Quay. Lots of republicans will breathe freer now and turn their eyes wistfully on Wanamaker, Raum, Bussey, Morgan, et al.—Wheeling Register.

This action was demanded by the republican press of the country. Neither man cared to go, but both had to bow to the wish of the party. It was only a question of resigning now or being dismissed later on; for republicans every where have come to feel that the party was heavily handicapped when men like Quay and Dudley were at the head of the national organization.—Rochester Post-Express.

A Pertinent Question.

TO THE EDITOR: I want to know who pays for the water which the Asphalt Paving company uses in laying pavement? They claim the city gives it to them, yet the city obtains no concessions in paving bids, if that is so. They also claim they have the right to attach to private hydrants, still the citizens are obliged to pay their own water bills. Here is a subject that should be investigated by the water works trustees or the council. Why should any class of paving contractors be specially favored? This is business.

Toledo, July 31. DORR STREET.

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ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT

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still carry their Mail to the Post Office. Where Elevators are used one expects to find the U. S. MAIL CHUTE and the FREE Collection Service."

If you don't find them, you should
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The new BEE Building will be the first in Toledo to use the Mail Chute

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Alley Improvement.

Between Erie and Ontario from Monroe to Jefferson Street

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost on above improvements can save 15 765-1000 per cent by paying cash, which can be accepted up to close of Saturday, August 8 proximo.
W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.
daily to Aug 7

Logan St. Improvement.

Erie Street to Broadway.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost of above improvement can save 15 870-1000 per cent by paying cash, which can be accepted to close of saturday, August 8 proximo.
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WHIP-POOR-WILL.

The western skies blazed through the trees,
And in the east the dove light shone;
Low fields of clover to the breeze
Gave out a fragrant monotone;
While sharp voiced, whirring things beyond
Sent a fall at treble through the air,
And discords of the hidden bond
Pulsed like an anthem deep and rare.
Yet all the twilight range seemed still,
The tumult was so subtle-sweet;
When forth it burst—clear, slow, complete,
The evening call of
"Whip-poor-will!"

The yarrow, crowding by the hedge,
Stirred not its specked, uncertain white;
The locust on the upland's edge
Stood tranced against the blaze of light;
For now the throbbing air was mute.
Since the wild note had pierced it through—
That call so clear, so resolute,
So tender dominant and true;
When suddenly, across the hill—
Long, low and sweet, with dreamy fall,
Yet true and mellow, call for call,
Elate, and with a human thrill,
Came the far answer:
"Whip-poor-will!"
—Mary Mapes Dodge.

BEESWAX.

There are nearly 6,000 pieces in a modern locomotive.

Seven thousands persons can find ample room to repose under the shade of a single mature banyan tree.

Christiania, Norway, has the largest shipyard. Forty ships load at its docks at one time. The lumber yard runs a mile.

Europe is the most thickly settled of all continents, having a population of 380,000,000, or 101 persons to the square mile.

The will of Francis R. Rives, uncle of Amelie Rives-Chanler, which disposes of property valued at $3,000,000, contains no comforting codicil for the novelist.

Gladwin, Mich., claims the largest frame barn in the country. It is 156 feet long, 50 feet wide, is three stories high, a distance of 75 feet from the ground to the apex.

The highest price for a modern print, $125, was paid for the first state of Mercyon's etching, "L'Abside de Notre Dame," at a recent auction of his works in Paris.

The empress of Germany is loyal to the fatherland to the extent of having all her dresses made in Berlin and Vienna. She buys her hats in Berlin and only her gloves come from Paris.

A pigmy recently taken to England from equatorial Africa, and now on exhibition in Liverpool, is of the female sex, only 36 inches in height, and appears to be approaching middle age.

The first Cook excursion was made just 50 years ago. Thomas Cook took a party from Leicester, England, to Longborough—11½ miles, July 5, 1841—and that was the first of the famous cheap trips.

M. Marey, the French scientist, by arranging his own apparatus, has succeeded in photographing the flight of insects, the exposure of the plate being necessarily not over 1 25,000th part of a second.

Watch crystals are made by blowing a sphere of glass about one yard in diameter, after which disks are cut from it by means of a pair of compasses having a diamond at the extremity of one leg.

The exports from the city of Charleston, S. C., increased from $15,788,751 in the year ending June 30, 1890, to $21,340,106 for the year ending June 30, 1891. The largest item of increase was that of cotton.

The favorite page of the crown princess of Sweden is a little negro boy who was imported from Egypt. He is a pretty little fellow of 12 years, and is dressed in a picturesque costume topped off with a diminutive red fez.

Three cities are to hold the ashes of Mme. Blatavsky. The Theosophical convention has resolved to divide her ashes into three parts, and to deposit one portion at Madras, another in London and a third in New York.

The grave of Barbara Freitchie in the German Reformed church cemetery, near Frederick, Md., is marked with a heavy stone bearing her name, age and "1893." There is a tangle of briers and creeping vines running wild over the mound.

The shah of Persia is an enthusiast with the kodak, and takes very good pictures with it when he condescends to do so. Wherever he goes he is accompanied by a court photographer, who takes views of everything that interests the king.

A drill sergeant in the British army was recently ordered to ascertain the religious views of some recruits and this is how he did it: "Fall in! Church of England men on the right; Roman Catholics on the left; all fancy religions to the rear!"

It is claimed over in Boone county that nobody in Missouri can make as elegant a prayer as Pope Yeaman. As a rule women are really more gifted in prayer than men. The genius for petition is developed in the gentler sex to a remarkable degree.

Elijah Kellogg, the man who wrote "Spartacus to the Gladiators," and "Regulus to the Carthaginians," once so familiar to every schoolboy, is still living in Harpswell, Me. He is a clergyman, 81 years old, and even now preaches occasionally.

A marble slab has been placed on the house in which Paganini died in Nice. The inscription concludes with: "The powerful bow that drew forth magic sounds now lies inert, but its supreme sweetness still survives in the scented breezes of Nice."

Coningsby Ralph Disraeli, the great British statesman's nephew, is said to have inherited with his uncle's wealth a great deal of his talent. He is a clever politician, rather a good speaker and writes interesting newspaper and magazine articles.

By means of a powerful jet of compressed air a German military engineer drives dry cement down into the sand or mud at the bottom of a stream, so that the water immediately fixes the cement and it becomes like a solid rock, suitable for foundations.

The people of Thessaly were the first to break horses for service in war, and their proficiency as equestrians probably first gave rise to the ancient myth that their country was originally inhabited by centaurs, fabulous creatures supposed to be half horse and half man.

Whether the alleged remains of Christopher Columbus at San Domingo really to genuine or not is a question which the Chicago world's fair envoy to that island is unwilling to answer at present, and his declaration to that effect is construed in Chicago as expressing a doubt.

The largest fig orchard in the world is expected to be one that will soon be planted in Pomona Valley, Cal. Over 700 acres will be planted, or 73,000 trees. The projectors believe they can produce figs equal to the best Smyrna varieties. The trees will be imported from Syria.

In the six months that he has held office Chief Justice Cedercranz of Samoa has done nothing more than to draw his salary of $500 a month with regularity and promptness. He appears to have solved the problem of getting through life with the least possible amount of labor.

Elisee Reclus, the celebrated French geographer, has been this week in Cambridge, Mass., as the guest of Prof. Marcou. Mr. Reclus is now at work on the volume of his great geography which treats of the United States, and he wished to visit this country again before publishing it.

The collection of electrical apparatus on exhibition at Frankfort-on-the-Main has been insured against fire and damages by explosion to the extent of 3,500,000 marks. The risk has been undertaken by 23 of the principal German insurance offices. The value of the exhibition as a whole is estimated at 7,000,000 marks.

A French lady, who died recently at the Convent of the Sisters of Hope, at Pau, at the age of 91, has bequeathed $20,000 to the Academy of Science, to be given to any person, of whatever nationality, who may within ten years have found the means of communicating from another world-planet or star and of receiving a reply from it.

The "conscience fund" of the postoffice department at Washington the other day received a unique contribution. It consisted of 38 lottery tickets, with the accompanying note: "Dead Letter Office—Here are 38 tickets. They cost me $38 and I never got a cent. It is all humbug. They send out some small prizes, but the large ones stay at home. It is a good thing that Uncle Sam has bottled them. There are thousands that get hit."

A circus visited Burlington, Iowa, a few weeks ago, and while unloading the cages one of them fell from the car and was broken open. It contained a number of large boa constrictors, five of which escaped. Four were recaptured, but the other could not be found. It is now discovered to have taken up its hiding place in a big sewer to the terror of the whole neighborhood. It is ten feet long and six inches thick. A reward of $100 has been offered for its capture and a gang of men and boys are searching for it.

THE PEOPLE'S PARTY

Hold a Convention to Select Delegates

To Next Week's State Convention at Springfield—Meeting at Walbridge Hall Last Night.

The people's party of Lucas county held their convention last night in Walbridge hall, and elected delegates to the state convention, to be held at Springfield, O., August 5 and 6.

The convention was called to order at 8:30 p. m., by W. H. Strong, of the Order of Patrons of Industry, of Java, O., chairman of the county committee.

There were between forty and fifty delegates present.

On a motion made by Mr. Martin, of Toledo, W. H. Dennis was elected chairman and J. A. Asper, secretary.

Mr. Dennis thanked the delegates for the honor conferred.

Before proceeding with the business of the convention Dr. Barnes, of the "Plow and Hammer," of Tiffin, was introduced, and in a short speech stated the object of the meeting, and talked on the principles of the people's party. He discussed the main plank in their platform, that relating to the issuing of money direct to the people by the government.

After Mr. Barnes' speech ways and means were provided by which the delegates were to be sent to Springfield.

The convention pledged itself to assist the county central committee to raise the required amount of money.

On a motion by Mr. J. N. Redmond the farmers selected their delegates and the city selected theirs. Lucas county is entitled to 20 delegates, but only eleven were chosen, six by the farmers and five by the city.

Mr. Martin announced the following names as the city delegates, who were unanimously elected:

Jas. A. Asper, J. N. Redmond, Fred Frick, John C. Klotz and Hugh O'Reilly.

W. H. Strong announced the names of J. L. Soles and Jacob Brown, of Swanton; Rudolph Murbach, of Berkly; W. H. Strong, of Java; Isaiah Preston, of Monclova, and W. G. Farnsworth, of Waterville, as the country delegates and they were elected.

Short talks were made by a few of the delegates and it was decided not to select alternates, but if any one of the delegates should be unable to go to Springfield he could select a substitute to go in his place, after which the meeting adjourned.

NEWS FROM BRYAN.

An Enterprising Town of Northwestern Ohio.

Bryan, O., July 31.—(Special)—People of this place are being favorably impressed with Ely Feathers' efforts in search of gas or oil. Well No. 6 is now down over 600 feet and prospects seem rather encouraging.

The Bryan house, which was partly destroyed by fire a short time ago, is to be replaced by a handsome brick structure. A first-class hotel is needed here and will, no doubt, be largely patronized.

The courtyard is now being graded and will make a very attractive lawn when finished.

Jacob Bauer, well known among the young men here, gave a lecture in the opera house on the subject "Germans in America." This lecture, though not largely attended, was well received and enthusiastically applauded.

BUSINESS STILL BOOMING.

North Baltimore Happy With Her Lot.

A "Street Fair" to be Held and Other Novel Entertainments for the People.

North Baltimore, O., July 31.—(Special)—There is a marked line of progress in all quarters here, and notwithstanding that the farmers are busily engaged in the harvest field, and oil operations are rather quiet, merchants report trade as being fair.

During the past year there have been many improvements in the shape of building, etc., and if North Baltimore keeps on increasing as it has in the past, it will only be a question of a short time before it has a population of 10,000.

Many of the old frame buildings which were unsightly to the community have been torn down and in their places solid and substantial business blocks erected. The main street, which, but a year ago, presented no striking appearance, has been greatly improved and now lines of valuable structures are seen.

It has been most gratifying for the residents to note the rapid increase their town has been making, and the BEE, as it predicted some time ago, again repeats that this place has a great future.

There is an unlimited amount of gas and oil in this city, and many factories have taken advantage of the low price of fuel and located here.

A Street Fair.

Some time ago it was suggested by the public spirited business men of this place to have an attraction in the fall. Those interested immediately took hold of the matter, and a few days since it was decided to hold "A Street Fair" on the 16th, 17th and 18th of September.

It is something entirely new, and the novelty of the affair will insure success.

The merchants invite manufacturers and others to make exhibits, for which they will make no charge. They will, however, in return for the trouble of any who may choose to make an exhibit give liberal premiums.

The fair promises to draw well, and an unlimited amount of amusement will be afforded all who attend.

Proposed Church.

An effort has been made for some time past to raise funds for a new church to be erected by the people of the Church of God. They are meeting with success and the chances for early operation are favorable. It will cost over $4,000 and will be noted for solidity and beauty.

A Catholic Church.

The Catholics of this city are endeavoring to raise money for the purpose of building a place of worship. At a recent meeting, which was largely attended, the signs of building the new structure were exceedingly propitious. It is quite probable that sufficient money will be raised and work will be commenced at once.

Campbell and McKinley.

At the coming state fair entertainment an effort will be made to secure Gov. Campbell and Major McKinley to deliver addresses. It has also been decided to have a band tournament the last day, at which time the best bands in northwestern Ohio will be present.

They Are for Campbell.

Although this is a republican town by about 60 majority it is evident that Gov. Campbell will come out on top at the coming election. Interviews from many leading republicans whose names are withheld by request are to the effect that Gov. Campbell will not lose a democratic vote, but on the contrary, capture enough republican ballots to give him a majority over the major.

Given Up to Die.

With what heart-breaking power these words strike to the heart of tender, loving parents—Given up to die. "Last fall my child, now 16 months old, had diarrhoea. Nothing seemed to control the movements of the bowels. When we had given her up to die, one of my friends commenced to give her Dr. Hand's Diarrhoea Mixture, which controlled the diarrhoea at once. She is now hearty and well." Mrs. Francis Corey, 940 Wyoming ave., Scranton, Pa.

For sale by R. C. Spohn, D. Harpster & Co., Bower & Friedrich, Geo. C. Nill, Thos. Vanstone.

A COLUMN OF QUIRKS.

Guyed the Farmer.

He was a gay young officer and Uncle Sam was in great luck to have such a nice hired man. The car was crowded and he had to set his bright new uniform right down beside a dingy old farmer-looking chap.

"Well, my avuncular relative," said he speaking up so that the passengers might have a chance to join in the laugh, "what promise does she of whom one touch makes us all akin hold forth touching the particular of farmaceous cereals?"

The passengers—those who understood him and those who didn't—snickered.

"How's the wheat crop, eh?" replied the dingy personage. "Fust rate, fust rate."

"Is that which fell alike by the wayside into barren places and upon good ground completely subterranean?"

The passengers laughed.

"Is the seed all under ground, eh?" said the countryman. "Sure; all the seedin's done and things are sproutin'."

"Has your retina been improved by any members of the advance guard of the cantharis vittata?"

The passengers giggled.

"Seen any potato bugs, eh?" said the rustic. "You bet; seen lots of potato bugs, but narv an army worm."

"No?" said the gay young officer, hastily, cheading off an incipient laugh. "And why is the army worm no longer with you?"

"Well," said the old professor from the Podunk Agricultural college, "I heard that most of them had been jugged for duplicating their pay accounts."

The passengers roared.—Chicago Tribune.

A story is told of a certain New Yorker whose splendid country seat has not always housed himself and family, and whose plethoric bank account is of comparitively recent date, says the New York Times. There was, not so very long ago, as a guest at this house a man whose usual courtesy was greatly taxed by the ostentation of his host. Did he admire the view of the distant river, he was told how much it cost to cut the vista through; when the stables were visited an estimate was given of the expense of building and stocking them; a fine painting was commented upon only to have its value in dollars and cents proclaimed, and so on in the most trying manner.

At length dinner was announced, and beyond giving the amount of the wages he paid his French cook the host was fairly quiet. At dessert, however, whose fruit included some hot-house peaches, he pressed a second upon his guest, who took it with the remark that such luscious peaches at this season were a tempting delicacy.

"Yes," said the host, "they are, and an expensive delicacy, too. I estimate that these peaches cost me about 35 cents apiece right here in my hot-house."

Whereupon the guest, taxed beyond his endurance, reached over and took a third peach from the dish, produced a dollar bill from his vest pocket, and, saying calmly, "I suppose you are willing to say three for a dollar," laid it down and left the table.

Not Guilty.

Here is a San Jose law story from the extensive repertory of W. L. Gill, says the Del Monte Wave. A young lawyer, a friend of his, not noted for intelligence, succeeded in having a client acquitted of murder. Meeting him a few days afterward Gill was quite warm in congratulations.

"Yes," said the young lawyer, mopping his brow, "I got him off, but it was a narrow escape."

"A narrow escape? how?" inquired Gill.

"Ah, the tightest squeeze you ever saw. You know, I examined the witnesses and made the argument myself, the plea, self-defence. The jury was out two whole days. Finally the judge called them before him and asked what the trouble was.

"'Only one thing, your honor,' replied the foreman. 'Was the prisoner's attorney retained by him or appointed by the court?'

"'No, gentlemen; the prisoner is a man of means,' said the judge, 'and hired his own attorney.'

"I could not see what bearing the question had on the evidence," continued Mr. Gill's young friend, "but ten minutes later in filed the jury, and what do you think the verdict was?"

"What?" asked Gill.

"Why, not guilty, on the ground of insanity."

Shrewd Puck.

There is a good story going the rounds about a man who has become a successful merchant. A few years ago he was employed as an office boy and messenger for a large firm. He was sent to collect an account from a firm which was considered very "shaky" and was told to get the money at all hazards. The debtors gave the lad a check for $50. He went to the bank at once to cash it, and was told by the cashier that there was not enough funds to meet it.

"How much short?" asked the lad.

"Thirty shillings," was the answer.

It lacked but a minute or two of the time for the bank to close. The boy felt in his pockets, took out 30 shillings, and, pushing it through the window, said, "Put that to the credit of Blank & Co."

The cashier did so, whereupon the boy presented the check and got the money. Blank & Co. failed the next day, and their chagrin can be better imagined than described when they found out the trick that had been played upon them.—London Tit-Bits.

Cut It Short.

Some time since the Emperor William visited a little Silesian town where certain military maneuvers were conducted. The burgomaster took it upon himself to introduce various of the town dignitaries to his majesty.

Fourteen of them were standing in line, and the mayor began as follows: "Herr Peter Paul Schmidt—His majesty the German emperor, king of Prussia, margrave of Bradenburg. Herr Heinrich William Sauerkraut—his majesty the German emperor, king of Trussia, margrave of Brandenburg."

When the burgomaster proceeded to introduce Herr Leberwurst to "His," etc., etc., the kaiser interrupted him, laughingly, with the remark:

"That will do, Herr Burgomaster; I suppose the gentlemen know who I am. Just mention their names, and then there will be some prospect of a little refreshment before nightfall."—London Tid-Bits.

A Bargain's a Bargain.

An excited man rushed into a livery and sale stable on the South side, near Thirty-fourth street, the other day and hunted up the proprietor. His hat was gone, his coat was split up the back and he was covered with mud from head to foot.

"You said those horses you sold me an hour ago were not afraid of the steam roller!" he exclaimed, choking with wrath.

"My friend," replied the owner of the stable, "you are mistaken. I said they didn't care anything for it. They don't. They hate it. They always run like the dickens whenever they see it. Please stand to one side. You're in the way of this gentleman here that's trying to drive out."—Chicago Tribune.

Irresistible.

He—"Ethelinda, be mine. I am young, well born——"

She—"But, Mr. Samson, I do not——"

He (refusing to be interrupted)—"I would care for you tenderly——"

She (hesitating)—"But—but——"

He—"And I have unlimited credit at the principal dry goods stores."

She—"Oh, Henry! I am yours!"—Munsey's Weekly.

Strong Enough.

"I see by a scientific paper," said the star boarder, "that butter is very sustaining."

"Yes," murmured Daggitt, "this ought to hold up a twenty pound dumb-bell."—New York Telegram.

Got the Lard.

"Didn't git no pwize climbin' de greased pole, did ye, Eph?"

"No; but I got 'bout a poun' o' tol'able lard."—Harper's Bazar.

It Has Grown Too Small.

Hamlet Jones—"Here's a brand new hat I'll give you, Smith. I paid $8 for it, and never wore it once."

E. Booth Smith—"Why, how was that?"

Hamlet Jones—"I bought it just before starting out on my successful starring tour, and now—er—it doesn't fit me."—Chicago Saturday Evening Herald.

BEE DIRECTORY

TOLEDO'S ENTERPRISING MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS.

TO THE PUBLIC—The firms represented in this department are reliable in every way. Their goods are the best made, and they are recommended to the readers of the BEE in cities and towns everywhere, as proper persons with whom to deal. Letters addressed to any of them will receive courteous attention and orders will be promptly filled. These firms do much toward making business of this section brisk at all times and are worthy of your patronage.

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NORTHWESTERN SAW WORKS. A. MERTZ ..... PROP. Mfr and dealer in SAWS and PLANER KNIVES. 8 South St. Clair St.	The Standard SAW takes the lead. Manufactured by H. BARTLEY, Toledo, O	BUCKEYE PAINT & VARNISH CO. Mfrs. of Prepared Paints, White and Colored Leads.	Isaac D. Smead & Co. Warming and Ventilating Engineers, manufacturers of Warming and Ventilating Apparatus.
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JACOB FOLGER, PORK PACKER AND SAUSAGE MANUFACTURER. Dealer in Meats. 87 and 89 St. Clair Street.	M. SEYFANG & CO., Wholesale CRACKER, BREAD and CAKE BAKERS, 17—Market Space—19	FRED. KOFF, Mnfr. Carriages and Wagons Repairs and Painting. 215 Locust St., bet. Summit and Water.	Milburn Wagon Co., Manufacturers of Farm and Spring Wagons, Buggies, Carriages, Phaetons, Business Wagons, etc., 3134 Monroe St.
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J. L. ARNOLD. Mfr. of Galvanized Iron Cornice, Sky-Lights, Slate Tin, Iron and Gravel Roofing. 712 MONROE STREET	L. S. Baumgardner & Co Imp. and Jobbers of DRY GOODS, Fancy Goods & Notions Summit St. Wholesale Only.	DAVIS BROS', Wholesale Notions and Fancy Goods, 214 and 216 Summit St.	The Ames, Bonner Co. Manufacturers of BRUSHES, Buyers of Beech Lumber Correspondence solicited.
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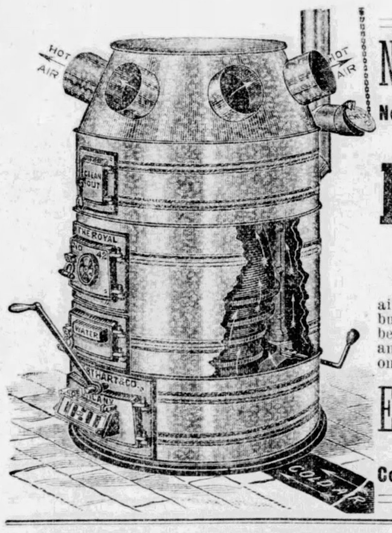

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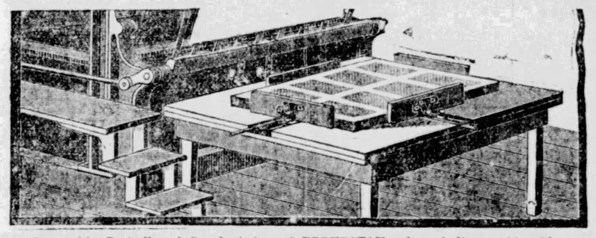

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R. A. HART & CO., Battle Creek, Mich.

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More Buggy for the Money than any Place in the State.

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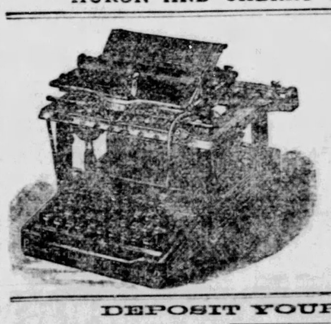

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TYPEWRITER SUPPLIES.

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Interest allowed on Savings Deposits, payable Semi-Annually.
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FOR SALE!

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I. H. DETWILER & CO.

IMPROVED PROPERTY.

$1,050.. Tecumseh st. 2 story frame.
2,900.. Oakwood ave near Shaw ave, 2 story frame.
1,800.. Fourth st, East Toledo, 2 story frame house, 50 ft frontage.
1,700.. Erie st near Chestnut, 1½ story frame.
3,100.. Franklin ave near Cherry, 5 room cottage.
3,000.. Bartlett st near Collingwood, modern frame, large lot.
1,800.. New house, Michigan st near Buckeye.
2,000.. Cherry st, East Toledo, large frame house.
1,000.. New cottage, Dorr st near Hawthorn.
1,275.. Lorain near Broadway, cottage.
1,250.. Six room cottage, new, Missouri st.
1,850.. Bloomfield st near Union depot.
4,500.. Collingwood ave near Bartlett, modern and new dwelling.
1,825.. Brick cottage, Ontario st near Bush.
1,950.. Washington st near Forest ave, new cottage.
16,000.. Jefferson st near 17th, modern dwelling, large yard.
1,975.. Frame dwelling, Wakeman st near Oak.
800.. Dexter st near Lagrange, 3 room cottage.
5,500.. Large modern dwelling, 218 st near Monroe.
875.. Bancroft st near railroad, 5 room cottage.
6,000.. 21st st near Jefferson, large, modern 2 story frame.
4,000.. Large modern dwelling, Huron st near Erie.
1,000.. Cottage, Moore st near Chestnut.
1,850.. Sherman st near Elm, cottage.
7,500.. Modern 12 room dwelling, Vermont ave
700.. 1½ story frame dwelling on Seaman st.
750.. Charles st near Curtis, cottage.
850.. Ewing st near Blume, cottage.
2,200.. Wade st near Union depot, cottage.
750.. Brown st, East Toledo, cottage.
800.. Orchard st near Hawley, cottage.
1,800.. Congress st cor Orchard, 2 story frame.
1,975.. 13th st near Illinois, 2 story frame.
900.. Cottage, Indiana ave near Clark st.
2,000.. Missouri st near Lenk, two cottages, 80 feet frontage.

VACANT PROPERTY.

6 00 per ft.. Bartlett st near fair grounds.
20 00 " .. Erie st near Ash.
15 00 " .. Dorr st near Detroit ave.
20 00 " .. Bartlett near Shaw ave.
40 00 " .. Collingwood near Washington.
25 00 " .. Rondwood ave near Virginia st.
18 00 " .. Maplewood ave near Virginia.
38 00 " .. Erie near Stickney ave.
20 00 " .. Cherry st, East Toledo, 60 feet.
10 00 " .. Oakwood ave near Detroit ave.
25 00 " .. " " " Shaw ave.
57 50 " .. 11th st near Monroe.
25 00 " .. Jefferson st near 10th.
18 00 " .. 14th st near Madison.
85 00 " .. Broadway cor Thayer, 44 feet.
275 00 " .. Monroe st near Huron, with frame building.
10 00 " .. Germania st near Hawley.
30 00 " .. Smith st near Union, 50 feet.
12 00 " .. Hick st near Forest ave, 30 feet.
22 50 " .. Vermont ave near Bancroft.
25 00 " .. Franklin ave near Bancroft.
15 00 " .. Indiana ave near Lenk.

We build Houses, buy, sell and exchange Property, and lend money. See us if we can save you money in these lines,

I. H. Detwiler & Co.,
Cor. Summit and Jefferson Sts.

Lots on Maplewood Avenue
30 Ft. Frontage, $175.

Lots on Glenwood Avenue
30 Ft. Frontage, $300.

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Ten thousand acres West Virginia timber and coal land for sale or exchange, for Toledo city property. Abstracts furnished.
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Office, room 1, Anderson Block, Summit st., n. Madison, where I will be able to furnish best of bargains and most favorable terms to old customers and as many new ones as will get homes or make investments before buying elsewhere. Call and see me. ROBT. McCASKEY.

FOR SALE—
Double house and lot on Western ave, $
Cottage on South st, lot 40x215, $1,300.
Building lot on Hicks st, 30x140, $6 0.
House and lot on Ontario st, near Ash, $
House and lot on Orange st, near Erie, $1
Handsome building lots on South st, $400.
DECLAN ALLEN'S SONS,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance, 620½ Adams Street.

Lawn Mowers,
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A First-Class Restaurant.
MEALS 25 CENTS.
503 Monroe St., cor. Market Space
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COTOTURLEY'S
415 ADAMS STREET.
And Leave orders for
ICE CREAM and ICES.
Churches Furnished at Special Rates

Erie Street Improvement.

Swan Creek to Logan Street.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost of Erie street improvement, can save 18 86 per cent by paying cash—which can be accepted to close of Thursday, August 6th proximo.
W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.
first pub sat July 25, 28, 30 aug 1, 4, 6

TWO CENTS.

REET CAR TROUBLES.

ng of the Men Called for To-Night,

ch Will Decide Upon Some Action.

Be Another Strike or it May But a Volcano Is Smoldering Just the Same.

Electric Wage Workers' union includes the conductors and motor both street car companies, and the car Men's union will hold a special meeting at Carpenter's hall this to discuss several grievances that en hanging fire since the strike. ten claim that they have not been right, and there is a strong feeling them for another strike. It is for son that the meeting is called for t, and so me immediate and decisive will be taken. Many of the men ivor of a strike at once, while the leads among the leaders are not ous, but would rather bring the les in by other means if possible. s been previously mentioned in the r many are dissatisfied because the ies are only paying 15 cents per tead of $1 83 per day, as they un- the agreement under which they t to work. The men say they are ng to work the full 12 hours per want pay for the same, and claim companies should keep them at the full time.

e companies are now working a ertion of the men only from 9 to per day, and consequently at 15 r hour they are unable to get full me of them have only been re- $1.36.

s this the companies have been a number of spotters on the and through the work e many men have been dis- on the most trivial excuses. There considerable dissatisfaction with tendent Bowman, of the Consoli- lthough this is not put forth as eir grievances.

al of the men prominent in the ar trouble stated to a BEE that if been working under a different strike would ever have been about.

THE WORLD OF TOILERS.

Labor Matters are All Serene in the "Future Great."

All Wage Earners Will Celebrate Labor Day.

The Machine and the Typos—Inspector McDonald at Work—What Labor Organizations are Doing Here and Elsewhere.

Inspector McDonald has been going the rounds in Cincinnati. Children under the legal age were found at work and ordered discharged in eight establishments. There were 141 of these little ones, 104 of them girls and 37 boys. Inasmuch as the inspector has promised Toledo shall be "thoroughly investigated" this year, it might be well for some of the employers of this city to send the children home before Mr. McDonald comes.

General Secretary Hayes, of the Knights of Labor, has issued credential and service blanks to the delegates who will represent the order in the session at Toledo next November. The credentials state that the meetings will be held in the Knights of Labor hall, 318 Summit street, and that hotel accommodations have been secured at the Jefferson, Burnett and Union. The first named house is headquarters, to which all letters and telegrams for the convention and delegates will be addressed during the session.

A writer in "The American Bookmaker," who signs himself "Side Stick," writes in an interesting manner under the title "Let us Prepare for the Machines." He says:

Machine composition is coming to be recognized as an accomplished fact. There no longer exists any doubt as to its success. Types can be set, or type bars can be cast, at a much greater speed than can be acquired by our fastest compositors. This being so, I think it would be well for us to look closely into the question of how the new state of things is going to affect us. If we can only set up straight matter there will soon be very little for us to do.

The more machines are used the more compositors will be laid off, and the greater will be the difficulty in their finding work elsewhere. He would have them prepare for the machines by learning to do the work the machines can never do. Many a first-class man on "straight composition" is as helpless as a baby at display work, job work, rule and figure work, making up and imposition. But the more machines are used for straight work, the more work there will be of the kind the machines cannot do, and "Side Stick" would have the union men prepare to take and hold these places by fitting themselves for them. His suggestions are these:

Let the International Typographical union adopt a rule which will make it lawful for a man to work a certain time at a reduced rate. A period of six months might be the limit, and a man who really wished to do so could learn a great deal in that time.

He could obtain one or more of the books which treat upon these matters and study them at home. He might also obtain information from those who are competent to give it, and sh uld have no difficulty in finding those who would be willing as well as competent.

Another way in which the International Typographical union might help in this matter would be the formation of classes of instruction, which could be held in the evening, and in which much practical information might be imparted by competent men. The classes might be held in composing rooms by the permission of employers, and where all of the necessary tools and appliances would be ready for use.

Some may be disposed to ridicule these suggestions on the ground that it is putting men in the position of boys and that no men would be found willing to become learners. But I cannot see why a man need be ashamed of being taught what he does not know.

I am convinced that those who are prepared to make some present sacrifice in order to become more proficient in their business are the men who will be able to hold their own against all the machinery that may be invented. Those who are too proud or too lazy to do this will go to the wall.

Whether these suggestions will be considered or not the Typographical union, which has always been justly proud of the good care it takes of its members and their interests, has quite a problem before it, which the type-setting machine has made. On July 16 a vote was taken by all members of the Union on the reduction of hours in book and job offices to nine. While the vote has not yet been made public, the vote in this city is probably an indication of the general vote, and here it was almost unanimously in favor of nine hours. But with the machine as a factor in regulating supply and demand in the type-setters' trade, a shortening of hours, where that is possible, will not be a sufficient change. The men of the trade will do well to prepare themselves to "go up higher."

The C. L. U.

The regular meeting of the Central Labor union last night was well attended. Labor day business was the principal business before the meeting. The committee which had been appointed to confer with the Building Trades' council, in relation to the unions of that body parading in the C. L. U. procession on Labor day, reported that these unions would participate in the celebration under the auspices of the C. L. U., but wanted a share of the proceeds. The matter was again referred to the Labor day committee, which meets in Carpenters' hall next Sunday, at 2 p. m. The legislative committee meets at the same place Sunday morning, at 10 o'clock.

The following new delegates were received at last night's meeting:

Pressman's union, No. 55—James Blakeley, Joseph Schreiber, Samuel Shappel, Carl Barks, Joseph Raser and Windel Bayer.

Tin, Sheet Iron and Cornice Workers' union, No. 6—H. Kemper, N. D. Schuman, G. Wolf, R. Doner, I. Scoffield and R. Jenson.

Horace Stump and James Burgassu to fill vacancies in the representation of Cigar Makers' union, No. 48.

L. J. Hollinger to fill vacancy in the Mutual Protective association.

Linemen's union—John Abbott, James Carney, John J. Carr.

The Toledo Machinists.

The excursion given by the Toledo anch, National Association of Machin-, to Put-in-Bay yesterday, was a most elightful and very successful outing. There was a general reunion of branches from Toledo, Cleveland, Detroit, Sandusky and other points, and the boys enjoyed themselves hugely. Frederick's Union band accompanied the Toledo delegation and furnished some excellent music. The Metal Polishers' quartet also entertained the delegation coming and going, and John Holland, familiarly known as "Whistling Jack," gave interesting exhibitions of his whistling.

Committee Meeting To-Night.

This evening at Walbridge hall the executive board of D. A. 72 and delegates from the city local assemblies of the knights will meet in committee to further consider the proposed celebration of Labor day. It is probable definite arrangements will be concluded at this meeting.

The Free Employment Bureau Report

The report of the Toledo employment office for week ending July 31:

	Males.	Females.
Situations wanted	84	37
Help wanted	237	61
Positions secured	30	9
	351	

As will be seen the demand for female help exceeds the demand.

The Vacation and Labor.

We need not enumerate the occupations benefitted by a migration which calls into its service well-nigh every trade and handicraft. The rural market for labor is perceptibly strengthened by this cause, and the variety of employments is increased. Preparations must be made for guests. Hotels must be built, with their appendages of barns and small cottages. Farmhouses must be enlarged and fitted with conveniences. To this is to be added the building of country seats on a grand scale, the erection of modest cottages, the putting up of permanent camps, the building of boats, the manufacture of sportsmens' outfits.

Occupation is thus furnished to laborers, many of whom, but for these industries, would be compelled to seek employment in the larger towns and cities. Household servants are secured with increased difficulty throughout those regions towards which the tide of travel sets. Farm help is interfered with and commands a higher price. The laying out of estates frequently involves the purchase of hundreds of acres, and the employment of hundreds of hands during a term of years in the erection of houses and barns, as well as in grading, draining, roadmaking, gardening, and all the work of a great establishment. After this initial labor is performed, the maintenance of such an estate furnishes permanent occupation for a large company.

The effect of this is felt over the surrounding country in the greater difficulty of securing laborers, especially in the busier seasons of the year. Where operations are less conspicuously centered on a single country seat they may be equally influential, because of the employment of a corresponding amount of labor at numerous scattered points.

A not inconsiderable influence is in these ways exerted on the wage question. Any support given to labor in the country tends to equalize wages and to prevent the concentration of work-people in the great centers of population.—August Century.

Leisure is Not Idleness.

Wendell Phillips is reported to have said that there is no education as valuable as that attained by earning one's own living. There is a sense in which this is true, although it is a truth which is rapidly becoming an anarchronism.

It is much better to be industrious and persevering in toil than to be an idle vagrant, it is better to be an honest worker than to be a sybarite or voluptuary; it is better to fill days with hard labor than with dissipation or senseless indulgence; but the new civilization into which we are already entering offers possibilities beyond either of these alternatives.

The first requisite toward comprehending the higher possibilities of relief from earning a living is to distinguish between leisure and idleness. The former is fine and infinitely desirable; the latter is more or less deteriorating in its influence.

The Leaven Working.

The Pittsburg Trades Journal, official organ of the miners of Pennsylvania, praws this moral from the late trouble in Tennessee:

The struggle of the miners in Tennessee against convict labor shows that the people are not choice as to the means adopted to root out an evil which grows apace with avarice. An armed body of resolute miners, with well grounded cause for complaint and public sympathy on their side, forces the governor of the state to convene the legislature to abolish convict labor and repeal the laws bearing upon the question. Next to convict labor the greatest enemy of the miners is the "pluck me," and the older it grows the worse it becomes as a means of degradation. Perhaps some day the miners will take the matter in hand and do as their brothers in Tennessee if the legislature does not pass needed remedial laws.

Industrial Notes.

Italian employes of New York sweaters have decided to do no more work at home.

The sheriff of Brooklyn has dropped a non-union bakery that supplied the jail.

The molders of Richmond, Va., are waging war against the scab shops of that city.

Williamsburg framers will not admit a man who furnished scabs unless he pays $750.

Photographers' assistants in New York work seven days for $7 and $9. They will organize.

The Amalgamated Society of Railroad Servants of England has 27,000 members and $500,000.

American laborers in Central and South America are starving and idle. They get 35 cents a day.

Among the exiles in Siberia are 45 compositors who were sent there for working on Nihilist papers.

A New York theater-owner paid $400 over his contract so that union painters could be employed.

Trades unions in Detroit are making the aldermen squirm who voted against the eight-hour ordinance.

The French senate has fixed 10 hours as a day for women and children, besides demanding a day of rest in seven.

It is estimated that each year in New York city 3,000 women find themselves stranded, not only homeless, penniless and without work, but unable to work.

At the next meeting of the International Molder's union a proposition will be made to exempt all members of 12 years' standing from the payment of dues and assessments.

The old scale of wages will be continued for another year at the Birmingham rolling mill, which is the largest in the state, employing nearly one thousand men.

The French washerwomen of Paris have petitioned that a tariff tax be put upon all clean linen brought into the city. This beats McKinley. He had better emigrate there.

The church tells the poor devil that he should work hard and let strong drink alone. It forgets that there is more drinking among the rich than among the poor. —The Investigator.

In Paris and Berlin, pneumatic tubes are so successfully used by the postoffice department that a postal card dropped in a box is delivered within an hour and a half, and sometimes within thirty-five minutes.

An interesting exposition of labor has been opened in Paris. Among its leading features are sections illustrating the history of dwelling-houses, the history of trades from the fourteenth century and the history of chairs and of the manufacture of beer.

A boy under age, unlawfully employed by the Cleveland Cracker company, has lost both of his hands through machinery. The appliances in the bakery were faulty and had never been inspected by the factory inspectors.

"The greatest good to the greatest number" has been a favorite motto in this country for a long while; but is not a good motto, for it may mean slavery to all the rest of the people. The greatest good to all, is a better motto.

The London of to-day, with its millions of inhabitants, includes more Scotchmen than there are in Edinburgh, more Irish than there are in Dublin, more Jews than there are in Palestine, and more Americans than there are in Kalamazoo.

Official measurements, for statistical purposes, of 10,343 boys and 10,853 girls in Germany show that the children of the working classes are smaller and less developed than those of the upper and middle classes, the result of under-feeding and overwork.

Organized labor has no idols. It does not cultivate hero worship. It simply sets aside even the best of men if they fail to represent the interests of the masses, or if they depart one inch from the principle demanding that the wage system be abolished. Labor makes no compromises.

Labor organizations called down the thunder of condemnation upon their heads when they adopted the boycott, but it seems that the church has concluded to try the same plan to correct evils. A church congregation at Rockford, Ill., has boycotted the street railway there because it runs on Sunday.

The strike of the coal miners at Spring Valley, Ill., has been settled on the terms proposed by the men, which includes the gross-weight system of weighing, in accordance with the new law, and semi-monthly pay-days; other conditions same as last year. The mines, which have been idle since May 1, will be started at once.

The 700 workmen at Carnegie's Duquesne steel works have lost their fight for recognition of their union, and the leaders will be black-listed. Carnegie has sworn a solemn oath never to recognize any labor organization. He himself wants to be organized, but he denies that right to others, and this he calls "triumphant democracy."

The Kansas City Times says: "Tariff Bill McKinley brags about what protection has done in the way of establishing manufactures, but he is discreetly silent concerning big cuts in wages in the especially protected iron industry, and he does not refer to the expectation in the west that corn will sell for 10 cents a bushel this fall."

The conservatism of the Australian trade unions is on the wane. When at the banquet closing the Bellarat labor congress the usual toast was proposed to the queen, Delegate MacDonald arose amid tumultous applause, shouting, "Not the queen, the people!" The laborers of Australia have become revolutionary and they, more than any one else, demand independence.

To a delegation of miners, who wanted some improvement in the arrangements for protecting life in the mines, more wages and less hours, Count Falkenhayn, minister of agriculture to Austria, replied that as long as he was in office such demands would never be granted, as that would be detrimental to the interests of the state. Such utterances as these are doing more to advance the cause of the social revolution than the speeches of a thousand agitators could.

Among the new inventions that are expected to make considerable change in telegraphy is the telegraph pen. The operator at one end of the line moves a stylus, making letters in the air. The motion is transmitted along the wires by electric action and communicated to a pen at the other end of the line. This pen writes upon a paper of itself the words traced in the air by the stylus at the other end. The message is thus ready to be sent off at once. Thirty words a minute have been written in this way.

A conference of delegates from Workingwomen's assembly and mixed assemblies in the order which have women members was held on Monday at the Florence building, New York city, to plan an active campaign of agitation and organization among the working girls and women. The women's assemblies, at the request of D. A. 49, have submitted the names of over eighty members who are to do service as preceptors of newly organized and proposed women assemblies.

The boycott in its most cruel form has made its appearance in New York. There the feminine branch of the Knights of Labor is in great strength, and, naturally, it is among the women that the refinement of cruelty in the way of dealing with outsiders has been attained. It appears that there has been a most reprehensible tendency among the brother knights to fall in love with, and even to marry, damsels wholly outside the order. This is naturally resented by the fair members of the assembly, and they have now served notice that henceforward no knight must dance, flirt, or "keep company" with any non-union girl, on pain of being instantly boycotted by every maid in the assembly.

A CROOKED AGENT.

A North Baltimore Man Goes Wrong.

He Took Money for Dispatches and Never Sent Them, Keeping the Money.

North Baltimore, July 31.—(Special)—Wm. Brown, telegraph operator at the B & O. office here, was arrested yesterday on a charge of embezzlement.

The testimony in the case revealed the fact that Brown was in the habit of receiving money from parties for dispatches and never sent them out to the parties to whom they were directed.

He was fined $100, but before the sentence was imposed Brown made an appeal to the court for mercy.

It was of no use, however, and he will either pay the fine or do time in the works.

He is 40 years old, and in making his address to the court called attention to the fact that his remaining in custody would bring disgrace on his father and mother.

OHIO PENSIONS.

Buckeye Veterans and Their Dependents Who Have Been Granted Pensions.

Washington, July 31.—Pensions have been granted to the following residents of Ohio:

Original—Christopher C Clark, Benjamin F Hewry, Caristian G Hagele (navy), Henry Slater (navy), Edward McCormick (navy), Leander P Hoffuer (navy), Henry Cecil, Lafayette Easterline, Samuel E Frederick, Henry Brice, John Beach, Henry W Hopkins, John Cremean, Wm Wentz, Christopher Baum, John E Baum, John E Crawford, Richard C Vandom, Milton D Wells, Daniel L Andresw, George W Wadsworth, George W. Braden, Wm Young, Wm H Gilmore, Thomas Geist, Nicholas P Eighmy, George Fricker, Joseph H King, James G Foracre, Samuel Wolford, John Wallace, John Deitrich, Henry F Wing, John Benzing, Edward Home, Joseph Fisher Joseph Hall, George Barrell, John C Andrews, Barney Furtwangler, John W Herchelrode, Oliver Dearth, Amos Hiborn, Jackson Gardner, Elas Cowan, Rufus S Booth, Alexander Crockett, Francis M Dice, Nelson Ferguson, Michael Jordan, Thomas W Haythorne, John A Woodruff, Daniel Boyd, James K Biddle, George Guy, David Gatchel, Joseph A Hutchinson, Michael J Barroway, William H Harrison Jacob Catrow, Samuel R Bonifield, Robert Cooper, James Connelly, John Alex Hanum, Francis J Amory, George W Hines, John S Curry, Jacob Beller, Jackson Fix, Wm. Clark, Alfred H Van Zant, Wm. W Hart, Anthony Barleon, Wm. Fastenan.

Additional—Perry Murray, Patrick Malone, Jacob A Line.

Increase—Samuel Oebler.

Reissue—Oscar W Stewart, William R Fitzwater (navy).

Original widows, etc.—Isabelle T Steffey, Hannah Hogan, mother; Henderson Williams, father; Lorena Adkins, navy; Charlotte Hartley, Rebecca Alden, mother; Mary A Campbell, Mary E Williams, Spicy Blakenship, Kate Guthrie, Elizabeth Hirchliff, Mary A Alexander, Mary B Cobleigh, Melissa Logan, Ellen E Lawrence, Mary Hamilton, Elizabeth B Aiken, Elizabeth A Kyes, Sarah M Meredith, mother, Anna S Crum, Julia A Emmons, minor of George C Bell, Amelia Klobitz, Catharine Sweet, Ellen E Ford, Rebecca Monesmith, Anna Bennett (navy), Hannah Markley (navy), Lucinda McAllister (navy).

The Ruggedest Path in Life.

If it be but irradiated by good health, is shorn of half its distasteful features. Hosts of distinguished men and women have uttered regrets for a past when young, full of vigor and hope, though battling with obstacles that seemed well nigh insurmountable, their pulses beat, their veins tingled with the glow of joyous health. Chronic invalids, would you once more feel that glow, would you—as of yore—sleep, eat, digest perfectly? Then use with persistence Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, foremost among tonics, most reliable of vitalizing medicines. Nervousness, dyspepsia, hypochondria, a loss of appetite and sleep, this grand reparative of a debilitated physique and impaired constitution and vigor speedily prevails against. Rheumatic and neuralgic ailments, malarial disorders, kidney troubles and the growing infirmities of age are successfully combatted by this benign specific.

ARE WE

Right

or

Wrong?

A Shoe Dressing *must* restore the brilliancy of a worn shoe, and at the same time *preserve the softness* of the leather.

LADIES will the Dressing you are using do both? Try it!

Pour a dessert spoonful of your Dressing into a saucer or butter plate, set it aside for a few days, and it will dry to a substance as hard and brittle as crushed glass. Can such a Dressing be good for leather?

Wolff's ACME Blacking

will stand this test and dry as a thin, oily film which is as flexible as rubber.

25 Dollars worth of New Furniture for
25 Cents. HOW? By painting
25 square feet of Old Furniture with

PIK-RON

A PAINT THAT DOES. TRY IT.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH,
997 North Front Street. PHILADELPHIA.

CROCKER-WHEELER
PERFECTED
ELECTRIC MOTORS
From 1-12 Horse-Power Up.
Most Efficient Motor on the Market.
Merrell & Chapman
512 Madison Street. Phone 837

FOR MOSQUITO BITES, SUN-BURN, SORE FEET, LAMENESS from OVER-EXERTION.

USE POND'S EXTRACT

FOR PILES, CHAFING, To Bathe FACE and HANDS when heated etc.

DON'T FORGET when starting on vacation to take with you, You are sure to need it; perhaps VERY MUCH indeed.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES probably worthless. Accept POND'S EXTRACT only.

Pond's Extract Co.,
New York and London.

WASHBURN
Guitars, Mandolins & Zithers
in volume and quality of tone are the best in the world. Warranted to wear in any climate. Sold by all leading dealers. Beautifully illustrated, descriptive catalogue with portraits of famous artists MAILED FREE.
LYON & HEALY, CHICAGO.

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—FOR—
BRENZINGER'S
"CHOICE"
AND GENUINE
VIENNA :-: BREAD

Lenk Street Improvement.

Dorr Street to Bridge on Swan Creek.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost of above improvement can save 20 676-1000 per cent by paying cash, which can be accepted to close of Saturday, August 8th proximo.

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

july26toaug7

Vermont Ave. Improvement.

Adams to Bancroft street.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost of above improvement can save 13 88-100 per cent. by paying cash, which can be accepted to close of Monday, August 10th proximo.

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

daily to aug8

Manhood Restored.

Small weak organs Enlarged. Free Remedy. A victim of youthful errors causing Emissions, lack of vigor and development, Nervous Debility, Varicocele, etc., will gladly send (sealed) *Free* to all sufferers a recipe that cured him after all other remedies failed. Address with stamp, L. A. BRADLEY, Grocer, Battle Creek, Mich.

VOCAL LESSONS.

Mr. Whiting will continue his vocal lessons through the summer. This will give an opportunity for teachers and others wishing to study through the vacation. Address 639 Madison street or call at parlors of First Congregational church.

W. H. WISE, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
558 Dorr St., Corner Division, Toledo, O.
Telephone in office. All calls promptly attended to, day or night.

DR. J. P. LAWLESS
has removed his office and residence to
205 BROADWAY, COR. WESTERN AVE

DOCUTA SANDALWOOD CAPSULES are the best and only capsules prescribed by regular physicians for the cure of diseases of the urinary organs, whether inherited or acquired. $1.00 per box. All druggists.

No Money Required of Responsible Parties to Commence Treatment.

DR. FRANCE,

Formerly of New York, now the Celebrated Examining Physician of THE FRANCE MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE, Columbus, Ohio, by request of many friends and patients, has decided to visit

TOLEDO, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 5.

Consultation and examination free and strictly confidential in the private parlor of the URNETT HOUSE—ONE DAY ONLY. The France Medical and Surgical Institute of Columbus bi the only Medical Institute in the State incorporated with a capital of $100,000.

FRANCE MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE,

38 & 40 W. Gay St., one block N. of State House, Columbus, O. Incorporated, 1886. Capital, $300,000.

DRS. FRANCE AND OTTMAN, of New York, the well known and successful Specialists in Chronic Diseases and Diseases of the Eye and Ear, on account of their large practice in Ohio, have established the FRANCE MEDICAL INSTITUTE, where all forms of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases will be successfully treated on the most Scientific principles. They are ably assisted by a full corps of eminent Physicians and Surgeons, each one being a well known specialist in his profession

CANCER positively cured without pain or use of the knife, by a new method.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—DR. FRANCE, after years of experience, has discovered the greatest cure known for all diseases peculiar to the sex. Female diseases positively cured by the new remedy, OLIVE BLOSSOM. The cure is effected by home treatment. Entirely harmless and easily applied. Consultation Free and Strictly Confidential. Correspondence promptly answered.

YOUNG MEN—Who have become victims of solitary vice, that dreadful and destructive habit, which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of exalted talent and brilliant intellect, may call with confidence.

DRS. FRANCE AND OTTMAN, after years of experience, have discovered the greatest cure known for weakness in the back and limbs, involuntary discharges, impotency, nervous debility, nervousness, langor, confusion of ideas, palpitation of the heart, timidity, trembling, dimness of sight, or giddiness, diseases of the head, throat, nose, or skin, affections of the liver, lungs, stomach, or bowels—those terrible disorders arising from the solitary vice of youth—and secret practices, blighting their most radiant hopes for anticipated bliss, rendering marriage impossible. Take one candid thought before it is too late. A week or month may place your case beyond the reach of hope. Our method of treatment will speedily and permanently cure the most obstinate case, and absolutely restore perfect manhood.

TO MIDDLE-AGED MEN.—There are many from the age of 30 to 60 who are troubled with frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight burning or smarting sensation, weakening the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examination of the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will be found, or the color will be a thin or milkish hue. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of its cause, which is a second stage of seminal weakness. We will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and a healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.—We have a special department, thoroughly organized, and devoted exclusively to the treatment of diseases of women. Every case consulting our specialists, whether by letter or in person, is given the most careful and considerate attention. Important cases and we get few which have not baffled the skill of all the home physicians have the benefit of a full council of our specialists. In treatment of diseases peculiar to females, our success has been marked, over two-thirds of our patients being ladies, old, young, married, single, rich and poor. Our method is entirely free from objectionable features of the general practitioner, namely, "Local treatment." We seldom find it necessary. We prepare remedies, constitutional and local, as the case demands, and instruct ladies how to use them at home.

MARRIAGE.—Married persons, or young men contemplating marriage, aware of physical weakness, loss of procreative powers, impotency, or any other disqualification, speedily restored.

PRIVATE DISEASES.—Blood Poison, Venereal Taint, Gleet, Stricture, Seminal Emissions, Loss of Sexual Power, Weakness of Sexual Organs, Want of Desire in Male or Female, whether from imprudent habits of youth or sexual habits of mature years, or any cause that debilitates the sexual functions, speedily and permanently cured. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Absolute cures guaranteed. Medicines sent free from observation to all parts of the United States.

EPILEPSY, OR FITS—Positively cured by a new and never-failing method. Testimonials furnished.

FREE EXAMINATION OF THE URINE.—Each person applying for medical treatment should send or bring from 2 to 4 ounces of urine (that passed first in the morning preferred), which will receive a careful chemical and microscopical examination, and if requested a written analysis will be given.

Persons ruined in health by unlearned pretenders, who keep trifling with them month after month, giving poisonous and injurious compounds, should apply immediately. Delays are dangerous.

WONDERFUL CURES Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but where possible, personal consultation is preferred. Curable cases guaranteed. No risks incurred.

Cases and correspondence confidential. Treatment sent C. O. D. to any part of U. S. List of 130 questions free. Address, with postage, DR. FRANCE, Nos. 38 and 40 W. Gay St., Columbus, O.

WEBER BROTHERS,

Clothiers and Furnishers.

An endless variety of Clothing, occupying three floors, and complete satisfaction guaranteed to all.

NOTICE.

Money Refunded on All Goods Returned if Not Soiled.

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EXCITEMENT RUNNING HIGH!

Prof. A. L. VAN NORMAN places a chair on each back of two horses, standing with one foot upon each chair while horses are running at lightning speed. A different act each day. To be seen only at the

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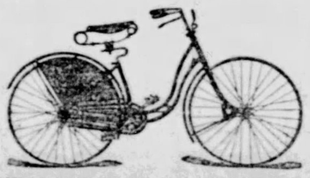

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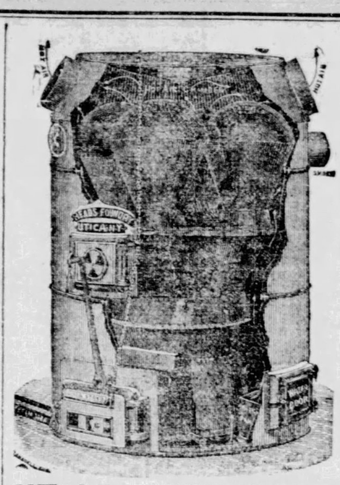

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CONTRACTS promptly executed.
RESULTS positively guaranteed.

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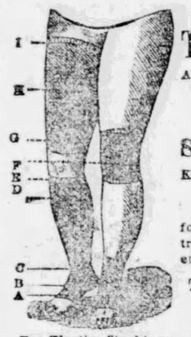

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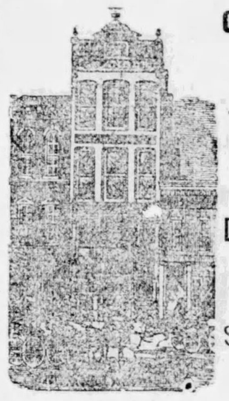
TRUSSES!
Abdominal and other Supporters, Braces, Bandages,
ELASTIC
STOCKINGS!
Knee Caps, Anklets, Crutches, Etc.

Special appliances for the mechanical treatment of injuries, etc., etc.

Trusses Skillfully Adjusted.

For Elastic Stockings take measure opposite letters on the cut.

We cure ALL Children and about one out of every 5 adults.



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THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of *Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all effects of Abuse or Excesses.* Been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases: is the only reliable and HONEST MEDICINE KNOWN. Ask druggist for WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six $5. *One will please, six will cure.* Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps. Address THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., 131 Woodward ave, De troit, Mich.

Before and After

DEATH.

Ex-Vice President Hamlin is Dead,

Dr. Clarke will be at Lake Side on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday the 15th, 16th and 17th, so his Health Parlors will be closed until 10 a m, Saturday, the 18th.

Dr Clark cures all forms of chronic diseases; also loss of manhood and special diseases of women. Gonnorrhea and syphilis positively cured.

Office next to Hote Hamilton, 419 Madison St

FOR MEN ONLY. A NEW BOOK ON "Debility and Atrophy." Fully explains the only method to enlarge and strengthen all weak, stunted, undeveloped organs and parts of the body. Also, the quickest, surest way to cure nervousness, lost manhood, debility and decay. The effects of early errors and later excesses, weakness of body and mind, unnatural losses, nervousness, partial loss of sight, etc., cured "to stay cured." Every condition of robust and noble manhood fully restored, inside before outside and all. *Men testify from 47 states and foreign countries, and foreign countries. You can write them.* It may be the mistake of your life if you fail to answer this and investigate a system of treatment which has absolutely unfailing every human agency can be. Readers of this paper, write in good faith, and at once, and you can have this invaluable little 3 book mailed (sealed) free of charge. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., Cor. of Main and Swan streets, BUFFALO, N. Y.

DON'T FAIL

To try Dr. Bigelow's new method for the painless extraction of teeth.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays extracting is half price.

115 Summit St.
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Miss Crissey, Secy.

WEAK MEN CURED.
NO ELECTRIC NONSENSE.
NO STOMACH DRUGGING.

Send at once for sealed directions FREE of The Common Sense Home Cure, for all weaknesses of men. A certain permanent cure for nervous debility, lost manhood, emissions and varicocele; WEAK ORGANS ENLARGED and complete cure guaranteed. We furnish the best of references. Address ALBION PHARMACY CO., Lock Box 69, ALBION, MICH.

Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture.

Mfd only by THE EVANS CHEMICAL Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is acknowledged the leading remedy for Gonorrhœa & Gleet, The only safe remedy for Leucorrhœa or Whites. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers.

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TO WEAK MEN Suffering from the effects of youthful errors early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

MEN ONLY REMEDY FREE. Manhood restored. Parts enlarged. Have found a certain cure. I will gladly send the recipe (sealed) FREE to any sufferer. It is a reliable and lasting cure. Address, CHAS. E. CAUE, Box 30, Marshall, Mich.

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Corrected by William Gates, Boody House Ticket office.

All trains run on Central Standard time which is 28 minutes slower than City time.

Trains marked * (star) daily. Trains marked †, daily except Sunday. Trains marked ‡, daily except Saturday.

From Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Summit, Chestnut and Mulberry sts.

Depart for Pittsburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Arrive Toledo. 9 15 a m, 5 10 p m and *11 45 p m

Atlantic Express, 7 20 a m, Day Express, 2 25 p m, Fast Line, *9 p m

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE

UNION DEPOT.

ARRIVE.	NORWALK DIVISION—EAST.	DEPART.
*7 35 a m	Boston & Chicago Special	
9 40 a m	Boston & Chicago Accom	*5 20 p m
*4 50 p m	Fast Mail	*8 55 p m
*10 55 p m	New York Express	*9 35 a m
*8 00 a m	Chicago Mail	
7 35 p m	Buffalo Accomidation	6 10 a m
1 40 p m	Norwalk Accommodation	8 40 p m
	SANDUSKY DIVISION—EAST.	
	Boston & N Y Special	*5 00 p m
*8 25 a m	New York & Chicago Lim	*11 35 p m
*1 55 p m	Chicago & New York Ex	*10 20 p m
9 55 a m	Buffalo & Chicago Accom	5 10 p m
	Atlantic Express	*4 00 a m
1 45 p m	Accommodation	5 50 a m
	OLD ROAD—WEST.	
	Boston & Chicago Special	*7 40 a m
*10 25 p m	Fast N Y & Boston Ex	
*2 50 p m	Fast Mail	
*8 15 a m	Bost & Chicago Accom	*7 50 p m
4 40 p m	Michigan Accomodation	9 50 a m
	AIR LINE DIVISION—WEST.	
8 55 p m	Chicago & Boston Special	
4 45 a m	Atlantic Express	
1 00 p m	New York & Chicago Lim	*8 30 a m
	Chicago Fast Mail	*8 10 a m
	Chicago Express	*2 00 p m
	Pacific Express	*11 05 p m
1 45 p m	Buffola & Chicago Accom	10 05 a m
1 30 a m	Kendallville Accomodat'n	6 30 p m
	JACKSON BRANCH	
9 15 a m	Express	9 30 a m
4 40 p m	Express	7 50 p m
	LANSING BRANCH.	
1 50 p m	Express	9 50 a m
10 25 p m	Express	
	KALAMAZOO & GRAND RAPIDS BRANCH.	
1 50 p m	Express	11 05 p m
10 25 p m	Express	9 50 a m
	DETROIT BRANCH.	
8 25 a m	Express	7 42 a m
4 42 p m	Express	10 10 a m
1 30 p m	Express	4 05 p m
	CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON	
	Union Depot.	
*12 00 a m	Cin & Ind Express	10 15 a m
4 00 p m	Cin & Ind Express	*3 45 p m
1 10 p m	Cin & Ind Express	*11 40 p m
2 25 a m	Cincinnati Express	6 10 a m
1 40 a m	Cincinnati Express, Sundays only.	
8 00 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	6 45 a m
4 00 p m	Findlay & B Green Express	3 50 p m
1 10 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	6 05 p m
2 25 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	10 15 a m

Through solid trains between Toledo and Findlay. Through cars between Toledo, Bowling Green and North Baltimore.

WABASH RAILWAY.

UNION DEPOT.

*8 55 p m	Pacific Express	*12 10 a m
4 25 p m	Kansas City Express	10 30 a m
*6 40 a m	St Louis Express	*5 20 p m
1 00 a m	Defiance Accom	4 45 p m

MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

1 20 p m	Mackinac & Det Ex	4 20 p m
*12 05 a m	N Y & Boston Express	*7 45 a m
*11 20 p m	New York Express	*9 05 p m
*2 30 p m	Detroit Express	*5 05 a m

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.

1 55 p m	Pitts, Steubville & Mar Ex	7 40 a m
5 00 p m	Through Express	1 00 p m
*12 40 a m	Cleveland & N Y Ex	4 50 p m
8 40 p m	Mixed Local	6 45 a m
	Mixed Oak Harbor	*7 45 p m
	Orrville Ex, sunday only	5 20 p m

TOLEDO, ANN ARBOR & NORTH MICHIGAN

11 15 p m	Cadillac Mail	6 00 a m
1 10 p m	Clare Express	10 00 a m
1 30 a m	Mt Pleasant Express	3 20 p m

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & KANSAS CITY.

Union Depot.

7 50 p m	St Louis Day Express	6 25 a m
*12 30 a m	St Louis Night Express	*5 25 p m
1 30 a m	Delphos Pass	4 30 p m

CINCINNATI, JACKSON & MACKINAW.

12 10 p m	Chicago & Toledo Ex	6 10 p m
*8 55 p m	Mail and Express	*7 35 a m
1 00 p m	Local	6 10 a m

*Daily except Sunday. On Sunday these trains will run between Toledo and Addison.

COLUMBUS, HOCKING VALLEY & TOLEDO

Bucke

HE WAS AFTER TROUBLE

And Received a Bullet in the Heart.

Charles Quinn Shot by Michael Ganslein.

Fatal Result of a Drunken Saloon Row at Auburndale Last Night —Ganslein Arrested.

At about 7:30 o'clock last evening, in the little frame saloon and boarding house at 8121 Monroe street, kept by Minnie Bettinger, the widow of Gotlieb Bettinger, who used to conduct the place, a scene was enacted that launched one soul into eternity and five others in the police station.

Charles Quinn, Michael Murphy, J. W. Allen and John Collins engaged in a row over change when the owner of the place interfered and used a beer glass on the heads of two of the disputants, while the bartender shot Charles Quinn dead.

Patrolman McGinnis being near by, called for the patrol wagon, and medical assistance for the injured man, whom he succeeded in getting out of the room, but too late, for he expired almost instantly.

The murderer, the woman and three witnesses who had taken some part in the fight were all arrested, and brought down to the central police station and locked up.

In an interview with the parties last night and also one with them this morning they told the following story of the case:

Quinn, Collins, and a man by the name of Nelson, who has not yet been found, came to Toledo last Saturday from Canada and engaged board at Mrs. Bettinger's and work at Smead's foundry, the foreman of the foundry going their security for board.

The men only worked two days, and the rest of the time was spent by them in

THE MURDERED MAN.

drinking and having a general good time among the saloons in Auburndale.

A tramp named Michael Murphy was picked up by the trio, and the quartet thus formed were the principals in the row last night.

According to Ganslein, the bartender who did the shooting, the men had been in the saloon several times and had been drinking considerable. About 7 o'clock they returned and asked for more drinks, but did not pay for them, and when they called for another round they were refused, which brought on a general dispute.

Mrs. Bettinger, who was behind the bar at the time, picked up a beer glass and struck Quinn and one of his partners on the head with it and ordered all of the party out of the house.

The bartender, to help the owner, by frightning the men drew a 38-caliber revolver from the drawer behind the bar and commenced shooting at the floor just in front of them. He fired three or four shots, when Quinn picked up a beer bucket that was on the bar and threw it at him.

Ganslein dodged the bucket and endeavored to quiet the men, when Quinn took a chair and threw it over the bar, breaking and smashing things very badly. Quinn then started behind the bar, threatening to kill him and calling him vile names.

To defend himself Ganslein pulled the revolver once more and fired at Quinn, who dropped instantly just back of and inside of the bar.

By this time a large crowd had gathered in and around the building, and it was with the most difficult work that Officer McGinnis could get to the murdered man and remove him from the building.

The participants in the affair made no effort to escape, and all but Wilson, who was overlooked, were brought to the Central police station.

Collins and Murphy are from Canada and are strangers in the city. Allen is a Toledo man, and all three will be held as witnesses in the case.

Murphy's Statement.

Michael Murphy is a tramp who was picked up by Quinn, Collins and Wilson, and entered the saloon with them last evening. He had not been drinking as much as the others and probably was the most sober one of the quartet.

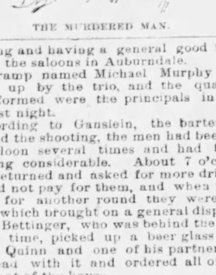
"We went into the saloon together," said he, when interviewed by a BEE at the police station last night, "and one of the other fellows asked for something to drink. As near as I could make out Quinn and the bartender got into a dispute over a 10 cent piece and the bartender ordered Quinn out. He didn't go and then the woman got into the row and ordered them all out. When they didn't go she pounded Quinn and one of his partners over the head with something, I don't know what. After this Quinn picked up a beer bucket and threw it at the barkeeper, who then came out and fired three shots at Quinn's feet, to scare him. I tried to get Quinn away, but he wouldn't go and threw a chair over the bar, smashing things in bad shape.

"Then he started behind the bar after the bartender and was shot, the bartender firing two shots this time."

Murphy claimed that he only came to the city two days ago, and did not know any of the parties.

Mrs. Bettinger Out on Bail.

Mrs. Bettinger is charged with assault with intent to kill, and last night by the efforts of Attorney James E. Pilliod, who



THE MURDERER.

induced Judge Sala and Clerk Fogarty to come down to the police station at midnight, she was released on a bail bond of $1,000 signed by herself and Pilliod.

The Murdered Man.

Little is known of the murdered man who was left at Couldwell's undertaking establishment last night. He was killed almost instantly, and an examination this morning showed that the ball entered his left breast just at the heart.

Hamilton, Ont., is supposed to be his home.

Coroner Roulet will hold an inquest this afternoon.

The Murderer.

Michael Ganslein, the murderer, is 28 years old, of German descent and has a father and brother who work in Grasser & Brand's brewery. He is a cripple, having only one leg, his left one being off at the knee. When seen this morning Ganslein seemed not to be very nervous, but would not say much about the affair except that he had been afraid of Quinn, and used the gun wholly in self-defense.

He is young looking and has a smooth face with black mustache, and was dressed in a dark blue striped coat and vest and black and brown striped pants and flannel shirt.

The Post Mortem.

Doctors Van Felt and Landman held a post mortem examination on the remains of the murdered man at Couldwell's establishment this morning. The man's death was almost instantaneous. This ball entered his heart and passing through it lodged in the left lung.

Coroner Roulet's Inquest.

The prisoners held as witnesses were taken to Coroner Roulet's office this afternoon, where the inquest is now being held. The murderer is composed and very quiet, and has seen but few people today.

An Objection to Surroundings

TO THE EDITOR: No less than five saloons are located on Monroe street from the Michigan Central railroad crossing to the street car barns, and it is not an unusual occurrence for the patrol wagon to make several trips a week to any one of these places to settle disputes for the motley gang who congregate each night to abandon the decencies of life and to fill the air with blasphemy and ribald talk.

Many of the citizens of Auburndale are justly indignant that law and order cannot be enforced, at least within the city limits. Bettinger's saloon is inside the limits, and last night's shooting affray (though of a more serious nature than is usual) is but one of the many crimes practiced in that vicinity. Gross insult is daily peretrated by the inebriates and toughs who infest this otherwise flourishing and pleasant suburb. That an officer did not make his appearance in a more rapid manner at Bettinger's last evening was commented upon by the usual remarks. It is to be hoped that these disgraceful occurrences will, in the future, be few and fer between and that measures will be taken to abolish the degradation which has been a prominent nuisance at this point. M. M.

THE PORTAGE CANAL.

The Government Now Has Its Control.

The Athabasca Makes Some Charges Against the Pontiac — General and Local Marine.

Lake region forecast: For Western New York and Ohio—Fair till Saturday night; warmer to-morrow; variable winds.

For Indiana and Illinois and lower Michigan —Fair, except shower, to-night in west Illinois; slightly warmer; winds becoming southeast; showers to-morrow.

For upper Michigan and Wisconsin—Showers; warmer; south winds.

Portage Canal Sold to the Government.

Washington, July 31.—The Second Comptroller of the Treasury, to whom was referred the matter of the purchase by the government of Portage canal, yesterday afternoon decided that the two companies owning the canal have vested a valid title to the property in the government.

The second comptroller, accordingly signed the certificates of the purchase, amounting to $350,000, and the canal will be formally taken possession of by the war department within a few days.

The Athabasca's Side of the Case.

Toronto, July 31.—Angus MacMurchy, solicitor for the Canadian Pacific, returned yesterday, after an absence of several days inquiring into the facts in connection with the collision between the Pontiac and the Athabasca.

He says the Pontiac was coming down the river on the 14th, near Wilson's dock, and the Athabasca was going up. Capt. Foote, of the Athabasca, sounded the whistle claiming his water and kept as near the Canadian shore as possible to let the Pontiac pass on the port side. Seeing that he was likely to be forced aground, Capt. Foote sounded two whistles to indicate that he would pass on the starboard, since the Pontiac would not or could not let him pass on the port.

This was refused by the Pontiac, which still insisted on passing on the port side. A moment later the two steamers came together.

The Cleveland Iron Mining company have served a copy of a libel on the Canadian Pacific, claiming that the collision was occasioned by the negligence and carelessness of Capt. Foote, of the Athabasca, and $242,760 damages are asked. The Canadian Pacific deny all allegations of negligence.

To Build more Whalebacks.

West Superior, July 31.—The American Steel Barge company increases its capital from $2,000,000 to $4,000,000. This is done in anticipation of an active season of shipbuilding and of the construction of a dry dock here. The company expects to turn out fully 30,000 tons of new tonnage by next spring.

Work will be commenced immediately on the barges 117 and 118. Each will be 192 feet long, eight feet longer than the Colgate Hoyt.

On the Return Trip.

London, July 31.—The new American "whaleback" steamer Charles W. Wetmore, which recently arrived at Liverpool with 35,000 bushels of grain from Duluth, Minn., and whose commander, Capt. Saunders, died of heart disease during the night of Tuesday, left for New York on her homeward voyage at noon yesterday. A new commander was appointed to take charge of the vessel.

Fort List.

ARRIVED.

Schr Annie M Peterson, Escanaba, 1,132 ton iron ore.

Schr Kate Kelly, Erie, light.

Smr Idlewild, Detroit, pass and mdse.

Smr John Hiderman, Jr, Buffalo, mdse.

Schr Light Guard, Alpena, 350,000 ft lumber.

Schr C S Johnson Alpena, 375,000 ft lumber.

Smr Thos R Scott, Black river, 250,000 ft lumber.

Schr O J Hale, Pt Edward, light.

Tug B Ockway, Sarnia, tow.

Smr W B Hale, Parry Sound, lumber and lath.

CLEARED

Schr Mineral State, Gladstone, 6 0 tons coal.

Smr Thos R Scott, Black River light.

Schr Light Guard, Alpena, light.

Schr C S Johnson, Cheboygan, light.

Schr W H Rounds, Fairport, 32,250 bu wheat.

Smr Idlewild, Detroit, pass and mdse.

Schr O J Hale, Pt Edward, 800 tons coal.

Smr St Magnus, Kingston, 53,167 bu rye

Schr S H Dunn, Kingston, 25,000 cubic ft ship timber.

Snags.

The Olympia and Tampa leave to-day with coal.

The schooner Mineral State leaves today with coal.

The barge Lightguard arrived this morning with lumber.

The schooner Aurora is loading coal at the Hocking docks.

The Clover Leaf steamer, John Pridgeon, came in this morning.

The steambarge Scott and consort Conrad Reid are in with lumber.

Captain Homer Meacham, of the M. & E. canal, was in the city yesterday.

Barge 105 arrived yesterday with ore and is unloading at the Ohio Central docks.

The steamer Gladstone arrived this morning and is loading coal at the Ohio Central.

The local steamboat inspectors are in the city to-day inspecting the tugs Empire and Farragut.

The schooner S. H. Dunn, loaded with ship timber, was taken out by the tug Green this morning.

The tug Wright and a tow of a schooner and loaded barge went ashore at the entrance of the straight channel yesterday. They were released by the tug Torrent.

The schooner Baltic, grain laden, left this morning, being towed out by the tug Schenck. She grounded on the bar in the middle of the river, off the Lake Shore docks, but the big tug soon pulled her off.

The steambarge S. E. Peck, grain laden, was taken out by the tug Schenck yesterday afternoon. In making the turn at the crib the tow line parted and the steamer ran into the banks. She was aground about two hours before the tug released her.

The schooner John Schuette was brought in by the tug Birckhead this morning. As they were coming up the straight channel the big steamer Gladstone, light, passed them, and in doing so the steamer and tug came together, damaging the latter slightly by springing the pilot house and breaking the fender-streak iron on the starboard side.

Book Notice.

The publishers are vying with each other in issuing entertaining matter, but the books missing from the city treasury would probably furnish the most interesting summer reading Philadelphia has known for some time.—Philadelphia Times.

Cold-Blooded Prophecy.

Foraker will climb into the senate across the Alpine frost of Sherman's shoulder, though it costs him a leg.—Philadelphia Record.

A Good Thing, Too.

A free-silver plank in the platform of the Maryland democrats would tend to destroy a number of political geographies. —Washington Post.

And in the Maumee Valley.

What a glorious, good old-fashioned Thanksgiving this coming one will be in the Miami valley.—Dayton Herald.

THE RAILROADS.

A Kick on the Central Traffic Association.

C., H. & D. Excursion to Niagara Falls—Various Notes of Interest, Local and General.

The C., H. & D.'s annual excursion to Niagara falls is on, and the road is doing an immense business.

Ten sections, composed of 42 sleepers and 49 coaches arrived in this city last night, and were transferred to the Michigan Central, by which road the trip will be completed. The management reports more business this year than any time previous on the same occasion. Many of the excursionists will visit the Grand Army encampment at Detroit on their return.

The Traffic Association.

"It is very evident that the traffic associations are weakening," said a prominent passenger man to a BEE this morning. "The strength of the organization lies in the maintenance of rates and adherence to the rules and regulations. Violations of these rules and regulations are becoming more frequent as time advances.

"Like any organization for the protection of business interests, and where the incomes of the members are at stake, if it is not a success, and its principals rigidly observed by all concerned the members would be injured more than benefited. Take the traffic association where the interest is in common, and each member has direct knowledge of the others transaction. Rates are established, and according to the regulations they must be adhered to. If any line so desire, it can violate the tariff thus adopted and create no end of damage to the members who comply with the rates adopted. This can be done and the only penalty would be a fine or dismissal. Well, what does that amount to? A line that will violate and agreement and forfeit its good faith, will not pay a penalty unless there is some leverage that will force them to it.

"There is where, in my opinion, the association could be strengthened. If every line, before being taken into the association would be compelled to give an indemnity bond of sufficient amount answering the purpose and make it worth considering, there would be less disagreements and fewer rate wars."

That Arbitration.

The Ann Arbor board of arbitration are in session again this afternoon. Mr. Ashley's argument, which was submitted in writing, has been considered by the men and members of the board, and some conclusion will probably be arrived at to-day.

B. & O. Appraisements.

Acting President Smith, of the B. & O., has appointed Robert B. Campbell general superintendent of the trans-Ohio division, to succeed Edward Dickinson, resigned. Mr. Campbell was formerly of the Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroads.

John T. Johnson was appointed superintendent of the new Akron division. The appointments go into effect August 1.

Hocking Valley Statement.

A statement of the Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo road just issued for the month of May compared with the same period in 1890 and 1890 shows:

May.	1889.	1890.	1891.
Gross	$196,758	$255,153	$221,504
Operating	113 897	132,002	146,594
Net	$82,856	$127,151	$84,910
Five months—			
Gross	905,180	1,020,703	1,060,091
Operating	541,950	571,796	650 839
Net	336,230	$488,907	$445,252

Compendium for Tourists.

The Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg management has just issued a compendium of routes and rates that will be a boon to persons anticipating a summer tour. Between its covers may be found information relative to a resort for any kind of recreation, from the quiet shady nook to the fashionable watering place.

The "Soo" in a Tangle.

The "Soo" has been cutting G. A. R. rates, but if there is any truth in current report the line is going to find itself in a tangle that will be no easy matter to unravel. The "Soo" has depended on the Michigan Central to handle its business from Mackinac to Detroit. Here is where they get fooled. The Michigan Central has notified the "Soo" that it will not accept traffic at less than the tariff rates agreed upon by the Central Traffic association and Western Passenger association.

Slashing Rates on Flour.

A rate war on flour from the northwest is apparent. Freight officials learned yesterday that the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha had issued a tariff on flour at 25 cents a hundred, which is a cut of 2½ cents. The St. Paul & Duluth will in all probability meet this rate, and it is expected that the "Soo" will see it and go a few better. At any rate, war is imminent and if the cut on flour continues grain rates will also come down.

The Western Traffic association will take the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha to task on the question.

The New B. & O. Route.

Cleveland, July 31.—Yesterday First Vice President and Acting President Orland Smith, of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, arrived in this city. Accompanying him were Messrs. T. M. King, second vice president of the B. & O., and president of the Valley; C. K. Lord, third vice president of the B. & O.; Charles O. Scull, general passenger agent; L. S. Allen, assistant general passenger agent; Frank Harrott, general freight traffic manager; C. S. Wight, general freight agent, and Judge John K. Cowan, general counsel of the road. The party came from an inspection of the Akron & Chicago Junction, just completed, which is to be operated by the B. & O., and which will shorten by 66 miles the distance between Chicago and Pittsburg.

Arrangements have been completed whereby two trains daily will be run between this city and Chicago, after August 10. The morning train will leave Cleveland at 8:35 a. m., reaching Chicago at 9:30 p. m.; the afternoon train will leave here at 4 o'clock, arriving at the world's fair city at 7:45 a. m. Going east, the trains will depart from Chicago at 10:10 a. m. and 6:20 p. m., reaching Cleveland at 10 p. m. and 8:20 a. m.

The Grand Trunk Weakened.

Chicago, July 31.—The Chicago & Grand Trunk and the Grand Trunk railroad of Canada yesterday lifted the boycott against the Chicago & Alton road. This is believed by some to be the beginning of the end. The Grand Trunk system was the last of the eastern roads to yield to the pressure of the board of rulings, having waited until May 1 to sever its relations with the Alton while all other lines engaged in the boycott, took the Alton's tickets off sale April 1. It was not in a position to listen indifferently to the threats of congressional legislation against it as a Canadian competitor of American roads. The success of the Alton in securing Grand Army business for itself and the Wabash road to Detroit has apparently been an important factor in bringing about the result. It is said that in many parts of the west ticket agents have banded themselves into a sort of secret society for the purpose of fighting the enemies and favoring the friends of the Alton. The prediction is made that not a few of the eastern lines will promptly accept the opportunity afforded by the Grand Trunk to abrogate their agreement.

Cinders.

President S. R. Calloway, of the Clover Leaf, went to New York city last night.

J. F. Angell, division superintendent of the T. & O. C., was in the city yesterday.

Chief Engineer T. B. Sheldon, of the Hocking Valley, was in the city yesterday.

The Fostoria and Tiffin committees of the Central Traffic Association are in session at Sandusay to-day.

The T. & O. C. is stringing a new wire between this city and Bucyrus. It will be devoted exclusively to railroad business.

The earnings of the Louisville and Nashville railroad for the third week in July were $423,315, an increase of $73,310 for corresponding week of 1890.

The Erie has put in the block system of operating trains between Kent and Galion, O. If the departure is a success the system will be made universal.

The Michigan Central is out with a neat souvenir hand book, which is full of information relative to Detroit's beauties. It will be presented to patrons of the road who go to Detroit to attend the Grand Army meeting.

C. C. Jenkins returned from St. Louis last evening, where he had been arranging to take care of G. A. R. business. He reports that G. A. R. traffic from the west is going to be immense.

The Clover Leaf is moving an immense amount of grain, and all available equipment has been pressed into service, including 10 new engines and 200 cars. Even the engines on construction and gravel trains are hauling grain.

The Comptroller of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis road has issued a comparative statement of the earnings for June and for the year ending June 30. The gross earnings for June, 1891, are $31,000 greater than the same month last year, while the net earnings are $24,000 greater. For the year ending June 30, 1891, the gross earnings were $393,000 more than the year preceding, while the net earnings are $309,000 greater.

CLEVELAND AND GRAY.

An Indiana Republican Predicts the Democratic Team for the Great Presidential Race in 1892.

Mr. C. B. Landis, a stalwart republican and editor of the Journal, at Delphi, Ind., is visiting his cousin, Mr. Fred Kumler, of this city. Mr. Landis is well posted on Indiana politics and also takes considerable interest in the political fight now in progress in Ohio.

"It is the opinion in our state," said Mr. Landis to a BEE this morning, "that McKinley will be elected, but that it will keep him hustling just the same. Ohio republicans have too many leaders, too many big men. If the Big Four were reduced to one, republicans would have more of a fighting prospect."

"How are politics in Indiana?" was asked.

"Oh, I think everything is all right. We have everything our own way in Indiana, at least will have by the presidential election. Indiana has no more Tom Hendricks, but I tell you what it is, Gray is a great leader. He is more of a political general than he is a statesman, and he has the faculty of infusing his followers with the enthusiasm and sleepless energy which he feels himself. He is a fighter from the word go, and if he is nominated on the ticket with Cleveland will make a red hot campaign in our state. It is remarkable the grasp he has on the rank and file of the democracy of Indiana."

CHAIRMAN BARNES

Of the People's Party Executive Committee,

Caught By a Bee—He Discourses on the Prospects of the New Organization in Ohio.

A BEE had a long talk with Dr. Barnes last evening on the new movement in Ohio. Dr. Barnes is chairman of the executive committee of the people's party in this state, and is editor of its official organ for Northwest Ohio, the Plow and Hammer, published at Tiffin.

"We expect a large attendance at the Springfield meeting," said Dr. Barnes. "All indications point to a meeting as enthusiastic in sentiment as the Cincinnati convention, and as to numbers there will probably be as many of us as Springfield will hold. From some sections of the state the people are coming in carloads, spectators as well as delegates. We shall nominate a straight-out independent state ticket. There will be no alliances and no compromises. The platform will be in conformity with the national platform. It it will be one all industrialists, farmers and laborers, can stand on."

"Will prohibition be an issue?"

"Most certainly not. I am told an attempt will be made to have it that way, but it will be sat down on as it was at Cincinnati. Personally, I favor control of the liquor traffic by the government, and regard that as one of the sound issues of the nationalists. But the people's party do not, ought not, and will not, make an issue of it."

"What vote do you expect to poll?"

"That's one of the things we are going to find out—wait till you hear from Kentucky," said the doctor with a twinkle of the eye.

"Some of our republican friends count on your getting all your votes from the democrats. They say that you have not organized in McKinley's home county at all."

"That is not so. Every county in McKinley's district is organized for the independent movement. I know, for I have issued the commissions to the organizers."

"Hugh Cavanaugh, of Cincinnati, general worthy foreman of the Knights of Labor, will be the temporary chairman of the Springfield convention. Among the speakers from outside of the state will be Robert Schilling, secretary of the national committee. After the convention we shall pull off our coats and roll up our sleeves for work. There will be speaking all over the state, and the old party politicians will not find things all their own way at farmers' picnics, for which they seem to have a wonderful regard all of a sudden.

"You may put this down for a fact: The people's party will elect enough men to the Ohio legislature to control the election of the next United States senator. That would be glory enough for the first year, wouldn't it? But, mind you, I don't say that is all we will get. We are after everything in sight. It's the people's turn now, and they've waited long enough."

THE I. O. G. T.

Still in Session at Clark's Hall.

The I. O. G. T., in session yesterday afternoon, conferred the degrees on over seventy new members.

A committee on resolutions was appointed, and C. E. Griffith, of Toledo, was elected delegate to the grand lodge in session at Circleville.

This morning the regular routine business was disposed of.

North Baltimore was selected as the next place of meeting, October 30.

Mrs. S. E. G. Keith, of Toledo, was elected as district counselor by the state deputy to fill the vacancy caused by the non-attendance of the present counselor.

Committees from various lodges reported, and in all about 1,100 members were reported for this district. Every lodge is in a good condition.

Measures were adopted to more fully advertise the order, and to carry on an aggressive campaign against the open saloon.

The committee on resolutions will make its report this afternoon.

SENECA COUNTY POLITICS.

The People's Party Convention To-Morrow.

Full County Ticket to be Placed in the Field — The Democrats.

Tiffin, O., July 31.—(Special)—The people's party will hold their county convention at the City hall to-morrow and an interesting occasion is promised.

The leaders have announced that, in addition to choosing 14 delegates to the state convention, to be held at Springfield next week, they will place in the field a county ticket.

The movement in Seneca county will not rise to the importance even of a disturbing influence.

There never has been a time when the democracy of Seneca were more thoroughly united.

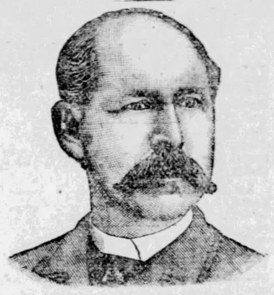
They have little consideration for and no patience with any political faction which seeks, by the interjection of false ideas and chimerical theories, to wean the farmers and mechanics from their natural allegiance—the democratic party.

The democracy will hold its county convention on the 15th of August, and then and there will be nominated the ticket which will carry Seneca county by an average majority of not less than 1,000, with an equal majority for "Bill Gear," the senatorial nominee, and not less than 1,200 for Gov. Campbell. Just stick a pin there, please!

The thankful man never feels very poor. He certainly should not when he can buy a 10 cent cigar like the Smoketts for a nickel.

Ask my agents for W. L. Douglas Shoes. If not for sale in your place ask your dealer to send for catalogue, secure the agency and get them for you.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.



WHY IS THE

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet, made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and *because we make more shoes of this kind than any other manufacturer*, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00.

$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for $5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from $8.00 to $12.00.

$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price, same grade as custom made shoes costing from $5.00 to $6.00.

$3.50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

$2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

$2.25 and $2.00 Workingman's shoes are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' $2.00 and $1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they see on their merits as the increasing sales show.

Ladies' $3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best French imported shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00.

Ladies' $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 shoe for Misses are the best fine Dongola. Stylish and durable.

Caution—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

S. W. NETTLETON, 237 SUMMIT ST.
Our Agent for Toledo.

94 Miles the Shortest. 8 Hours the Quickest.

Cincinnati to New Orleans.

Time 28 Hours.

Entire Trains, Baggage Car, Day Coaches and Sleepers run through without change.

110 Miles the Shortest. 7 Hours the Quickest

CINCINNATI to JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Time 28 Hours.

The Only Line running through Sleeping Cars

ONLY LINE FROM CINCINNATI TO

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., FORT PAYNE, ALA., MERIDIAN MISS., VICKSBURG, MISS., SHREVEPORT, LA.

20 Miles the Shortest Cincinnati to Lexington, Ky
5 Hours Quickest Cincinnati to Knoxville, Tenn
126 Miles the Shortest Cincinnati to Atlanta and Augusta, Ga.
114 Miles the Shortest Cincinnati to Anniston, Ala
6 Miles the Shortest Cincinnati to Birmingham, Ala
5 Hours Quickest Cincinnati to Mobile, Ala.

Direct connections at New Orleans & Shreveport FOR TEXAS, MEXICO and CALIFORNIA.

Trains leave Central Union Depot, Cincinnati crossing the Famous High Bridge of Kentucky and rounding the base of Lookout Mountain.

Pullman Boudoir Sleepers on all through trains

Over One Million Acres of land in Alabama, the future Great State of the South subject to pre-emption. Unsurpassed climate.

For Rates, Maps, etc., address

NEIL C. KERR,
Central Trav. Pass'r Agent, No. 94 W. 4th St., Cincinnati, O.

J. C. GAULT, Gen'l Manager. D. G. EDWARDS, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agent. CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Can You Believe It?

Unscrupulous manufacturers of medicines are offering to supply the retail druggists with an article put up in RED wrapper, almost identical in general appearance, and closely assimilated in every detail to

Carter's LITTLE LIVER Pills!

We know it is hard to believe, and yet it is true, that every day, persons who ask for CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, have handed out to them something which looks like C-A-R-T-E-R'-S, and yet is not.

They are put up in a RED wrappers, and they closely imitate "C-A-R-T-E-R'-S" in general appearance. But it is a fraud!!!

The unsuspecting purchaser, who wants CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, because he knows their merit, and is sure of their virtues, goes home with a fraud and imitation in his pocket.

HEED THE WARNING.

Don't be deceived and do not be imposed upon with an imitation of what you want. You want CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, because you know their value and their merit. THEY NEVER FAIL.

When you go to buy a bottle of CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, ask for "C-A-R-T-E-R'-S," be sure you get "C-A-R-T-E-R'-S," and take nothing but the genuine CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

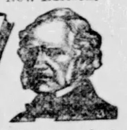
A Positive Cure for Sick Headache.

Small Pill Small Dose Small Price

MANHOOD!

How Lost! How Regained!

A Great Medical Work for Young and Middle-Aged Men. New Edition.



KNOW THYSELF.

Or SELF-PRESERVATION. A new and only Gold Medal PRIZE ESSAY on NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, ERRORS of YOUTH, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, PREMATURE DECLINE, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MAN. 300 pages, cloth, gilt; 125 invaluable prescriptions. Only $1.00 by mail, double sealed. Descriptive Prospectus with endorsements of the Press and voluntary testimonials of the cured. FREE! SEND NOW.

Consultation in person or by mail. Expert treatment. INVIOLABLE SECRECY and CERTAIN CURE. Address Dr. W. H. Parker, or The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. or Post Office Box 1895.

HEAL THYSELF

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators but no equal.—*Herald.* (Copyrighted.)

Special Low Prices on Pianos at THE WHITNEY-CURRIER CO.

Inasmuch as we have not moved our place of business for more than twenty years the expense incident to tearing up and removing every two or three years has been saved. This enables us to give lower prices, better bargains and better goods than any migratory concern who uses the necessity for "moving" as a pretext for offering sham inducements. We shall continue through July and August this year and next to offer extraordinary inducements to buyers of pianos and organs to patronize our house. We sell the best pianos made, acknowledged and recognized as such, as well as commoner grades, such as offered by our competitors. Our price, when grade and quality is considered, is lower, by far, than has heretofore been offered by any Toledo dealer or agent.

THE WHITNEY-CURRIER CO,
Entrance 219 Summit St.

OFFICE OF
N. & G. TAYLOR CO.
801, 803, 805 Branch St.,
PHILADELPHIA.

AMERICAN ROOFING TIN.

We are making the Genuine Taylor "OLD STYLE" Brand of Extra Heavily Coated Ternes in Philadelphia.

Samples and prices upon application.

All orders will be filled in rotation as received.

N. & G. TAYLOR CO.

SEND FOR OUR ART CATALOGUE.

The Chapman Hardware Co.,

515-517 ADAMS STREET.

LOTS FOR $175.00

Small Down Payment---$5 Per Month!

FAIR GROUNDS ADDITION

At No Time in the History of Toledo

Have there been such rare opportunities for the prudent investor to place his money in land as at present. Toledo property is away down at rock bottom figures. Don't fail to take advantage of these prices as they are sure to go up.

Fortunes Have Been Made

By judiciously investing a few dollars in real estate, and the secret of success often buying in a growing locality at a low figure, and holding the property

Why Don't You Buy a Home?

You may try to get around it by saying that you cannot afford it. This is nonsense as every one of us spends more money needlessly every month than the small payment required to secure a lot.

Houses Built on Monthly Payments

With a small down payment. If you are worth $5 a month you are good for a lot in Fair Ground Addition. With the New Depot, Electric Street Ry. Way and City Gas this part of the city is bound to go ahead and prices will be in 50 to 100 per cent. higher a year later.

For further particulars apply to

I. H. DETWILER & CO.,

Cor. Summit and Jefferson Sts. Real Estate and Insurance Agts

Branch Office on the Grounds, corner Detroit Ave. and Dorr St.
OPEN EVENINGS.

GREAT CHINA MATTING SALE!

5,000 ROLLS CHINA MATTING!

Direct Importations! Elegant Patterns!

Prices Below the Lowest!

STERLING & CO., 408-410 SUMMIT ST.

A. R. SISSON, Manager.

ACORN COOKING STOVES AND RANGES

Refrigerators, Lawn Mowers, Screen Doors and Windows, Acme Mixed Paints.

MECHANICS' TOOLS AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

H. E. Kuhlman & Co., 620 S. St. Clair St.

DO YOU THINK

Your Carpets ought to last forever? Is it not a fact that they have served you well, and that the uncomplaining old floor ought to have a new covering?

If that is so, come to us for the New Patterns in all grades of Carpets and Rugs.

V. B. SNYDER & SON,

The Old Reliable Carpet House.

USE THE BEST!

STELLAR -:- KEY -:- FLOUR

AT FALLIS & CO.'S, 603 MONROE ST. Phone 1033.

TWO CENTS.

STREET CAR TROUBLES.

ing of the Men Called for To-Night,

ich Will Decide Upon Some Action.

y Be Another Strike or It May ot, But a Volcano Is Smoldering Just the Same.

Electric Wage Workers' union includes the conductors and motor of both street car companies, and the Car Men's union will hold a special meeting at Carpenter's hall this g to discuss several grievances that een hanging fire since the strike. men claim that they have not been d right, and there is a strong feeling them for another strike. It is for ason that the meeting is called for ht, and so me immediate and decisive will be taken. Many of the men favor of a strike at once, while the heads among the leaders are not cious, but would rather bring the nies in by other means if possible. as been previously mentioned in the e men are dissatisfied because the nies are only paying 15 cents per stead of $1.80 per day, as they un- d the agreement under which they d to work. The men say they are ing to work the full 12 hours per d want pay for the same, and claim e companies should keep them at r the full time.

e companies are now working a ortion of the men only from 9 to s per day, and consequently at 15 er hour they are unable to get full some of them have only been re- $1.35.

es this the companies have been a number of spotters on the and through the work se many men have been dis- l on the most trivial excuses. There considerable dissatisfaction with ntendent Denman, of the Consoli- although this is not put forth as heir grievances.

al of the men prominent in the ar trouble stated to a BEE that if d been working under a different o strike would ever have been about.

e last regular meeting of the street 's union, Messrs. Booth, Fellows, d Otto were appointed a committ- wait on Mr. Lang in regard to the s of the men and find out from him intended to do.

committee has seen Mr. Lang and ort to the union to-night. The re- the conference with Mr. Lang is own, but the impression is that it satisfactory.

ommittee did not wait on Mr. Dawson for the reason that he sent rough one of his officials that he ing to pay $1.80 per day, but now to come to time, and his men are ssatisfied than ever.

er cause of the dissatisfaction is ner in which both companies have placing old men with new ones er possible.

mpossible to predict what the re- the meeting to-night will be. The holding together, and are unanim- heir opinion that something should

The only differences are regard- means to the end, but they are de- d to stand together on whatever is

ARE DESERTING BEN.

of Harrison's Cabinet to Resign.

HUNDRED THOUSAND

r Barons to Open Their Cash Boxes.

of Money to be Turned nto Ohio to Elect the Tin Soldier.

ar, Interior and Attorney eral Portfolios May Soon be Vacant.

ington, Aug. 1.—It is understood t when the senate meets next De- President Harrison will send to ly nominations of three cabinet o fill vacancies caused by the resig- of the secretary of war, the secre- ry of the interior, and the attorney neral.

The gentlemen now holding these ports- ios will have retired from their respec- ve offices before the first Monday in De- mber. Each officer will leave the cabi- with the kindest feelings for the presi- t and will hold the esteem of the chief gistrate.

he retirement will be voluntary in each and due solely to the desire of the re- g officer to place himself in a position rail himself of other honors.

secretary of war will resign to take in the senate made vacant by the ation of Senator Edmunds, of Ver-

secretary of the interior will resign pt a judgeship in the new circuit appeals.

torney-general will resign for the rpose. The tenure of the office es 10 for life, at a salary of $6,000 . The successors of the retiring re problematical.

ought, however, that Land Com- r Carter will be secretary of the ex-Governor Cheney, of New re, will be secretary of war, and General Taft, of the department e, from Ohio, will be attorney-

ported that Hon. Robert P. Porter in the position of Superintendent sus this fall. The heavy work of us is completed, and Mr. Porter tisfactory position awaiting him he government.

ington, Aug. 1.—The agents of ber Barons, composed of such n characters as Quay, Dud- Clarkson, met here to devise a still continue their robbery of e.

st thing they did was to levy a ist the manufacturers, who are beneficiaries of the McKinley dent to pay off an indebtedness 0, incurred at the wind-up of campaign, and to raise about to aid McKinley in his Ohio and to use against Boies in he sum of $100 000 is to be the first call, and the second $100,000 more will be made middle of September.

issents of New York, and Mr. of Ohio, members of the com- ave no doubt that this amount can easily be obtained from the urers.

ter have got to come down with ars, or else the committee will reason why. Bo

The Bee.

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of THE BEE, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes.

Advertisements of Wants, For Rent, For Sale, Lost, Found, etc., not exceeding four lines (28 words), will be inserted in these columns for 50 cents a week, two weeks $1; one month $2. For one insertion 20 cents, two times 20 cents, three times 30 cents, and four times 40 cents will be charged. Over four lines at proportionate rates, payable in advance. Parties desiring situations will be given three insertions free.

No credit is allowed for advertisements ordered in for a certain number of times and stopped before expiration.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head: One week, 5cts; Three times, 10cts; Six times 15cts.

BARBERS—For Saturday. H N Brockman, 630 Adams st. 31jy2p

AGENTS WANTED—Men of character and ability to represent the Northwestern Mutual Life Ins Co. Apply to E W Peckham, General Agent, room 14 Darst block, Toledo. 31jy3p

WANTED—Three first-class men who know how to sort and tally pine lumber. Inquire at Barbour & Starr's, Summit ave. 29jy tf

MAN—Wanted, single man of experience and sober to take care of horses and residence yard. Apply to Walter Brown, 735 Summit st. 29jy2p

WANTED—Respectable men to collect and canvass for Met Life Ins Co. Inquire room 18 and 18½ Drummond block, Saturday. 29jy2p

BARBER—White, at once; must be first-class, single, sober man; no Sunday work; $12 week; steady job to the right man. Post-office box 554, Defiance, O. 29jy6p

CUTTERS WANTED—The A D Rude New Method of Cutting will produce bright, well fitting, stylish garments without a try-on. Taught only at Cleveland Cutting School, Cleveland, O. 29jy4

WANTED—Laborers—Pipe layers and caulkers on city pipe line, wages $1.50 to $2.50 per day. Apply room 5, 2d floor Lenk block, corner Monroe and Summit, Toledo, O. Kerlin Bros. contractors. 28jy12

WIRE WORKERS—Wanted 3 experienced wire workers at the American Brass and Metal Works, Detroit, Mich. 21jy tf

WANTED—Salesmen — Permanent paying positions for intelligent workers; write at once. Ellwanger & Barry, Mt Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N Y. jy22to aug13p

SALESMEN WANTED—To sell goods to merchants by sample; big pay for workers; new goods; permanent situation; chance to build a fine trade. Model Mfg Co, South Bend, Ind. 18jy1mp

WANTED—For the United States army able bodied, unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 35 years; good pay, rations, clothing and medical attendance; applicants must be prepared to furnish satisfactory evidence as to age, character and habits. Apply at 4th floor, Bass block, Calhoun st, Ft Wayne, Ind. 3ljy6m

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework; $3 in the family; $3 a week or $2.50 and the washing hired. Mrs George A White, No 2 Kensington Place (out Collingwood ave). 30jy3p

WANTED—A housekeeper; a good home to the right party; must be a good cook. Call or address C Lyman, North Toledo, care A & K R crossing. 31jy4p

WANTED—A dining room girl, at Wabash house; good wages. 539 Sumner st, 9th ward. 31jy6p

WANTED—Cash girl at the Criterion. Apply in person. 30jy6p

NURSE—Wanted, competent nurse to take entire care of baby. Inquire at 330 12th st. 30jy6p

WANTED—Immediately at 1715 Adams st, corner 18th, girl for general housework; must be a good cook. 29jy4

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, good girl for general housework, 2105 Putnam st, corner Floyd st. 28jy6p

WANTED—Competent girl at 123 21st st, between Monroe and Jefferson; small family, modern conveniences, liberal wages; reference required. Mrs Geo K Detwiler. 28jy tf

WANTED—Three first-class dining room girls at once; will pay $16 per month. Fountain hotel, Mt. Clemens, Mich. 15jy2wsp

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 932 Huron st, corner Lagrange. 9june tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Second-hand single buggy or buckboard; must be cheap. D E McIntyre care Leland, Smith & Co. 31jy2p

FREE—Banjo lessons for one week; don't miss this chance to learn an instrument. Call and learn under what conditions. Cramer, banjo, guitar and mandolin teacher, 210 E Bancroft st. 30jy2p

GENTLEMEN owning horses that are sore with galls call on Mr Lock Barrett, 811 Erie st, for a bottle of medicine; one bottle will cure the worst sores in four days; you can work every day. $1 per bottle at Dr Allen's drug store, cor Cherry and Huron sts. 25jy6p

A C OTTO, 721 Monroe st, near Ontario, makes models and all kinds of light mechanical work; special attention to repairs on sewing machines, bicycles, lawn mowers, gasoline stoves, clothes wringers, scales, guns, etc. 25jy3w

MARENGO GROVE—Picnic parties will find covered wagon at Broadway street car barns; make arrangements by calling phone 1110; fare round trip 15 cents. 22jy1m

DR. MINGOS has returned to Toledo and permanently located at the corner of Summit and Oak sts; will attend all calls; special attention to chronic diseases and female troubles; consultation free. 2jy1mp

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? If you do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spain, corner Monroe and Market Space. Advice given free. 7apr1yr

WANTED—The people to know that they can get anything they want in the line of stationary, art goods, cigars and tobacco, at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry st. 31jauly

GEORGE W. MERRILL, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public; deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 25 Law building, corner Superior and Madison sts. jan12tf

CISTERNS of all sizes in stock or made to order; delivered in any part of city; will set in position if desired. Phone 821. The Merrell Manufacturing Co., Curtis st. 29mayly

FOR RENT ROOMS.

ROOMS—For rent, nicely furnished rooms, suitable for one or two gentlemen, at 415 10th st. Inquire at 1176 Adams st. 29jy6p

FOR RENT—Choice of two very nice suits of rooms, furnished or unfurnished; baths and all conveniences; meals with private family if desired; references. Dr. E., 411 Superior st., 8 to 9 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. 27jy6p

FOR RENT—A very comfortable, nice sleeping room for one or two gentlemen; house is first-class with every modern convenience; only neat reliable gentlemen wanted. 224 Huron st. 24jy6p

FOR RENT—Unfurnished rooms for housekeeping, with kitchen. Call at 712 Madison st. 20jy6p

FOR RENT—Store room, cellar and dwelling above, No 605 Cherry st. Eppstein block, fitted up for a saloon; none but good parties need apply. Inquire of M M Eppstein, Finlay's brewery, or H Weitzel, Secor block, cor Superior and Monroe sts. 20jy tf

FOR RENT—Several suits of rooms in the Eppstein block, Cherry st; modern improvements. Inquire of M M Eppstein, at Finlay's brewery, or H Weitzel, Secor block, cor Superior and Monroe sts. 20jy tf

WANTED AGENTS.

WANTED—Our agents make $100 to $300 a month selling our goods on their merits; want country and general agents, and will take back all goods unsold if a county agent fails to clear $300 and expenses after a 30 days' trial, or a general agent less than $150; we will send large illustrated circulars and letter with a special offer to suit territory applied for, on receipt of three 1 cent stamps. Apply at once and get in on the boom. Address Renner Manufacturing Company, Pittsburg, Pa. 11jy3m

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—A new stone house just completed, with all modern improvements, on Dorr st near Lenk st. Inquire at 621 Dorr st or at Frank Forbes', 42 Market Space. 29jy6p

FOR RENT—House of 9 rooms, bath and closets, hot and cold water, natural and artificial gas; best neighborhood in city; $30. Address 804 Jefferson st. 27jy tf

HOUSE—For rent a house of 12 rooms with all the modern improvements, including natural gas, at 1225 Superior st; splendid neighborhood, convenient to business. Apply to V. W. Granger, 306 Summit st. 4apr tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—On household goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, room 14 Worthington block, Adams and Superior sts. 16maytf

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Four handsome new cottages, 6 rooms each, with modern improvements, on Starr ave, E T. Inquire of S Frankschi at Lasalle & Koch's. 29jy6p

WANTED—TO RENT.

HOTEL—Wanted to rent, hotel or boarding house; will buy furniture, etc. Address P O Box 17, Hoytville, O. 30jy2w p

PERSONAL

I WISH to correspond with lady who has from $800 to $1,000, with view to forming business partnership. Address C 45, care Bee. 30jy3p

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For city property, a 30 acre farm just outside the corporation under the influence of the lake air and well adapted for truck gardening and fruit. George E Pomeroy & Son, 414 Madison st. 4jy1m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good livery stock doing a good cash business and some boarders; will lease barn for one or three years; a good chance for some one. Address C 105, Bee office. 31jy6p

FOR SALE—A one-seat phaeton, only been used two months. 824 Summit st, up stairs. 29jy6p

FOR SALE—At once, gentle 6 year old bay horse, sound, weight about 1,250; price $180. Call at John Rapparlie's boarding stable, cor St Clair and Williams st. 27jy6p

BUGGY—For sale, a good, strong, double-seated top buggy and single harness, cheap. 19 East Bancroft. 27july6p

FOR SALE—New two-story frame house of 7 rooms on Missouri st near Ewing st; neighborhood good; surroundings first class; will sell on monthly payments; get our prices. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On Indiana ave near Miller st, a new residence, never been occupied; well arranged and well built; sewerage in; electric car past the door. Call for prices on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—For $1,250, house on Curtis st near Miller st, newly built and conveniently arranged. Will sell on small down payment and balance monthly. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—5-room cottage on Anna st near Curtis st, at reasonable figure; lot 30x124 with alley in rear. See us for prices. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—$950 on monthly payments will buy a very desirable cottage on South st on lot 30x122; two lines of electric cars convenient; neighborhood good. For particulars see Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Cottage on Walbridge ave with barn, well and cistern; lot 40x147. Will sell at reasonable price on long time and monthly payments. Get our figures. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Well built cottage on Gordon st near Daniels st; 5 rooms and barn; lot 40x153. Will sell on monthly payments at reasonable figures. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Cottage on Knower st near Maumee ave; 6 rooms; everything in first class condition; lot 40 feet front; price $1,600. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On Orchard st near Stebbins st, cottage of 5 rooms, well arranged; will sell at reasonable price; good place for investment or for home at low figure. For particulars see Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Desirable house on Western ave near Daniels st, 2-story frame of 6 rooms; good well and cistern, fruit and shade trees. Will sell on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Cottage at Air Line Junction for $1,250; well built; 6 rooms; neighborhood good; electric cars and railroad station convenient. For particulars see Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—2-story frame residence on Gibbons st, Air Line Junction, just completed; location desirable; lot 30 feet front. Will sell reasonable figure on long time. Call for prices. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—New house on Western ave near Swan creek, 7 rooms; well built and desirable place for residence. Will sell at remarkably low price. See Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—House on Prouty ave for $950; everything new and desirable; lot 30x145, with alley in rear. Will sell on monthly payments if desired. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Good house on Boyd st, 6 rooms, new; street cars convenient; price reasonable. If you want 5th or 9th ward homes see Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—5-room cottage on Hiett ave near Walbridge ave; house in good condition; will sell cheap on monthly payments; lot large; can sell frontage to suit. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—New cottage on Park st near Boyd st, 5 rooms, nicely arranged, convenient for men employed by railroads or lumber yards of 5th and 9th wards. Price $900. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—House on Western ave near Miller st, 7 rooms, new; stores and schools convenient; electric car past the property. Will sell at reasonable figure. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Horse, cart and harness, or will sell horse separately. Can be seen at 1204 Washington st. 25jy6p

FOR SALE—Grocery store doing a good business and located in one of the best parts of the city; not over $800 or $900 cash needed. Address C 36, Bee office. 24jy tf

FOR SALE—20 acres of land, 3 miles west of Monclova, and 5 miles east of Swanton, unimproved; will sell the same for $250 on liberal terms. Address Danl Utley, Toledo, O. 25jy6p

FOR SALE OR RENT—The stone building recently occupied by Byrul & Merick as a furniture, planing and jobbing establishment; the building is eighty (80) by seventy-three (73) feet, 3 stories in height with cellars, situate on Water st, Sandusky. In the center of the city; there are three railroads passing at the rear of the building, one within 10 feet; there is also an engine of 100 horse power, with a new steel boiler and planing machine matcher, resawing, moulding, ripping and cross-cutting off machine, all in good order for business manufacturing; the owner is going out of business; the property will be sold at a sacrifice or rented to a good tenant. James D Lea. Sandusky, June 5, 1891. 16je6w

PROPERTY—For sale; house and lot on Walbridge ave, $4,500; house and lot on Washington st $2,500; 73 ft on Collingwood, near Delaware ave, at $40; 100 ft on Robinwood, near Bancroft at $90; house and lot on Lee st, Seaward, $1,400; 3 new cottages now being built on East Broadway for $1,000 each; small down payments, balance monthly. Irving & Russell 16 Produce Exchange. 28aug tf

LOT—For sale a beautiful lot 50x211. Call at 518 Adams street. 21mar tf

WANTED—SITUATION.

WANTED—Situation as night watch in factory or shop; can give good reference. Address C 48, Bee office. 31jy3

WANTED—By a competent young man, a position as bookkeeper or general office assistant; 4 years' experience and good penman; city reference. Address C 47, care Bee. 30jy3

WANTED—A place in small family to do general housework, by a good, steady and honest girl. Address C 43, Bee office. 29jy3

WANTED—By a young lady who has attended business college, a place to learn telegraphy; can send and receive some; would prefer a railroad office in or out of city; would be willing to work for the practice obtained. Address C 46, Bee office, Toledo, O. 30jy3

WANTED—Situation by boy of 17 as clerk; had some experience in drug store; lives at home. Address C 44, care Bee. 30jy6p

COOK—(Male) wants situation in hotel or restaurant; first-class; have best of recommendations. Address Cook, P O box 422, Toledo. 25jy6p

WANTED—Situation as cashier, stenographer, typewriter or copyist, by a well educated young lady; best of reference if necessary. Address C 35, Bee office. 24jy6

LOST AND FOUND.

DOG—Lost, brown and white pointer with leather collar. Return to 923 Erie st and get liberal reward. 27jy3p

CITY NEWS.

Use Seyfang's New Process bread.

K. P. building trustees meet to-night.

The Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

Smokette cigars give a 10 cent smoke for a nickel.

Secretary Crane is decorating exposition headquarters with flaming announcements to-day.

Secretary Gastell and his assistant, Will Harbeck, have taken hold at the water works office.

Building permits: W. H. Overbeck, Raymer street, $1,000; C. H. Epker, Huron street, $1,500.

Our stock is always complete. Prices the very lowest. B. H. Broer, 606 S. St. Clair street.

Repairs to the various school buildings are being pushed and all will be ready by the time vacation is over.

Mr. Canoo was not in police court this morning, and Judge Sala did not give his decision in the sidewalk case.

Ladies can secure an elegant Carriage or Coupe for shopping or calling, from the Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

Collars 2 cents, Cuffs 4 cents, Shirts 10 cents, at Toledo Laundry Co. Phone 438.

Only one drunk was disposed of in the police court this morning, that of John Sweet, who was fined the costs.

R. W Smith deposited the wherewithal this morning and took the last $4,000 of the natural gas bond issue of $750,000.

Scottish Rite Masons in the Valley of Toledo will hold their semi-annual reunion in October. A large class will likely take the degrees.

Diamonds at M. Judd's.

The street committee will meet to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock at the corner of Oliver and Clayton streets, to examine the new pavement.

Joseph Morasky was fined $5 and costs in the police court this morning for stealing apples. Judge Sala suspended sentence on good behavior.

The Metropolitan line of street cars has been started into Summit street, from Cherry to Monroe, to avoid the delay caused by the paving of St. Clair street.

See Judd's Gold Watches.

Central German M. E. conference will be held at Covington, Ky., beginning September 9. This is the conference in which Toledo's German pastors are interested.

James Reilly was fined $10 and costs and given 15 days in the workhouse by Judge Sala in police court this morning, for stealing a pair of shoes from a second hand dealer.

French clock repairing at Judd's.

A sneak thief entered the house at 1944 Canton avenue, occupied by Michael Frees, about 4 o'clock this morning, but was frightened away before he had secured anything.

Ask your dealer for Buckeye Paints and Varnishes; they are the best.

All ex prisoners of war of Toledo and vicinity desiring to attend the Detroit Encampment, will meet at Union Depot at 5:30, city time, next Tuesday morning, and take Michigan Central train.

GARBAGE COLLECTION.

Contract With Mr. O'Hara Extended Six Months.

Auburndale Wants Gas from the City Line.

The Councilmen Object to This—Numerous Street and Sewer Improvements—Amount of Committee Business.

The council committees that met last night managed, with the big lobby that was on hand, to make a great deal of noise, and during the whole evening the council chamber was in an uproar. A number of important matters were acted upon.

The street committee met first and commenced business by approving a resolution to extend the time for the completion of the Cherry street pavement to September 1.

A resolution was approved to grade Segur avenue from Bloomfield street to the alley east of Bloomfield street.

The ordinance to pave Collingwood avenue from Detroit avenue to the Ottawa river was approved. This legislation had passed before, but the street had been called Detroit avenue when in reality it is Collingwood.

Ordinances were approved to grade the Brown road from Oak street to Miami street; to grade the sidewalk beds on both sides of Wayne street from Western avenue to the city line; to grade the alley between Hamilton and Tecumseh streets, Division to Lenk; to grade Tracy street from the Brown road to the south city line.

M. V. O'Sullivan was awarded the contract to grade Walbridge avenue from Hiett avenue to Wendall street at $889.80.

A resolution came up to grade the sidewalk beds on both sides of Maumee avenue from Western avenue to Colburn street, and raised quite a stir. There was a large number of property owners on hand and they made a large sized kick. A big cut must be made in the sidewalk beds between these points, and the people owning the property want those living on either end to pay part of the cost of the improvement. They agreed that the grading should extend from Broadway to Prouty avenue.

Mr. Kirkby, representing the property owners on the ends of the street, made objections to this plan for he claimed that there was no grading to be done on his end, but he would be obliged to pay for the other.

In answer to questions Engineer Wickenden explained that from Broadway to Western avenue and from Colburn street to Prouty avenue, the sidewalk beds were at about the grade, but between Western avenue and Colburn street considerable of a cut would be made.

The committee favored assessing the improvement on the whole street, and passed a new resolution to grade from Broadway to Prouty.

A resolution to accept the new pavement on Canton avenue was referred to the engineer. The pavement is slightly defective in several places and will be repaired before the improvement is accepted.

The paving of Oliver street from Clayton to Williams street, also came in for some discussion. In this block the street is much wider than at any other part, in years gone by a space here having been set aside for a market place. The improvement contemplates paving 20 feet on both sides of this space with a terrace in the center. The grading is now being done and many of the property owners find that their houses are too near the line and they will be obliged to move them.

On this account they want the character of the improvement changed with the pavement in the center.

Property owners both for and against the change were present and the committee decided to visit the ground next Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Huberich brought up the matter of sweeping the business streets, and stated on behalf of the sub-committee to which the matter had been referred, that there was no money for the work. He therefore moved that all bids be rejected in order that bidders might recover their guarantee money.

* * *

The gas committee approved a resolution requesting the Welsbach Gas Light company to furnish to the council information regarding their business. Messrs. Albrecht, Walker and Macomber were appointed a sub-committee to look the matter up.

Under the statutes the city natural gas trustees can not furnish gas outside the city limits unless the contracts are confirmed by the council.

A resolution came up last evening from the gas board, granting to that board the right to furnish gas outside the city limits.

Although it was not so stated in the resolution, this was for the purpose of furnishing gas to Auburndale, and a number of the councilmen at once raised objections.

Mr. Caldwell and Mr. Walker especially objected to granting any more privileges to Auburndale until they come into the city limits.

"They have all the benefits of a city," said Mr. Caldwell, "we take care of their fires, we catch their criminals very often,' and they don't pay one cent toward the city taxes. They should be annexed, but when you suggest to them that they ought to come into the city, they laugh at you.'

Mr. Caldwell then moved that the resolution be laid on the table. This was lost by a tie vote.

Mr. Potter then moved that the resolution be amended to read, "Provided that no contracts shall be made that cannot be estimated at any time when it is for the interests of the private consumers in the city to do so."

This motion was also lost by a tie vote, and so the matter rested.

* * *

A number of new sidewalks were provided for by the sidewalk committee, and the committee on plats approved an ordinance accepting a plat of Bay View.

* * *

The committee on health and police again took up the matter of collecting the city garbage. The contract under which the work is being done now has expired and it became necessary to take some action. Several of the members were in favor of advertising for new contracts and Mr. Morganthaler, especially, wanted the garbage burned.

Mr. D. J. O'Hara, the present garbage contractor, was present and presented a form of contract that he would like to make and continue the work. It defines how the garbage shall be collected and disposed of, the number of wagons to be used, and in other way defines the system by which the work shall be done. The old contract does not make any suggestions in this way and Mr. O'Hara suggested to the committee that his form would be a good one to make a contract under even if it did not go to him.

In the course of his remarks Mr. O'Hara gave the committee much valuable information on the manner by which the city is kept clean. He employs eight garbage wagons, one rubbish wagon, a dray for dead horses and a buggy for collecting dead dogs and cats, all of which are kept busy. Regarding the burning of garbage Mr. O'Hara said it was impracticable and not practiced in any of the larger cities. Besides this he did not think it ought to be burned for the reason that it was vegetable matter and belonged to the soil. It is a rich fertilizer and he had no trouble in disposing of it. These remarks also applied to night soil. A resolution was approved to extend the contract with Mr. O'Hara to January 1.

A resolution directing the city clerk to advertise for bids for garbage collecting was laid over for two weeks.

Then committee then took up the pest house matter, but were rather at sea as to how the matter stood. If the ladies of St. Vincent would not allow it on their grounds it was suggested that perhaps the managers of the Retreat would allow such hospital wards placed on their property temporarily, or until they desire to use the land.

Messrs. Potter, Tanner and Schumhl were appointed a sub committee to confer with the managers of the Retreat and also with the managers of the Protestant and St. Vincents hospitals.

The committee took up police station matters and decided to have some repairs made and place a telephone in the police clerk's office.

* * *

The sewer committee approved resolutions for new sewers, as follows: In the alley between Martha and Newberry streets, from Hawley street to the alley east of Lorain street; in the alley north of South street, from Langdon street to Chapin street, and in Indiana avenue from Brown avenue to Junction avenue.

A petition for a sewer in Miller street from Emilia street to the alley north of Vance street was referred to the city engineer.

Contracts were awarded for the construction of new sewers as follows: In the alley between Walbridge and Knower streets, F. E. Cole, $811.75; sewer No. 920, F. E. Cole, $1,315.47; sewer in the alley north of Western avenue, John Degnan, $951.10; sewer in Webster street, Thomas Kelly, $2,113.10; sewer in Wisconsin street from Junction avenue to Hewey street, Andrew Maher, $3,395.33.

Idlewild for Detroit, Sunday, August 2. Fare round trip 50 cents. Leaves her dock, foot Jefferson street, at 9 o'clock a. m., city time, affording an opportunity to our citizens of viewing the magnificent G. A. R. decorations, which surpass anything of the kind before seen in this region.

Always go to Lamson's for Dress Linings

Remember the City of Toledo's Sunday Excursion to Put-in Bay, August 2. Fare 50 cents round trip.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to express our sincere thanks to all who so kindly assisted us during the sickness and death of our beloved daughter, Lena.

HARRY LARSON,
LETTA LARSON
AND FAMILY.

G. A. R. Special Train

to Detroit August 3, via Lake Shore R'y.

Do You Wear Shirts?

Lamson Bros.' Nonpareil is a fitter.

Presque Isle | Is Toledo's favorite resort the free concerts given by the great military band are superb; the shade is lovely, the breezes healthful and the price of boat ride and all only 20c. Take your families and go to beautiful Presque Isle.

New arrivals in our Dress Goods and Cloak Departments.

LASALLE & KOCH.

$50 Match American Sporting Association Rules.

Saturday of this week at Presque Isle, on arrival of the 2 p. m. boat, Geo. C. Osborn and Dr. O. J. Carter, the champion shots of America, will shoot a match of 100 live pigeons from five ground traps, 28 yards rise. This will be a great contest between the champions. No outside shooting will be allowed. Don't fail to witness it.

New Demi Flouncings at LAMSONS'.

The Special Train

account of the G. A. R. Encampment at Detroit, runs through without change of cars over the Lake Shore.

Little Less Than Murder.

Newburg, N. Y., July 31.—Mrs. Lydia Keeth, a young woman who resided at Sydney, N. Y., was taken with a severe illness sometime ago. Her parents are steadfast believers in the efficacy of the faith cure and would not allow a doctor to be summoned to attend her. The young woman suffered a long and painful illness, during which she was wasted to a mere skeleton and finally she died.

The corner of Broadway and 29th St., is a location well adapted for a hotel such as is the Sturtevant House. Its proprietors can never tell how much of their success is due to the fact that they are so favorably situated.

To-morrow go to Lamsons' for Underwear and Hosiery.

Trade in the morning. Our store closes at One O'clock Saturday.

LASALLE & KOCH.

Dudley's Successor.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 31.—Chairman Henry C. Payne, who has been chosen by the newspapers to succeed Dudley as treasurer of the national republican committee, said that under no circumstances would he accept the position, although he was not sure it would be tendered. Mr. Payne is in favor of Chicago as the place for the next national convention.

Don't be discouraged about that eczema till you have given Ayer's Sarsaparilla a persistent trial. Six bottles of this medicine cured the complaint for George S. Thomas, of Ada, Ohio, when all other remedies failed to afford any relief.

Remember the City of Toledo's Sunday Excursion to Put-in Bay, August 2. Fare 50 cents round trip.

Do Not Miss This Chance

of attending the National Encampment, by Special train over the Lake Shore on August 3.

To-morrow, as usual, buy your Kid Gloves at LAMSONS'.

New Insurance Company.

The recently incorporated Steedman Mutual Fire Association of this city, will soon be ready for business.

The incorporators and directors of the association, comprising some of the leading men of Toledo and Fremont, should be a sufficient guarantee to persons desiring protection on the mutual plan of insurance that the affairs of the company will be carefully and conscientiously managed.

The president, Mr. F. B. Losee, is one of our most successful real estate dealers, and the secretary, Mr. J. K. Elderkin, has had years of experience in the fire insurance business. The office is at 329 Superior street.

See us if you want reliable Black Silks. LAMSON BROTHERS.

Curtains and Draperies, Dress Goods and Black Goods, White Goods and Laces all go in the "Alteration Sale." NEUHAUSEL BROS.

See us about Lace Curtains. LAMSON BROTHERS.

G. A. R.

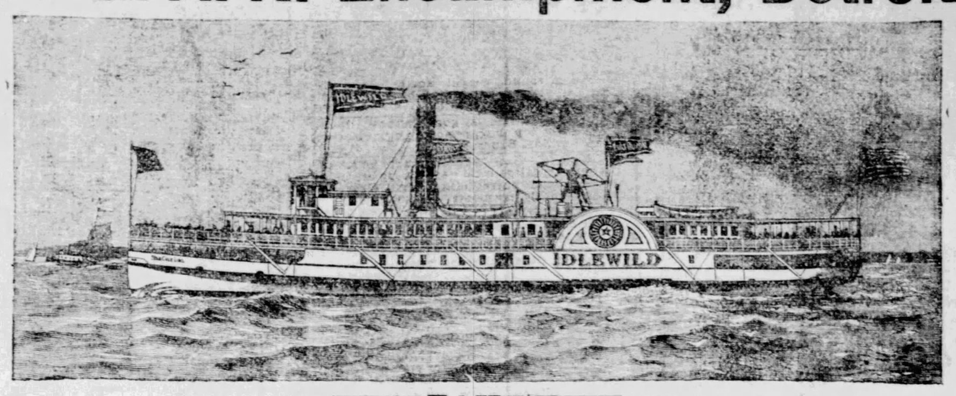
Steamers Idlewild and Arundell for Detroit and G. A. R. Encampment August 1st to 6th inclusive. Fare $1.00 round trip; tickets good returning until August 20th. Leave dock, foot of Jefferson street, as follows, viz: Idlewild, August 1st, 8:30 a. m., city time; Sunday, August 2d, 9 o'clock; August 3d, 2 o'clock p. m.; August 4th, 5th and 6th at 7:30 a. m.

Arundell from same dock, August 3d, 9 o'clock a. m.

Six hours in Detroit before returning each day. Tickets for sale on and after August 1st at office of S. Canfield, Marine Building, foot of Jefferson street.

Kid Gloves and Hosiery, Handkerchiefs and Underwear all go at the "Alteration Sale." NEUHAUSEL BROS.

To G. A. R. Encampment, Detroit,



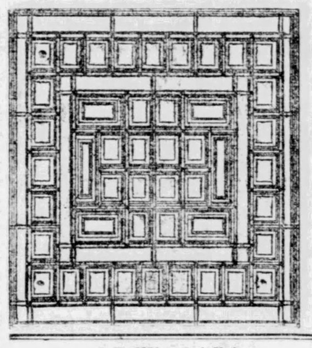
TAKE

STEAMER IDLEWILD

Tickets, $1.00 Round Trip, good going August 1st to 6th inclusive, and returning, until Thursday, August 20th.

Steamer IDLEWILD will leave Toledo August 1st and 2d on regular time. Monday, August 3, Steamer ARUNDEL will leave Toledo at 9 a. m., and Steamer IDLEWILD will leave at 2 p. m. Tuesday, Aug. 4, Wednesday, Aug. 5 and Thursday Aug. 6, Steamer IDLEWILD will leave Toledo at 7:30 a. m. city time, arriving at Detroit 11:30 a. m.; returning leave Detroit Tuesday, Aug. 4 and Thursday, Aug. 6, at 6:30 p. m.; Wednesday, Aug. 5, after the Fire-Works are over.

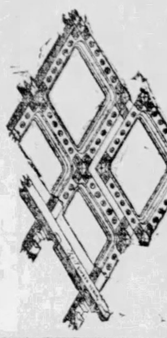
This will give passengers an opportunity to see the Grand Parade, Etc., on Tuesday, and the Grandest Spectacle of Fire-Works ever seen in any country, on Wednesday, and return home the same evening.



Steel Ceiling!

Ask your Architect to specify the Kinnear Ceiling. It will not Crack or Fall Off.

We can furnish it in various designs. Our prices are made low so that you can afford to have it. See Boody House lobby. Write for prices.



THE KINNEAR & GAGER CO.
COLUMBUS, OHIO.

A Brilliant Affair

is what the National Encampment at Detroit will be. Members of the G. A. R. and W. R. C. should avail themselves of the opportunity offered by the Lake Shore R'y for visiting Detroit by Special train August 3, and at low rates.

Special Train to Detroit for the G. A. R.

For the National Encampment of the G. A. R., the Lake Shore & Mich. South. R'y will run Special train to Detroit, August 3, for which tickets will be sold at low rates. For time of trains, etc., see posters, or apply to local ticket agent for full particulars.

No Change of Cars to Detroit

will be made by members of the G. A. R. or W. R. C. who take the Lake Shore Special Train August 3.

Go to Lamsons' for bargains in Silk Mitts.

NEW CARPETS
NEW CURTAINS
NEW DRAPERIES
NEW MATTINGS
LASALLE & KOCH.

Everything in the house is going at the Alteration Sale. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Ladies go to Lamsons' for bargains in Remnants of Dress Goods.

Always buy Hosiery at Lamsons; they not only show the largest stock, but name the lowest prices also.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

MCGLYNN'S AMBULANCE SERVICE.

McGlynn's ambulance service is now the finest and most complete in the state. He has gone to a great deal of expense to arrange all details of the service so that it is on an equal with the largest cities in the country. The best horses and most careful drivers and attendants to be found are connected with the service. Those in charge are familiar with every portion of the city, and a telephone message will bring the ambulance to where it is needed in the shortest possible time. The office is centrally located so that the ambulance can reach all portions of the city in a few minutes. Phone 1035 or call at 422 Summit street.

This ambulance is the only one located on this side of the river and in the central part of the city, 442 Summit street, hence of necessity it can but give the most prompt service. Everyone employed around places of danger should get its phone number (1035) securely in their mind.

Go to Strasburger Mid-Summer Clearance Sale Shoes and Slippers 341 Summit Street.

TRIMMED Hats half price. Flowers, 10c 15c, 25c. MRS. M. O YOUNG, 909 Cherry St.

Pure California Claret,

25 cents per quart bottle at

F. BEHR,
Cor. Adams and Huron.

THE time to get Furniture below cost is now at Hager's Closing Out Sale.

HATS: new shapes to close out, 10c, 15c, 25c. MRS. M. O. YOUNG, 909 Cherry St.

HAGER'S Closing Out Sale is nohumbug. "Everything goes" below cost.

DR CLARKE

Merrill Bl'k, (Corner Woodward and Jefferson Avenues,) Detroit, Mich.

THE REGULAR OLD ESTABLISHED

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Is still treating with the greatest

SKILL AND SUCCESS ALL

PRIVATE, NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Lost Manhood, Mental and Physical Weakness, Exhausting Drains, and all the evil effects caused by excess or abuse, treated scientifically by new methods, and a thorough and permanent cure guaranteed.

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

as Syphilis, Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism, Eruptions, etc., radically cured without mercury.

URINARY AND KIDNEY

complaints, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs speedily and safely cured.

DISEASES OF WOMEN, of whatever nature, skillfully and successfully treated.

No Experiments. Thousands Cured. Consult the Old Doctor. Forty years in practice. Consultation personally or by letter free and confidential. No matter who has failed to cure you, write DR. CLARKE a full history of your case. Medicines sent everywhere free from observation. Hours, 8 to 8; Sundays, 9 to 12. Call on or address

Dr. F. D. CLARKE,
Merrill Block, Detroit, Mich.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned has this day filed in the probate court of Lucas county, Ohio, his petition praying for an order authorizing him to sell or otherwise dispose of a certain promissory note belonging to the estate of John L. Brown, deceased, which accrued in the life time of said decedent, and which has become desperate.

Said promissory note is signed by Amelia J. Brown; is dated December 4, 1881, and is for the sum of $200, with 7 per cent interest.

Said petition will be for hearing on the 18th day of August, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Toledo, O., July 23, 1891.

JOSEPH A. BROWN,
Administrator of the estate of John L. Brown deceased. 1st pub fri jy24,31 last aug7

Notice.

Jacob Mohler, pltf. } Before George C. Merrill,
vs. } J. P., Port Lawrence
E W. Frankfurt, deft. } township, Lucas Co., O.

On the 7th day of July, 1891, said justice issued an order of attachment in the above action for the sum of $19.15, and ten dollars probable costs. JACOB MOHLER.

Toledo, O., July 24, 1891.

H. E. HOWE, Atty. for Pltff. 1jy24,31aug7

READ THIS

IN ORDER TO INTRODUCE

THE IMPROVED STONE WRINGER

We will sell one dozen of them at one-half regular price. Cut out this notice and bring with you. Wringer fully guaranteed. Money refunded if wringer is not satisfactory.

HOOD BROS. CO., 616 ADAMS STREET.

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL

We carry the largest stock in the city for you to select from and all the latest designs from the best manufacturers are to be found in our ware room.

We sell bed room suits of 3 pieces from $15 to $25, and carpets of beautiful designs for 35c, 40c, 50c and 60c.

We have elegant Center Tables as low as $2.50 and $3.00. Baby Cabs at a great reduction. Bargains all through the stock.

We are going to close out this immense stock to make room for new purchases and shall keep the goods a moving. All will get bargains, Everyone wanting furniture will be sold cheap for cash, or on easy payments.

Don't fail to call at 434 Summit St.

OPEN EVENINGS. GOLDBERG & JACOBSON

OUR STOCK OF

FURNITURE!

MUST BE REDUCED

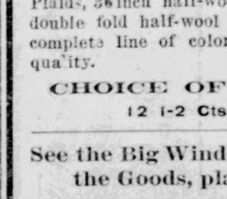
Call and see our prices on—Parlor Suits, all prices; Sideboards, antique oak and 16th century; Chamber Suits, very cheap; Fancy Rockers, large variety.

Young & Southard's, 172-174 Summit St.

When You Take That Trip!

You will need some Fishing Tackle. We have a complete line. Pocket Alcohol Stoves, Cork Screws and all the necessaries that go to complete your outfit.

THE WHITAKER AND KIRK HARDWARE CO.
210 SUMMIT STREET.



HEISKELL'S OINTMENT 50c. PER BOX.

WILL CURE EVERY FORM OF SKIN DISEASE

From Simple Pimples to obstinate ECZEMA; also ITCHING PILES.

Send for "Hints for Kitchen and Sick-Room," a handy book for the household.

"NO ABATEMENT"

NINETEENTH

Blue Ticket Sale!

GROWING IN VOLUME EVERY DAY.

Greater Attractions, Better Values. Now the Dress Goods suffer in Prices. A double reason for Slaughtering them. They must be sold to make room for new goods. We promised at opening of sale that all Profits should be cut off.

There is No Profit on These!

THERE'S A BIG LOSS.

350 PIECES DRESS GOODS IN TWO LOTS.

Choice of Lot No. 1
12 1-2 Cts.

None were less than 20c, many were 25c, 30c, 35c, and 40c. Includes full assortment of 29 inch Striped Serges, Grey Mix Dress Flannel, 36 in